

SPACE DATA LINK SECURITY (SDLS) EXTENDED PROCEDURES INTEROPERABILITY TEST REPORT

CCSDS RECORD

CCSDS 355.1-Y-1

Yellow Book - July 2019

FOREWORD

Through the process of normal evolution, it is expected that expansion, deletion, or modification of this document may occur. This document is therefore subject to CCSDS document management and change control procedures, which are defined in the *Procedures Manual for the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems*. Current versions of CCSDS documents are maintained at the CCSDS Web site:

http://www.ccsds.org/

Questions relating to the contents or status of this document should be addressed to the CCSDS Secretariat at the address indicated on page i.

At time of publication, the active Member and Observer Agencies of the CCSDS were:

Member Agencies

- Agenzia Spaziale Italiana (ASI)/Italy.
- British National Space Centre (BNSC)/United Kingdom.
- Canadian Space Agency (CSA)/Canada.
- Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales (CNES)/France.
- China National Space Administration (CNSA)/People's Republic of China.
- Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V. (DLR)/Germany.
- European Space Agency (ESA)/Europe.
- Federal Space Agency (FSA)/Russian Federation.
- Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE)/Brazil.
- Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)/Japan.
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/USA.

Observer Agencies

- Austrian Space Agency (ASA)/Austria.
- Belgian Federal Science Policy Office (BFSPO)/Belgium.
- Central Research Institute of Machine Building (TsNIIMash)/Russian Federation.
- Centro Tecnico Aeroespacial (CTA)/Brazil.
- Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)/China.
- Chinese Academy of Space Technology (CAST)/China.
- Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO)/Australia.
- Danish National Space Center (DNSC)/Denmark.
- European Organization for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)/Europe.
- European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)/Europe.
- Hellenic National Space Committee (HNSC)/Greece.
- Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO)/India.
- Institute of Space Research (IKI)/Russian Federation.
- KFKI Research Institute for Particle & Nuclear Physics (KFKI)/Hungary.
- Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI)/Korea.
- MIKOMTEK: CSIR (CSIR)/Republic of South Africa.
- Ministry of Communications (MOC)/Israel.
- National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT)/Japan.
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/USA.
- National Space Organization (NSPO)/Chinese Taipei.
- Naval Center for Space Technology (NCST)/USA.
- Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO)/Pakistan.
- Swedish Space Corporation (SSC)/Sweden.
- United States Geological Survey (USGS)/USA.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

Document	Title and Issue	Date	Status
CCSDS 355.1-Y-1	CCSDS Space Data Link Security extended procedures interoperability test Report, CCSDS Record	July 2019	Final version

CONTENTS

Section

			CONTROLIII
CO			IV
1	INT	RODU	CTION
	1.1	PURP	OSE1-1
	1.2	SCOP	Е1-1
	1.3	APPL	ICABILITY1-1
	1.4		ONALE
	1.5	DOCU	JMENT STRUCTURE
	1.6	REFE	RENCES
2	ACI	RONYN	MS
3			W
4			ENDED PROCEDURES TESTING OBJECTIVES
5	TES	ST SET	TINGS
6	TES		ES
	6.1	INTR	A-OPERABILITY TESTS
		6.1.1	TEST CASE #1: KEY MANAGEMENT SERVICE & PROCEDURES 6-13
		6.1.2	TEST CASE #2: SA MANAGEMENT & PROCEDURES 6-14
		6.1.3	TEST CASE #3: MONITORING & CONTROL PROCEDURES 6-15
	6.2	INTE	R-OPERABILITY TESTS
		6.2.1	TEST CASE #4: KEY MANAGEMENT SERVICE & PROCEDURES
			(INTER-OPERABILITY TESTING)
		6.2.2	TEST CASE #5: SA MANAGEMENT & PROCEDURES (INTER-
			OPERABILITY TESTING)
		6.2.3	TEST CASE #6: MONITORING & CONTROL PROCEDURES (INTER-
			OPERABILITY TESTING)
7	COI	NCLUS	5ION
		INTEX /	A : DETAILED INTRA AND INTER-OPERABILITY TEST RESULTS
1			
1	1.1		CTION
			IOGRAPHY
2			PERABILITY TEST SETUP
2 3			PERABILITY TEST SETUP
3 4			EKABILITT TEST SETUP
4	1 E S 4.1		CONFIGURATION A-6
	4.1		PROCESS
	4.2 4.3		RESULTS
5			A-9 E #2
3	5.1		CONFIGURATION
	5.1		PROCESS
	5.2 5.3		RESULTS
тт			A-20 3
11			J

	5.4	TEST CONFIGURATION	A-31
	5.5	TEST PROCESS	A-33
	5.6	TEST RESULTS	A-34
6	TES	T CASE #4	
	6.1	TEST CONFIGURATION	A-39
	6.2	TEST PROCESS	A-41
	6.3	TEST RESULTS	
7	TES	T CASE #5	
	7.1	TEST CONFIGURATION	A-53
	7.2	TEST PROCESS	A-55
	7.3	TEST RESULTS	A-56
8	TES	T CASE #6	A-60
	8.1	TEST CONFIGURATION	
	8.2	TEST PROCESS	A-62
	8.3	TEST RESULTS	

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to describe the interoperability tests to be conducted for the validation of the CCSDS Space Data Link Security (SDLS) extended procedures specified in CCSDS 355.1-B-draft (reference [4]). The objective of this interoperability testing is to demonstrate that at least 2 independent implementations of the SDLS extended procedures recommendation interoperate.

1.2 SCOPE

The scope of this document is to specify the test objectives, test cases and later on test results of interoperability testing of the CCSDS SDLS extended procedures which provides key management, Security Association (SA) management and Monitoring & Control of SDLS protocol for secure TC, TM, AOS and USLP data links. The complete interoperability testing of SDLS Core protocol [1] is documented in [3].

1.3 APPLICABILITY

This interoperability test plan is proposed to validate the interoperability of at least 2 independently developed implementations of the SDLS extended procedures. It can be further used by any user of the recommendation to test its implementation against reference implementations that could be made available later by CCSDS for conformance testing.

1.4 RATIONALE

The CCSDS Procedures Manual states that for a draft Recommendation to become a Blue Book, the standard must be tested in an operational manner. The following requirement for an implementation exercise was excerpted from reference [2]:

"At least two independent and interoperable prototypes or implementations must have been developed and demonstrated in an operationally relevant environment, either real or simulated."

This document outlines the Space Data Link Security Working Group's approach to meeting this requirement for the SDLS extended procedures.

1.5 DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

This document describes the interoperability testing that must be accomplished to allow the CCSDS Space Data Link Security (SDLS) Extended Procedures (EP) to proceed forward as a Recommended Standard.

The document is split in 5 parts:

- Overview
- Test objectives
- Test settings
- Test cases
- Conclusion: test results synthesis
- Annex A: detailed test settings and results

1.6 REFERENCES

The following documents are referenced in this document. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All documents are subject to revision, and users of this document are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the documents indicated below. The CCSDS Secretariat maintains a register of currently valid CCSDS documents.

- [1] *CCSDS Space Data Link Security (SDLS) core protocol.* CCSDS 355.0-B-1. Blue Book. Issue 1, September 2015
- [2] Organization and processes for the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems, CCSDS A02.1-Y-4. Yellow Book. Issue 4. Washington DC: CCSDS, April 2014.
- [3] CCSDS SDLS Core Protocol interoperability testing. CCSDS 355.0-Y-1. Yellow book, March 2015
- [4] *CCSDS Space Data Link Security (SDLS) extended procedures*. CCSDS 355.1-B-draft. CCSDS draft blue book
- [5] TC Space Data Link Protocol. CCSDS 232.0-B-3. Blue Book. Issue 3. Washington DC: CCSDS, September 2015
- [6] TM Space Data Link Protocol. CCSDS 132.0-B-2. Blue Book. Issue 2. Washington DC: CCSDS, September 2015

- [7] AOS Space Data Link Protocol. CCSDS 732.0-B-3. Blue Book. Issue 3. Washington DC: CCSDS, September 2015
- [1] *Space Packet Protocol.* Issue 1. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards (Blue Book), CCSDS 133.0-B-1. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, September 2003.
- [2] Unified Space Data Link Protocol (USLP). Issue 1. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards (Blue Book), CCSDS 732.1-B-1. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, October 2018.

2 ACRONYMS

AES-GCM	Advanced Encryption Standard – Galois Counter Mode
ARSN	Anti-Replay Sequence Number
CCSDS	Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems
СР	Core Protocol
EP	Extended Procedures
FSR	Frame Security Report
IV	Initialization Vector
MAC	Message Authentication Code
M&C	Monitoring & Control
NIS	Network Interface System
OCF	Operational Control Field
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
SA	Security Association
S/C	Spacecraft
SCC	Spacecraft Control Center
SCOS	Spacecraft Control and Operations System
SDLP	Space Data Link Protocol
SDLS	Space Data Link Security (Core Protocol)
SN	Sequence Number
SPI	Security Parameter Index
SPP	Space Packet Protocol
TC	Telecommand
TM	Telemetry
TMTCS	Telemetry & Telecommand System

CCSDS 355.1-Y-1

USLP	Unified Space Data Link Protocol
VC	Virtual Channel
VM	Virtual Machine

3 OVERVIEW

This CCSDS Space Data Link Security (SDLS) Extended Procedures (EP) test plan describes the manner in which SDLS extended procedures tests have been accomplished. It describes the manner in which the procedures are to be implemented, configured, and data exchanged between the testing parties to determine if the procedures are performing as expected between 2 independent implementations.

The CCSDS Procedures Manual requires that testing be performed in an "operational-like" setting. This plan provides the details to test the SDLS extended procedures specification to ensure its completeness, correctness and interoperation. For the interoperability testing between 2 independent implementations, the following setting is selected:

- an independent SDLS Core Protocol (CP) and Extended Procedures (EP) implementation is used as the Spacecraft Control Center (SCC) end of the bidirectional data link (TC uplink / TM downlink)
- and another independent implementation is used as the Spacecraft (S/C) end of the bidirectional data link.

The SDLS Extended Procedures provide three different services:

- Key Management (KM) service
- Security Association (SA) management service
- SDLS Monitoring & Control (M&C) service

operating over spacelinks secured by SDLS Core protocol and using 4 types of Space Data Link Protocols: TC ([5]), TM ([6]), AOS ([7]) and USLP ([9]).

SDLS Core protocol has been successfully tested for interoperability over the 3 types of space data link protocols (TC, TM, AOS) (see reference [3]).

Each service is decomposed into a number of Service Procedures:

- Using service parameters
- Decomposed in procedure steps
- Associated to commands/replies PDUs

Service procedures PDUs (Commands & Replies) are transmitted over the bi-directional spacelink :

- using one of the following SDLP combinations: TC/TM or TC/AOS or TC/USLP or AOS/AOS or USLP/USLP
- using CCSDS space packet over MAP packet service (for TC and USLP) or VC packet service (for TM and AOS).

Real-time reporting from the on-board security processor is available through the transmission in the OCF of the downlink transfer frames of the Frame Security Report (FSR), using the OCF Service provided by TM, AOS or USLP Space Data Link Protocols.For the

SDLS Core Protocol and the SDLS Extended Procedures a so-called baseline mode has been defined:

- in annex E of SDLS Core protocol recommendation (reference [1]) for TC, TM and AOS data links
- in annex D of SDLS Extended Procedures recommendation (reference [4]) for Key management, SA management, and Monitoring & Control services

These baseline modes represent the default configurations recommended for the mainstream missions. Therefore, it is proposed to perform the interoperability testing of the SDLS EP procedures using SDLS Core Protocol baseline mode.

It is also proposed to perform this EP interoperability testing over a bi-directional space link composed of a TC uplink and a TM downlink. The other possible configurations for the bidirectional spacelink are: TC uplink / AOS or USLP downlink and AOS or USLP uplink /AOS or USLP downlink. Taking into account that:

- SDLS Core Protocol has been tested ([3]) over 3 types of space data link:
 TC, TM, and AOS
- Interaction of SDLS EP with space data link protocol is limited to:
 - transfer of EP PDUs using either MAP Packet (TC, USLP) or VC Packet (TM, AOS) services
 - Transfer of FSR in the OCF of TM, AOS or USLP transfer frames using OCF service for the 3 SDLP

it is proposed to limit the SDLS EP interoperability testing to the most common bi-directional spacelink configuration: TC uplink / TM downlink. This configuration covers the others in terms of transfer services used (MAP Packet (covers TC and USLP), VC Packet (covers TM and AOS), OCF (covers TM, AOS and USLP)) and possible interaction with COP-1 (covers TC and USLP uplink).

One important objective of the testing is to validate that there is no interaction between SDLS (CP / EP) and TC/TM/AOS/USLP transmission error control procedures (in particular COP-1). Therefore, transmission errors and security (intentional) errors must be injected on the physical link between both ends of the SDLS secured spacelink to check the non-interaction and complementarity of SDLS and data link protocols w.r.t. error handling. Validating the interaction of SDLS CP/EP with COP-1 can be done either with TC or USLP since both protocols have the same interface/behavior wrt COP-1. TC uplink configuration has been used for interoperability testing.

This testing will be performed over the cloud using a single Cloud service provider. The two independent implementations (ESA and NASA) will be uploaded on separate Virtual Machines that communicate via a TCP/IP link through a shared VLAN. The two implementations will exchange SDLS secured transfer frames containing both EP PDUs, FSRs, and SDLS CP Security Headers and Trailers.

4 SDLS EXTENDED PROCEDURES TESTING OBJECTIVES

SDLS extended procedures testing general objectives are the following:

- 1st phase (intra-operability testing: ESA): check completeness, correctness and nonambiguity of SDLS EP specification for:
 - the 3 types of services:
 - Key management, SA management, Monitoring & Control
 - o the complete set of service procedures for each of the 3 services
 - a bi-directional spacelink (TC+COP uplink / TM downlink) secured by SDLS Core Protocol configured in baseline mode (annex E of reference [1])
 - In an error-free environment.
- 2nd phase (inter-operability testing: ESA/NASA): Check interoperability of at least 2 independent implementations of SDLS EP/CP for:
 - the 3 types of services: Key management, SA management, Monitoring & Control
 - the complete set of SDLS EP procedures
 - a bi-directional spacelink (TC+COP uplink / TM downlink) secured by SDLS Core Protocol configured in baseline mode (annex E of reference [1])
 - The various types of errors that can be encountered on the link: transmission errors, security intentional errors. Testing of error cases limited to verification of correctness of FSR.

More specifically, the detailed test coverage targeted is the following:

- Check all SDLS EP services as defined in the standard's baseline
 - Exercising all the service procedures
 - With a representative subset of values for the service parameters (testing the procedures with all possible set of values for the service parameters is not feasible)
- Check correctness of FSR in presence of transmission and security errors.
- Check all SDLS EP defined PDUs (including FSR)
- Check operation of SDLS EP with SDLS Core Protocol and the spacelink transfer services selected for the transmission of the EP PDUs (MAP Packet, VC Packet)
- Check SDLS EP operation with COP-1 procedure over TC space data link
- Validate SDLS EP in a fully representative end to end bi-directional spacelink (TC uplink, TM downlink) configuration:
 - o allowing full separation / independence of ground & satellite end users
 - o allowing to simulate /configure intentional security events.

5 TEST SETTINGS

The following validation steps are performed in sequence first (first phase – intra-operability validation tests) with a single implementation (ESA) providing both ground segment and flight segment ends, then (second phase – interoperability tests) with 2 independent implementations providing the ground part on one side (ESA) and the on-board part on the other side (NASA).

The general end-to-end test environment is depicted below:

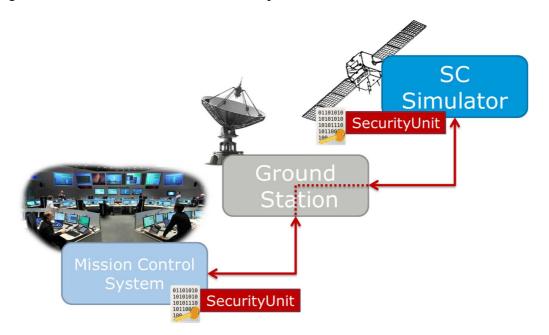


Figure 5-1: General end-to-end test environment

Transfer of TC/TM frames between the ground system simulator and the S/C simulator is done through an SLE interface using the following services:

- SLE-FCLTU: for the TC frames transfer
- SLE-RCF: for the TM frames transfer

The test settings for the 1st phase (intra-operability testing within ESA of the complete set of procedures) are depicted hereafter:

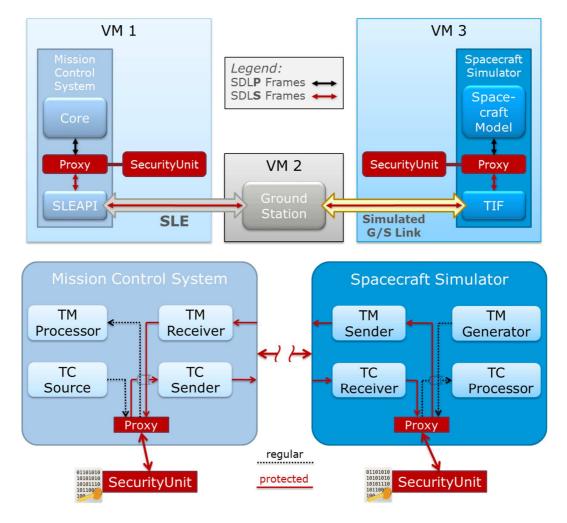


Figure 5-2 Intra-operability test configuration

For the 1st phase, both ends of the link are implemented by ESA simulators operating on different Virtual Machines.

The test settings for the 2^{nd} phase (inter-operability testing between ESA and NASA implementations of the baseline mode set of procedures) are depicted hereafter:

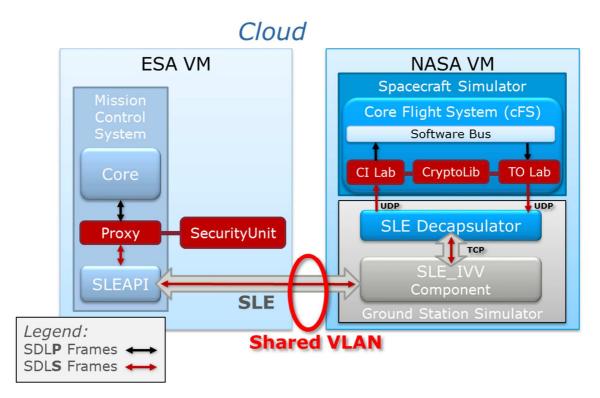


Figure 5-3: Inter-operability test configuration

For the 2nd phase, the ground end of the bi-directional TC/TM link is implemented by ESA, while the on-board end is implemented by NASA. The interface between the two ends is compliant with SLE specifications (FCLTU forward, RCF return). The two ends/simulators are operating on different Virtual Machines hosted by the same Cloud Service Provider (CloudSigma). They communicate through a shared VLAN.

6 TEST CASES

For each test case, this document provides:

- Test case description & parameters
- Expected results
- Effective results obtained during:
 - o intra-operability (1st phase)
 - \circ inter-operability (2nd phase) testing.

The detailed test configurations, settings and results are captured in the ESA-NASA SDLS EP interoperability test report – see annex A.

6.1 INTRA-OPERABILITY TESTS

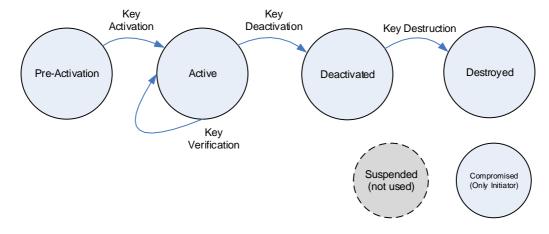
The objectives of the intra-operability tests are to verify completeness, correctness and nonambiguity of SDLS EP specification for:

- the 3 types of services:
 - Key management, SA management, Monitoring & Control
- the complete set of service procedures for each of the 3 services with a representative set of service parameters
- a bi-directional spacelink (TC+COP uplink / TM downlink) secured by SDLS Core Protocol configured in baseline mode (annex E of reference [1]).

6.1.1 TEST CASE #1: KEY MANAGEMENT SERVICE & PROCEDURES

6.1.1.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to exercise the complete key lifecycle using all the SDLS EP key management procedures and to test the Over The Air Rekeying (OTAR) procedures.



The cryptographic key lifecycle is illustrated hereafter:

Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Error free environment

Test scenario:

- Uploading through OTAR procedures a set of session keys
- Verifying uploaded keys + pre-loaded keys
- Activating/deactivating uploaded keys

6.1.1.2 Expected results

Correct operation of the various procedures

6.1.1.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

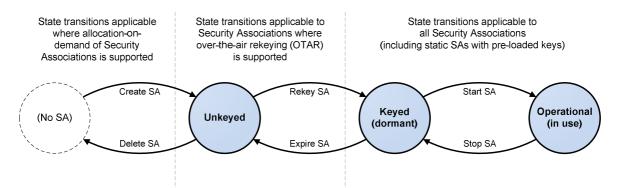
Successful – see Annex A

6.1.2 TEST CASE #2: SA MANAGEMENT & PROCEDURES

6.1.2.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to exercise the various states and transitions for the SAs using all the SDLS EP SA management procedures with a representative set of SA management service parameters.

The variable state model for Security Association management is illustrated hereafter:



Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Error free environment

Test scenario:

- Keying/Rekeying SAs
- Starting SAs
- Stopping SAs
- Expiring SAs
- Setting Anti-Replay parameters (AR Sequence Number, AR Window) for an SA

6.1.2.2 Expected results

Correct operation of all the SA management procedures.

6.1.2.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

Successful – see Annex A

6.1.3 TEST CASE #3: MONITORING & CONTROL PROCEDURES

6.1.3.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to exercise the various SDLS EP M&C procedures with a representative set of M&C service parameters, checking the coherency of the Frame Security Report carried in the TM frames

Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Intentional (security) errors to be injected to test FSR content and M&C procedures (Log status, dump log, alarm flag reset, ...)

Test scenario:

- Inject the various types of security events (ARSN error, MAC error, SPI error) to check FSR content
- Test the various M&C procedures:
 - o Ping
 - Alarm flag Reset (check through FSR)

6.1.3.2 Expected results

Correct operation of the M&C procedures.

6.1.3.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

Successful - see Annex A

6.2 INTER-OPERABILITY TESTS

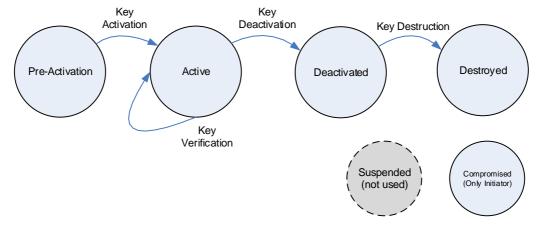
The objectives of the inter-operability tests are to check interoperability of 2 independent implementations (ESA/NASA) of SDLS EP/CP for:

- the 3 types of services: Key management, SA management, Monitoring & Control
- the complete set of SDLS EP procedures
- a bi-directional spacelink (TC+COP uplink / TM downlink) secured by SDLS Core Protocol configured in baseline mode (annex E of reference [1])
- the various types of security events.

6.2.1 TEST CASE #4: KEY MANAGEMENT SERVICE & PROCEDURES (INTER-OPERABILITY TESTING)

6.2.1.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to exercise the key lifecycle using the complete set of SDLS EP key management procedures including the Over The Air Rekeying (OTAR) procedures.



The cryptographic key lifecycle is illustrated hereafter:

Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- SDLS EP: service parameters of baseline mode (annex D of [4])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Injection of transmission and security (intentional) errors.

Test scenario:

- Uploading through OTAR procedures a set of session keys
- Verifying uploaded keys + pre-loaded keys
- Activating/deactivating uploaded keys

6.2.1.2 Expected results

Correct operation of the various Key management procedures tested or correct detection of security errors/events.

Correct interpretation at both ends of the link of the syntax/content of all the EP Key management PDUs.

6.2.1.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

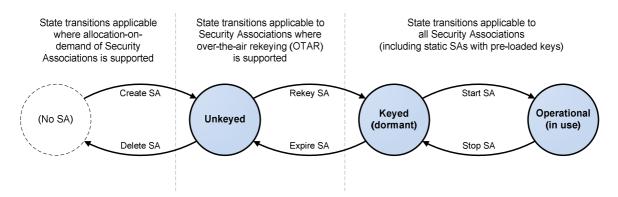
Successful – see Annex A

6.2.2 TEST CASE #5: SA MANAGEMENT & PROCEDURES (INTER-OPERABILITY TESTING)

6.2.2.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to exercise the states and transitions for the SAs using the complete set of the SDLS EP SA management procedures.

The variable state model for Security Association management is illustrated hereafter:



Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- SDLS EP: service parameters of baseline mode (annex D of [4])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Injection of transmission and security (intentional) errors

Test scenario:

- Keying/Rekeying SAs
- Starting SAs
- Stopping SAs
- Expiring SAs
- Setting Anti-Replay parameters (AR Sequence Number and Window) for an SA

6.2.2.2 Expected results

Correct operation of the various SA management procedures tested or correct detection of security errors/events.

Correct interpretation at both ends of the link of the syntax/content of all the EP SA management PDUs.

6.2.2.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

Successful – see Annex A

6.2.3 TEST CASE #6: MONITORING & CONTROL PROCEDURES (INTER-OPERABILITY TESTING)

6.2.3.1 Test description

The objective of this test case is to verify the interoperability of the complete set of the SDLS EP M&C procedures.

Test configuration:

- Bi-directional spacelink: TC uplink with COP-1, TM downlink
- SDLS Core protocol: configured in baseline mode (annex E of [1])
- SDLS EP: service parameters of the baseline mode (annex D of [4])
- FSR active (alternating with COP-1 CLCW)
- Intentional (security) errors to be injected to test FSR content and M&C procedures (alarm flag reset)

Test scenario:

- Inject the various types of security errors (ARSN error, MAC error, SPI error) to check FSR content
- Test all the M&C procedures (with the service parameters of EP baseline mode):
 - o Ping
 - Alarm flag Reset (check through FSR)

6.2.3.2 Expected results

Correct operation of the M&C procedures tested or correct detection of security errors/events.

Correct interpretation at both ends of the link of the syntax/content of the EP M&C PDUs.

6.2.3.3 Intra-operability tests effective results

Successful – see Annex A

7 CONCLUSION

Two types of tests were successfully performed to validate the SDLS Extended Procedures [4]:

- Intra-operability tests performed between 2 ESA simulators: one for the ground segment (SCC) and one for the on-board segment (S/C simulator) both implementing SDLS Core protocol and SDLS Extended Procedures;
- Inter-operability tests performed between an ESA ground segment simulator and a NASA space segment simulator. Those simulators include independently developed security functions implementing SDLS Core Protocol and Extended Procedures.

All SDLS Extended Procedures were successfully tested during the intra-operability tests and the inter-operability tests.

At the occasion of these tests specification ambiguities and a few errors were found which have be corrected in the final draft blue book version of the SDLS EP submitted to CESG/CMC for publication.

ANNEX A

SDLS EXTENDED PROCEDURES DETAILED TEST REPORT

Inter-Agency Testing

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The SDLS Extended Procedures (EP) Protocol [4] is a CCSDS (Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems) standard which describes the procedures needed to operate secure TC, TM, AOS or USLP spacelinks with the SDLS Core protocol [1]. The SDLS EP draft standard has been successfully submitted to Agency Review. All RIDs disposition have been implemented in the document. To finalize such a draft standard (and with that, become a "Blue Book") it must be implemented, tested/validated through interoperability testing involving 2 independent implementations.

This annex describes the procedure of testing two individual SDLS EP Protocol implementations to validate its functionality and interoperability as described in the test cases of the present SDLS EP Protocol Test Report. One implementation is provided by ESA/ESOC, the second one is provided by NASA. Both these implementations were designed and created independently.

1.2 BIBLIOGRAPHY

See main document.

2 INTRA-OPERABILITY TEST SETUP

The intra-operability test was executed by ESA/ESOC in an end-to-end testing environment using mostly operationally used software. This allows to simulate a SDLS link from the ground segment to the space segment in a representative environment. This environment is shown in figure 1.

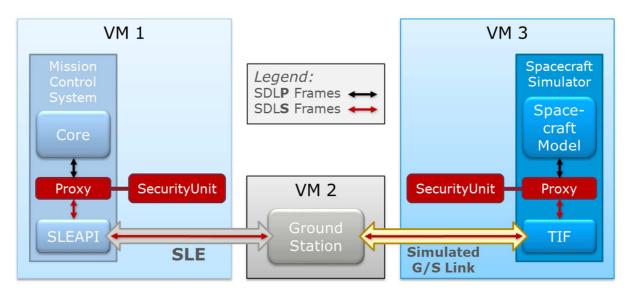


Figure A-1 – ESA/ESOCs security protocols testing environment

The environment consists of three virtual machines. The first machine contains the Mission Control System (MCS), in this case SCOS2000 the official MCS of ESOC. It is a slightly modified version for this environment, as it contains a proxy component that is capable of intercepting and re-injecting send out TC as well as received TM. After intercepting the proxy component sends it to the external SecurityUnit application responsible for the core SDLS and SDLS EP processing. After either the TC frame got secured or the TM frame security was removed, the SecurityUnit sends the regarding frame back to the proxy where it gets re-injected into the system. The MCS machine is connected to the second machine via an SLE interface. The second machine contains the ground station software called TMTCS, which is also used operationally for ESAs antennas. This software is unmodified and forwards frames via either the SLE interface or the special testing interface connecting it to the third machine. The third machine contains the generic spacecraft simulator of ESOC called GSTVi. It connects directly to the ground station via the TMTCS direct InterFace (TIF). The GSTVi simulates the technicalities of radio communication and forwards it to the spacecraft model, which emulates a generic spacecraft processing and generating frames. Similar to the MCS machine, the GSTVi was slightly modified to include a proxy component. It works analogue to its MCS counterpart of intercepting TM and TC frames, forwarding them to the SDLS processing SecurityUnit and receiving the result to re-inject it into the system.

Both sides SecurityUnit keep the security state of the keys as well as the SAs and is capable of modifying this state with received procedures of the SDLS EP. The MCS side also has a graphical interface to generate and inject the SDLS EPs in TC frames to be received on the spacecraft simulator side. In case the received SDLS EP requests a response the simulator SecurityUnit will in turn generate it and inject it into a TM frame, to be received and processed by the MCS SecurityUnit.

3 INTER-OPERABILITY TEST SETUP

To verify the SDLS EP Protocol, it is desired to test two individual independently developed implementations with each other by connecting one side MCS to the other side spacecraft simulator. To realize this NASA/IVV and ESA/ESOC each set up their respective virtual machines in a cloud environment, locally connecting both via a VLAN to ensure a closed-off and secure environment. More information regarding this cloud-based setup can be found in this yellow book section 5. The used setup is shown in figure 2.

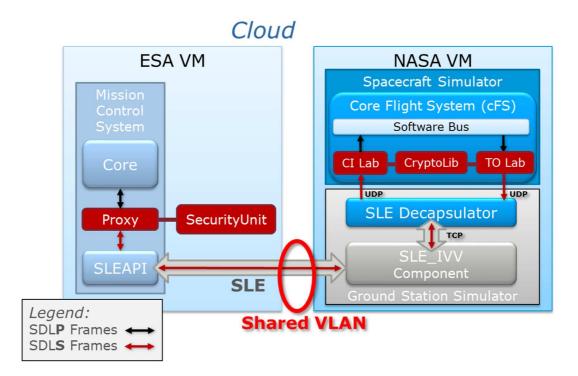


Figure A-2 – ESA/NASA security protocols interoperability testing environment

ESAs machine simply is a copy of the first virtual machine described in the preceding section 2, except for the SLE configuration. The SLE connection is configured to connect to NASAs SLE component enabling SLE communication between the two VMs. The converter then allows for closing the link to the flight software, NASA GSFC's Core Flight System (cFS), over UDP to minimize the core code changes necessary. The functionality of the SecurityUnit is contained in the Crypto Library running as part of the Command Ingest (CI) and Telemetry Output (TO) lab applications in cFS.

Upon spacecraft simulator startup, the Crypto Library loads the stored configuration and awaits for TCs to be received from the CI lab app or SDLS-EP / Space Packet Protocol packets from the TO lab app or more generally the software bus. All SDLS CP and EP functionality is contained in the Crypto Library.

4 TEST CASE #1

The first test case, described in Section 6.1.1 (main document), concentrates on exercising the complete key lifecycle using all the SDLS EP key management procedures and testing the Over The Air Rekeying (OTAR) procedures. The SLDS EP protocol is validated by using the length parameters of the baseline mode – defined in annex D of the SDLS EP recommendation [4].

4.1 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION
133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123 456789FEDCBA9876543210	DEACTIVATED

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- SA_length_IV = 12 octets
- SA_length_MAC = 16 octets
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

4.2 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start all the end-to-end space communication VMs and configure SC simulator, Ground Station software, MCS and both Security Units on SC and MCS side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on MCS side.	Security Unit on MCS side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Unit should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the SC sides Security Unit for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Unit on SC side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the MCS side Security Unit for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Unit on the SC side.

4.3 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	Received TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result

			OTAR - masterID: 0 keys:	OTAR - masterID: 0 keys:
1	OTAR procedure with three new keys, sent from	2003009E00FF000100001880C295008C197F	141 ->	141 ->
	ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key	0B000100840000F91E7AF8E5F9DC1036ADC4	5833B73EACA3312C557E756	5833B73EACA3312C557E756
	repository. No report is sent back.	D904C804B917685CC0921A17CA90058EEBF6	EBEC2CF139FDBCF08C92F9	EBEC2CF139FDBCF08C92F9
	repository. No report is some ouch.	7C56EA05F17125DF4270FB207E07C9CEE6DA	59901560BB2B1B7D791	59901560BB2B1B7D791
		B2098993577D060028603D09C76D8414EF4E	140 ->	140 ->
		6D77466876C7D39F39A4E2C617248A8552B7	553514567BA115F39608C898	553514567BA115F39608C898
		A9E3933294D8ED390549183E8F5E766CA0C0	5B02C85627416627D5E2D15	5B02C85627416627D5E2D154
		6075C615FB395D46512E3E6F8503485DA99F	4F10F5D2844B2F8F7	F10F5D2844B2F8F7
		BF22FD211F383A1006B5931194FFD9	142 ->	142 ->
		Dr 221 D211L 202WT00002221124LLD2	6DEA92E3C9E94946395A511	6DEA92E3C9E94946395A511
			090C876A60E2009CAA75B69	090C876A60E2009CAA75B69
			2D3E3425712E34A16C	2D3E3425712E34A16C

			KeyActivation - IDs: [141,	KeyActivation - IDs: [141, 142]
2	Key Activation procedure for two keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys. No report is sent back.	2003001E00FF000100001880C296000C197F 0B00020004008D008EAB05E4FC	142]	
3	Key Deactivation procedure for one key, sent from ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced key. No report is sent back.	2003001C00FF000100001880C297000A197F 0B00030002008E578821C4	KeyDeactivation - IDs: [142]	KeyDeactivation - IDs: [142]

			KeyVerification - challenges:	KeyVerification -
4	Key Verification procedure on three pre-loaded keys	2003007400FF000100001880C2980062197F	130 ->	key/challenges:
	and two new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC	0B0004005A0082EA84EAE5314487CB9E37FF	EA84EAE5314487CB9E37FF	130 ->
	should verify the referenced keys and compile a	DE48721A14008412C5B83075DD7BCBDA1EFF	DE48721A14	EA84EAE5314487CB9E37FF
	report.	98567B360300866C049824E4561419D0E9E6	132 ->	DE48721A14
	*	405045B155008C5788A07B18148BC185B258	12C5B83075DD7BCBDA1EF	132 ->
		A78BCA549E008D096628557BE61B56EA1C9C	F98567B3603	12C5B83075DD7BCBDA1EFF
		DA4120609A9CF5FACF	134 ->	98567B3603
			6C049824E4561419D0E9E640	134 ->
			5045B155	6C049824E4561419D0E9E640
			140 ->	5045B155
			5788A07B18148BC185B258A	140 ->
			78BCA549E	5788A07B18148BC185B258A
			141 ->	78BCA549E
			096628557BE61B56EA1C9C	141 ->
			DA4120609A	096628557BE61B56EA1C9CD
				A4120609A

			Key 130 was verified	Key 130 was verified
4.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the five	0031454518380001001A000000080FFFF00	successfully	successfully
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	EA8400E600825105331A3421B53F3840B3B9	Key 132 was verified	Key 132 was verified
	displays the result of the verification.	CF5B697D86FC7106F73B22DC71834C359B6B	successfully	successfully
		F0ACD49B4F464968E994041DE4D50084B2BC	Key 134 was verified	Key 134 was verified
		8B87A1865A515D7E9048C0E8609377BD9BD2	successfully	successfully
		F0708278BA5CFB72C88B437869890032AFF2	Key 140 was verified	Key 140 was verified
		D9275D1AB3740086AB7996E6094C62D45E66	successfully	successfully
		8D872121D57D8B31E98892361241F969ADE7	Key 141 was verified	Key 141 was verified
		3DCA90540E4606AC844263C2D27A5021008C	successfully	successfully
		261D9DE52F2A35299653470E24567FBB6B73		
		BB4221A3042F719E787E020B405A55F9645B		
		27230AF85F7F33AA008DD95AF4AA87108901		
		9F20039A0354D10AB463309794D95534C801		
		98E3F454614D331E13B46A07D34CC20DD5E7		
		E8E207FF0000003900001FC0000EF10		
			Cannot activate Key with id	Cannot activate Key with id
5	Key Activation executed on a key in	none	134, as it is not in the	134, as it is not in the
	DEACTIVATED state. As this an illegal operation		PRE_ACTIVATION state!	PRE_ACTIVATION state!
	nothing should be sent.			
			Cannot deactivate Key with id	Cannot deactivate Key with id
6	Key Deactivation executed on a key in	none	140, as it is not in the ACTIVE	140, as it is not in the ACTIVE
	PRE_ACTIVATION state. As this an illegal		state!	state!
	operation nothing should be sent.			

7 OTAR procedure with five new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key repository. No report is sent back.	200300D3007F000100001880C29900D0197F 0B000100C8000214F05B1E1EEDF5D0C5C2BE 692D5EFB55E37FE60C22DC9AFCDBD551EF5F 647F71AB8970D3FC2C2413EB30BF021C173C AF707FA35D23711C52A9805B412A8297EDAA 00D37F09CE9B9C8878117EBA0C4BDF571A44 11CEBF00FDCD8C8232C453EA05BAF97030BD 65608E59F5B731F8446EB98F6FCE027C36C5 C1F36907B1C201E0D5015DBA68D6EA7B70BD 51F1104D3AB007DBFD683100FE61313ECFA8 3A6B9A4BC85CC9DA735F6C36139D827930D0 28488E6639A7F8BD0C64B6B17043	OTAR - masterID: 2 keys: 145 -> 40B60F592B4E801ABD066F1 1ECF8EFE746C7C647521AA F1C90723A70C35F0984 146 -> C14626209B6B1AF42A79AE AA39FAE77B04D884C28A0F 26BB7F90957F4661ED54 147 -> 0A47C0C40854DD311A54D8 2A611B1DA126FB291F4A72 035299A52DE9223EF233 148 -> 340894776643E9A1AD63C02 6F6158773F7E4D7DA55352A 4B4C9BA9E3E3211C64 149 -> D62C9273B73E0FF51190791 B2AEF5673651EF4019B4E0E	OTAR - masterID: 2 keys: 145 -> 40B60F592B4E801ABD066F1 1ECF8EFE746C7C647521AAF 1C90723A70C35F0984 146 -> C14626209B6B1AF42A79AE AA39FAE77B04D884C28A0F 26BB7F90957F4661ED54 147 -> 0A47C0C40854DD311A54D82 A611B1DA126FB291F4A7203 5299A52DE9223EF233 148 -> 340894776643E9A1AD63C026 F6158773F7E4D7DA55352A4 B4C9BA9E3E3211C64 149 -> D62C9273B73E0FF51190791B 2AEF5673651EF4019B4E0E82
		B2AEF5673651EF4019B4E0E 820B0DCB7A7F5A7784	2AEF5673651EF4019B4E0E82 0B0DCB7A7F5A7784

			KeyVerification - challenges:	KeyVerification - challenges:
8	Key Verification procedure on four pre-loaded keys	200300AA00FF000100001880C29A0098197F	132 ->	132 ->
	and five new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC	0B0004009000844366835501E843A6935696	4366835501E843A6935696E5	4366835501E843A6935696E55
	should verify the referenced keys and compile a	E555F3037E00857888FF070E8E9F24502D25	55F3037E	5F3037E
	report.	21A00CB1750086541C892EFDB660FB776290	133 ->	133 ->
		70FD85AE870091DBC33C8456B29962648DD5	7888FF070E8E9F24502D2521	7888FF070E8E9F24502D2521
		AEB89C631A00926166172FA2D4410AD492D1	A00CB175	A00CB175
		BB29EBB23B0093F85022309A3DF6B3E38209	134 ->	134 ->
		4AF276CCE400940F62F02D584C7A685DADDF	541C892EFDB660FB7762907	541C892EFDB660FB77629070
		551B03C1220095F9BA7636B3C4380AC13DB5	0FD85AE87	FD85AE87
		78EE652A704108FBFB	145 ->	145 ->
			DBC33C8456B29962648DD5	DBC33C8456B29962648DD5
			AEB89C631A	AEB89C631A
			146 ->	146 ->
			6166172FA2D4410AD492D1	6166172FA2D4410AD492D1B
			BB29EBB23B	B29EBB23B
			147 ->	147 ->
			F85022309A3DF6B3E382094	F85022309A3DF6B3E382094
			AF276CCE4	AF276CCE4
			148 ->	148 ->
			0F62F02D584C7A685DADDF	0F62F02D584C7A685DADDF
			551B03C122	551B03C122
			149 ->	149 ->
			F9BA7636B3C4380AC13DB5	F9BA7636B3C4380AC13DB5
			78EE652A70	78EE652A70

	key. No report is sent back.			
	ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced	0B0003000400930095F5F5E4FC		
10	Key Deactivation procedure for two keys, sent from	2003001E00FF000100001880C29C000C197F	149]	149]
			KeyDeactivation - IDs: [147,	KeyDeactivation - IDs: [147,
	No report is sent back.			
	ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys.	0B000200060092009300958DFEA61A		
9	Key Activation procedure for three keys, sent from	2003002000FF000100001880C29B000E197F	149]	149]
			KeyActivation - IDs: [146, 147,	KeyActivation - IDs: [146, 147,
		039 0001040201BCC3		
		B5A9357833C3BCE7AA13A4BFC7107FF00000		
		2A7C027DB359B870706D3B169E8D02E20711		
		C350095FD3F62A2CD65364A4C80C1138554F		
		CEA666B1A75C748EE6A10F5B106527E83439		
		E29B2D64657E5104C90AD490C275777FC841		
		3FBD2C7EA105120D38D0094C38210E06B58C		
		9F97DD0E0AB1C43258AF4C2A43A49E3B9D67		
		093B3057263DA33D47FC46CF089A263F28AE	successfully	successfully
		EFBBA03C266FCDBC5CEA03835A6A96FECA50	Key 149 was verified	Key 149 was verified
		25ADC3ACF3EDA79B3FD4987A1334E2BD19A8	successfully	successfully
		0268582DC5FEEBA0092F39062F1F02F3334B	Key 148 was verified	Key 148 was verified
		C97BA61FC9E69CEDF680A5B470B09FE69943	successfully	successfully
		A52841D7E9AA0536B548411F074D254F6DB9	Key 147 was verified	Key 147 was verified
		F60CD35297AE2C1CD39E127CDA9C1F200911	successfully	successfully
		72C4AD6470015742E680461A1F6ADF563462	Key 146 was verified	Key 146 was verified
		13269B457F100865B8E64499BF10C9379033	successfully	successfully
		AAB3267215A6EED060F116ADAA7ADD3E78EF	Key 145 was verified	Key 145 was verified
		771005D109A0D3E02E4F936B749A21806C9E	successfully	successfully
		B21A373AC94851B29EE9C97A6660085D3A8A	Key 134 was verified	Key 134 was verified
	displays the result of the verification.	31FD85E1F8D78DC4C1F40D5AC733481AF3AD	successfully	successfully
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	484017000845EB5AADFCB3DFD2677982655F	Key 133 was verified	Key 133 was verified
8.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the nine	00319D9D18090001001A00000080FFFF017	successfully	successfully
			Key 132 was verified	Key 132 was verified

			OTAR - masterID: 1 keys:	OTAR - masterID: 1 keys:
11	OTAR procedure with four new keys, sent from	200300C000FF000100001880C29D00AE197F	152 ->	152 ->
	ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key	0B000100A6000127069A1A8B0FE0937734E2	93466A5FEA8F9CE2F5BB76	93466A5FEA8F9CE2F5BB76B
	repository. No report is sent back.	89BE9D9880E8ED8EF448FCBDA732382AAAFA	B9C28454F6EC7AD3E9217B	9C28454F6EC7AD3E9217BC7
	repository. No report is sent back.	3B3451BBB6D290B0B0E43764A3F412B80BE4	C7C54A52A14D6E8FD892	C54A52A14D6E8FD892
		ED8DE1403C8CA63D20928401B658DF37E0AD	153 ->	153 ->
		30F9BF549980321BDE5C7F89CDB257B5D148	54EBD1D929060442C146B2E	54EBD1D929060442C146B2E
		F6B87CB80E7675EDFB733FF9B2BDA1DAC0DB	1D32368AB2E2BF3C9EECFF	1D32368AB2E2BF3C9EECFF
		CA9CEFA5F9D594759EDAB863DE13B8B3DEB4	A765B1BE65A465B733D	A765B1BE65A465B733D
		EE15F10675E9AC4A4CDE258073701D1219B3	150 ->	150 ->
		D5991B487C86EBA36183E3B30D089626BBD0	AC909C73E7578FFD01F79F4	AC909C73E7578FFD01F79F4
		C8AD8CD6BBBD73D0AA963105DE	64E79C7D592BF197116BD29	64E79C7D592BF197116BD29
		C8AD8CD6BBBD/3D0AA963105DE	ABCE4D724F72DBC19D	ABCE4D724F72DBC19D
			151 ->	151 ->
			AA5BED1BD9F778FC398D8	AA5BED1BD9F778FC398D80
			08C7920009569DA6E3D8F3D	8C7920009569DA6E3D8F3D0
			0BA0BA39A68531D5D78E	BA0BA39A68531D5D78E
			KeyActivation - IDs: [151, 152,	KeyActivation - IDs: [151, 152,
12	Key Activation procedure for three keys, sent from	2003002000FF000100001880C29E000E197F	153]	153]
	ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys.	0B00020006009700980099B722A61A		
	No report is sent back.			
	*		KeyDeactivation - IDs: [152,	KeyDeactivation - IDs: [152,
13	Key Deactivation procedure for two keys, sent from	2003001E00FF000100001880C29F000C197F	153]	153]
	ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced	0B0003000400980099492BE4FC		
	key. No report is sent back.			

14 14.resp	Key Verification procedure on four new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced keys and compile a report. Key Verification procedure response on the four referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the result of the verification.	2003006200FF000100001880C2A00050197F 0B0004004800963AFDFB471913AD8137D67A D3C5C809AE00977BC29792D163CF9ADA38BC 7F6B9E1FA40098CC3A3884EF6636C23A2386 764E2910590099A2E78F1CCDA428FF694837 C8570D21B581429A04 00310C0C18090001001A0000080FFFF00BC 8400B80096D64D560571B0309DA3AAD4148E B1D56131A3472BFE7B144D7D5FA3DB26490 9C67A5A8E0E7D977B2DF87066700979ABE70 4D26D54F70A258B6015831C62DF245A1D0C1 E0B6D871450A17A7E11D7B8237A6831F8AA B447BC397A00986E2AAADBB61EE532DCCBE3 566E33A5B6965C5FB5BC8AE6945B967C4CB9 3481BC3D6048D1EF6476A6947B16860099B7	KeyVerification - challenges: 150 -> 3AFDFB471913AD8137D67A D3C5C809AE 151 -> 7BC29792D163CF9ADA38BC 7F6B9E1FA4 152 -> CC3A3884EF6636C23A23867 64E291059 153 -> A2E78F1CCDA428FF694837 C8570D21B5 Key 150 was verified successfully Key 151 was verified successfully Key 152 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified successfully	KeyVerification - challenges: 150 -> 3AFDFB471913AD8137D67A D3C5C809AE 151 -> 7BC29792D163CF9ADA38BC 7F6B9E1FA4 152 -> CC3A3884EF6636C23A23867 64E291059 153 -> A2E78F1CCDA428FF694837C 8570D21B5 Key 150 was verified successfully Key 151 was verified successfully Key 152 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified successfully
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	B1D56131A3472BFE7B144D7D5FA3DBB26490 9C67A5A8E0E7D977B2DF87066700979ABE70 4D26D54F70A258B6015831C62DF245A1D0C1 E0B6D8F71450A17A7E11D7B8237A6831F8AA	successfully Key 152 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified	successfully Key 152 was verified successfully Key 153 was verified
		566E33A5B6965C5FB5BC8AE6945B967C4CB9		
-	Intentional corruption of a key on board the SC.		Corrupted Key 152 successfully.	Corrupted Key 152 successfully.

			KeyVerification - challenges:	KeyVerification - challenges:
15	Key Verification procedure on four new keys, sent	2003006200FF000100001880C2A10050197F	150 ->	150 ->
	from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced	0B000400480096C784D963A3BFAB2F999191	C784D963A3BFAB2F9991918	C784D963A3BFAB2F9991918
	keys and compile a report.	8AE5EA317100970DCC25189F4F17BB78E27A	AE5EA3171	AE5EA3171
		45F15A8B7B0098D18BA4B9E38BF055F9D30A	151 ->	151 ->
		D41362B9050099116E31CE6A7A1260321B32	0DCC25189F4F17BB78E27A	0DCC25189F4F17BB78E27A4
		52F84753D4253F9A04	45F15A8B7B	5F15A8B7B
			152 ->	152 ->
			D18BA4B9E38BF055F9D30A	D18BA4B9E38BF055F9D30A
			D41362B905	D41362B905
			153 ->	153 ->
			116E31CE6A7A1260321B325	116E31CE6A7A1260321B3252
			2F84753D4	F84753D4
			Key 150 was verified	Key 150 was verified
15.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the four	0031252518200001001A0000080FFFF00BC	successfully	successfully
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	8400B800960C5B8FD93B6BFBAE14382DB79A	Key 151 was verified	Key 151 was verified
	displays the result of the verification. The corrupted	6834C77FEA5333C09CC9BF6823DE0F332BDA	successfully	successfully
	key should be marked as such.	55B7BBC4F21BA02B3F917F7E680097974B30	Key 152 failed to verify!	Key 152 failed to verify!
		31DC81F277879910EBA892DD1652A8316090	Key 153 was verified	Key 153 was verified
		5368A8AC316FF63788D418B35DBD01F96810	successfully	successfully
		5C65231D5C0098B7DA1AF61545A314B8D6C9		
		E0AFF7944265AEE6D95C310A8157DC3A0E83		
		0CAED33C3F58FBC13B1BDDA55418C40099B9		
		0270FFB3D70ED5A5CB06F66EC96B7AA4D23C		
		5C713BCE68D1B82898012E64D22BD0E49544		
		B6CD155BA4BB68893907FF0000003900001		
		0006016CE7		

-	Intentional corruption of four keys on board the SC.		Corrupted Key 150 successfully. Corrupted Key 151 successfully. Corrupted Key 153 successfully.	Corrupted Key 150 successfully. Corrupted Key 151 successfully. Corrupted Key 153 successfully.
16	Key Verification procedure on four new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced keys and compile a report.	2003006200FF000100001880C2A30050197F 0B0004004800961DAFC8383088538EB204C8 710C35001300970115FB8E66A229A17CCC36 F6E937CE970098D036FB7537A4847C436F3D 01EE78BEBB0099D15D9AB1519D94E6C70FEA EB37AC7FB372839A04	KeyVerification - challenges: 150 -> 1DAFC8383088538EB204C87 10C350013 151 -> 0115FB8E66A229A17CCC36 F6E937CE97 152 -> D036FB7537A4847C436F3D0 1EE78BEBB 153 -> D15D9AB1519D94E6C70FEA EB37AC7FB3	KeyVerification - challenges: 150 -> 1DAFC8383088538EB204C87 10C350013 151 -> 0115FB8E66A229A17CCC36F 6E937CE97 152 -> D036FB7537A4847C436F3D0 1EE78BEBB 153 -> D15D9AB1519D94E6C70FEA EB37AC7FB3

			Key 150 failed to verify!	Key 150 failed to verify!
16.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the four	0033A20118340001001A0000080FFFF00BC	Key 151 failed to verify!	Key 151 failed to verify!
_	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	8400B800969AD637E9E4C65470FCA0B9F59B	Key 152 failed to verify!	Key 152 failed to verify!
	displays the result of the verification. The corrupted	D7761C34CFC9A5D0721E092156B2347AB9EA	Key 153 failed to verify!	Key 153 failed to verify!
	keys should be marked as such.	294EB59FBFB3975095D6E589D50097EDF577		
		85FC6798FC3E238BB273A47F72CA28AA0BE0		
		0AAD1B15121C722B82A6DEC36D9BA908677E		
		7BBDFD547500987A6763D747311E5464AB57		
		1EC3E3DF4DDE128A338911788607B3F3DA8E		
		6A2748A9BD558742B36B724486D833009938		
		FFC04A6EEBEC1FDD77415BF6747B1A5670AD		
		5147E8C04856D01CCFD566777EEF05B1AF4C		
		B677D3C9DB005E031D07FF00000039000C0		
		000101E185		

5 TEST CASE #2

The second test case, described in Section 6.1.2 (of main document), concentrates on exercising the complete SA lifecycle using all the SDLS EP SA management procedures. The SLDS EP protocol is validated by using the length parameters of the baseline mode – defined in annex D of the SDLS EP recommendation [4].

5.1 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION
133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123 456789FEDCBA9876543210	DEACTIVATED

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- SA_length_IV = 12 octets
- SA_length_MAC = 16 octets
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

5.2 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start all the end-to-end space communication VMs and configure SC simulator, Ground Station software, MCS and both Security Units on SC and MCS side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on MCS side.	Security Unit on MCS side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Unit should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the SC sides Security Unit for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Unit on SC side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the MCS side Security Unit for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Unit on the SC side.

5.3 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	Received TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result
1	Rekey SA procedure on the newly created SA with a preloaded and ACTIVE key, sent from ground to SC. SC should assign the key to the SA and set it to KEYED state. No report is sent back.	2003002A00FF000100001880C3720018197F 0B0016000C000600850000000000000000000 000000A9569FC8	SArekey - spi: 6 keyID: 133 IV: 0x000000000000000000	SArekey - spi: 6 keyID: 133 IV: 0x00000000000000000
2	Start SA procedure on the new SA on the VC 1 on the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map the SA to the given channel and set the SA to OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.	2003002000FF000100001880C373000E197F 0B001B0004000600003040AFBDA61A	SAstart - spi: 6 map: [GVCID: VC (1) 1]	SAstart - spi: 6 map: [GVCID: VC (1) 1]
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use the new SA for TCs.		Changed used VC for TC to 1	Changed used VC for TC to 1
3	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF000600000000000000000000 000121E8D88F734AC14B895B514579810B13 E3E4A0FF4B0373562EA25EC78F15D51701	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
3.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message.	00317B7B18040001001A000000000080FFFF 0004B10000170307FF000000390001FC000 0B301	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG

4	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF000600000000000000000000 0002B3104C0C0B1FDB72496C8CE2037525E0 6DF70E1055204F5CEE10910F042121902F	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
4.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message.	0031888818340001001A0000080FFFF0004 B10000170307FF00000039000000C0000602 C8BD	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 0 to go back to clear mode.		Changed used VC for TC to 0	Changed used VC for TC to 0
5	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001C00FF000100001880C376000A197F 0B001000020006F2D721C4	SaReadSN - spi: 6	SaReadSN - spi: 6
5.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	0031A9A9182D0001001A0000080FFFF0012 90000E000600000000000000000000002F9 A807FF0000003900010406014EB6	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 2	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 2
6	Set ARSN procedure on the new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC sets the IV of the new SA to the given value. No report is sent back.	2003002800FF000100001880C3770016197F 0B001A000A000600000000000000000000000000	SaSetArCounter - was parsed! SAsetARcounter - spi: 6 value: 100	SaSetArCounter - was parsed! SAsetARcounter - spi: 6 value: 100
7	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001C00FF000100001880C378000A197F 0B001000020006E24121C4	SaReadSN - spi: 6	SaReadSN - spi: 6

7.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	0031C8C818320001001A0000080FFFF0012 90000E0006000000000000000000000064F5 C807FF00000039000C00001011216	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 100	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 100
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use the new SA for TCs.		Changed used VC for TC to 1	Changed used VC for TC to 1
8	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF0006000000000000000000000 00656CBE840266D9015AB1F747510B36E438 482AA9F6DF7812488D000A2314DE6744B1	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
8.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message.	0031DFDF18210001001A0000080FFFF0004 B10000170307FF00000039001040001D0DE	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
9	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF00060000000000000000000000 0066FA1906EFE27CB4D95B5C2B5F4369FA7A FE40334DA86B10DB239299D1DA3D5D01D5	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
9.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message.	0033E60018000001001A0080FFFF0004B100 00170307FF00000039000c00006661E67	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 0 to go back to clear mode.		Changed used VC for TC to 0	Changed used VC for TC to 0
10	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001C00FF000100001880C37B000A197F 0B001000020006E7DE21C4	SaReadSN - spi: 6	SaReadSN - spi: 6

10.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	00310C0B180A0001001A0000080FFFF0012 90000E0006000000000000000000000066D5 8A07FF000000390000C00001012A4D	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 102	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 102
11	Stop the current SA on VC 1 on the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map the SA to the given channel and set the SA to OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.	2003001C00FF000100001880C37C000A197F 0B001E00020006203D21C4	SAstop - spi: 6	SAstop - spi: 6
12	Start SA procedure on the new SA on the VC 1 on the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map the SA to the given channel and set the SA to OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.	2003002000FF000100001880C37D000E197F 0B001B00040005000030409051A61A	SAstart - spi: 5 map: [GVCID: VC (1) 1]	SAstart - spi: 6 map: [GVCID: VC (1) 1]
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use the new SA for TCs.		Changed used VC for TC to 1	Changed used VC for TC to 1
13	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF0005000000000000000000000 0001288AFA5C821B353EA9787B6AFECD239B B2F26D83C2305ECB5B33F786E900FD28C4	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
13.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message.	00313534183E0001001A00000039000080F FFF0004B10000170307FF00000039001FC0 000278A	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
14	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400FF0005000000000000000000000 0002344E141EEE6DFA6B258A68EB11F30543 1AC4C4B7161BA6A07DDEF3956680BF8AC6	McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!

			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
14.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	00313A39182D0001001A0000080FFFF0004		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	B10000170307FF000000390C00005023AC4		

TEST CASE #3

The third interoperability test case, described in Section 6.1.3 (main document), has the objective to execute all the Monitoring & Control procedures and their specified PDU formats as well as testing the FSR functionality. To test the FSR functionality a protected channel is set up and the SecurityUnit is capable of inducing deliberate security errors, e.g. simulating a replay attack by using the same SN twice.

5.4 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION
133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123 456789FEDCBA9876543210	DEACTIVATED

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- SA_length_IV = 12 octets
- SA_length_MAC = 16 octets
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

5.5 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start both the ESA and NASA VMs and configure SC simulator, MCS and both Security Modules on NASA and ESA side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on ESA side.	Security Module on ESA side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Module should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the NASA sides Security Module for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Module on NASA side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the ESA sides Security Module for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Module on the NASA side.

5.6 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result
			McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
1	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003001A00FF000100001880C3E40008197F		
	sends a pong report back.	0B00310000B4483128		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
1.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	0031262618180001001A0000080FFFF0004		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	B10000170307FF000000390C00001012AF8		
			McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
2	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003001A00FF000100001880C3E50008197F		
	sends a pong report back.	0B00310000DB0D3128		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
2.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	00332E0018000001001A0080FFFF0004B100		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	00170307FF00000039000C0000101CE20		
			SAstart - spi: 4 map: [GVCID:	SAstart - spi: 4 map: [GVCID:
3	Start SA procedure on preloaded SA on the VC 1 on	2003002000FF000100001880C3E6000E197F	VC (1) 1]	VC (1) 1]
	the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map	0B001B0004000400003040E8B3A61A		
	the SA to the given channel and set the SA to			
	OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.			
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use a			
	secure channel for TCs in preparation for the forced			
	error testing.			
			McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
4	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000		
	sends a pong report back.	00017E1D9FC78D45CEBA17888E0CDCEB05A5		
		A218F757D5548C91F09162E4B26F143C45		

			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
4.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	00315655183E0001001A00000039000080F		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	FFF0004B10000170307FF000000390000C00		
		004013F19		
			McPingReq - was parsed!	McPingReq - was parsed!
5	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000		
	sends a pong report back.	000219C6FEF5CD012F28EB9F38C49E73DF77		
		1D60B056895741D454C0A7C2652E3C21B3		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
5.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	00336201183C0001001A003900000080FFF		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	F0004B10000170307FF00000039000C0000		
		4023F85		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force a replay error on next TC frame sent from			
	ground to SC.			
<i>c</i>			SN is out of Bounds: Expected	SN is out of Bounds: Expected
6	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000	SN=3, window size=5,	SN=3, window size=5,
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	000219C6FEF4CD012F28EB9F38C49E1C9AAE	Incoming SN=2	Incoming SN=2
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	5C92C2A3CABF9D006739B67A04B22F1678		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent			
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI $= 4$; LastSN $= 3$)	= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 3)
_			McResetAlarmFlag - FSR	McResetAlarmFlag - FSR
7	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000	Alarm Flag was reset!	Alarm Flag was reset!
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	00035F0747B958AA0CA2EE993146A4CF3BF8		
	back.	E4FBF0BD51AA9EF13EFC6A2D0490760CA0		

			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 4)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 4)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
	φ ,			
-	Force an out of bounds error on next TC frame sent			
	from ground to SC.			
			SN is out of Bounds: Expected	SN is out of Bounds: Expected
8	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400FF00040000000000000000000000	SN=4, window size=5,	SN=4, window size=5,
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	0009059A39B0C2DA902C63978EAF1EC2D714	Incoming SN=9	Incoming SN=9
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	C189314AAABC45085F15E90714394E0BF1		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent			
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 9)	= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 9)
			McResetAlarmFlag - FSR	McResetAlarmFlag - FSR
9	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400FF00040000003000000000000	Alarm Flag was reset!	Alarm Flag was reset!
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	0004A4E155B6B8E384A0AD0FC0FD0961AA0A		
	back.	0160F1BB0DA46692B90A912727606651EF		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 5)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 5)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
	<u> </u>			
-	Force a bad MAC error on next TC frame sent from			
	ground to SC.			
			InvalidCipherTextException:	InvalidCipherTextException:
10	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000	mac check in GCM failed	mac check in GCM failed
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	0005225C7EC806407BE649F7FC5B42AF1438		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	EA523B2B8B05DDD65D9BB561EE0DD13D1C		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent			
	back.			

			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 0; BadMAC = 1; InvalidSPI	= 0; BadMAC = 1; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 5)	= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 6)
			McResetAlarmFlag - FSR	McResetAlarmFlag - FSR
11	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400FF00040000000000000000000000	Alarm Flag was reset!	Alarm Flag was reset!
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	0006DA4CB93630594238B9AEF9A762673C02		
	back.	6D791603F026984C249503DDE725908FC0		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 6)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 7)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force an invalid SPI error on next TC frame sent from			
	ground to SC.			
			SA Is Null (possible reason:	SA Is Null (possible reason:
12	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400FFFFFF000000000000000000000000	Invalid SPI in Security Header)	Invalid SPI in Security Header)
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	0007E9A1A6A54029EC3242B6E09128B876F4		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	4224B2C8947DEF9FDE4081128B508AF944		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent			
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 0; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 0; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 1; LastSPI = 65535; LastSN	= 1; LastSPI = 65535; LastSN
			= 0)	= 0)
			McResetAlarmFlag - FSR	McResetAlarmFlag - FSR
13	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400FF0004000000000000000000000000	Alarm Flag was reset!	Alarm Flag was reset!
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	000866CF4D19FE6E1C850C99F2DD270FE659		
	back.	8B566907BE83DD26000C50113938EF5F2F		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 8)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 8)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			

6 TEST CASE #4

The fourth interoperability test case, described in Section 6.2.1 (Main document), has the objective to exercise the key lifecycle using the SDLS EP key management procedures and to test the Over The Air Rekeying (OTAR) procedures with the key management service parameters and PDU formats specified for the SDLS EP. For this interoperability test two independently implemented systems were used, ESA on the ground side including the SDLS EPs and NASA on the spacecraft side processing these procedures and returning, if applicable, SDLS EP reports.

6.1 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION
133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE

134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123	DEACTIVATED
	456789FEDCBA9876543210	

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- SA_length_IV = 12 octets
- $SA_length_MAC = 16$ octets
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

6.2 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start both the ESA and NASA VMs and configure SC simulator, MCS and both Security Modules on NASA and ESA side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on ESA side.	Security Module on ESA side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Module should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the NASA sides Security Module for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Module on NASA side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the ESA sides Security Module for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Module on the NASA side.

6.3 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result

			Key OTAR Keys recieved via	Key OTAR: Keys recieved via
1	OTAR procedure with three new keys, sent from	2003009e00ff000100001880d037008c197f	master key 0:	master key 0:
	ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key	0b000100840000344892bbc54f5395297d4c	1) Key ID = 141,	1) Key ID = 141,
	repository. No report is sent back.	37172f2a3c46f6a81c1349e9e26ac80985d8	0x338ed844d3d021a84533c7e7	0x338ed844d3d021a84533c7e7
	.T	bbd55a5814c662e49fba52f99ba09558cd21	b18c1f38	b18c1f38
		cf268b8e50b2184137e80f76122034c58046	2) Key ID = 140,	2) Key ID = 140,
		4e2f06d2659a50508bdfe9e9a55990ba4148	0xce686f50afca2d1d102cba6b4	0xce686f50afca2d1d102cba6b4
		af896d8a6eebe8b5d2258685d4ce217a2017	c685a47	c685a47
		4fdd4f0efac62758c51b04e55710a47209c9	3) Key ID = 142,	3) Key ID = 142,
		23b641d19a39001f9e986166f5ffd95555	0x055d2f7d574aa92d833114c2	0x055d2f7d574aa92d833114c2
			e2e3f66c	e2e3f66c

2	Key Activation procedure for two keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys. No report is sent back.	2003001e00ff000100001880d038000c197f 0b00020004008d008e82ebe4fc5555555	Key Activate: Key ID 141 state changed to ACTIVE Key ID 142 state changed to ACTIVE	Key Activate: Key ID 141 state changed to ACTIVE Key ID 142 state changed to ACTIVE
3	Key Deactivation procedure for one key, sent from ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced key. No report is sent back.	2003001c00ff000100001880d039000a197f 0b00030002008e1f6d21c45555555555555	Key Deactivate Key ID 142 state changed to DEACTIVATED	Key Deactivate Key ID 142 state changed to DEACTIVATED

4	Key Verification procedure on two pre-loaded keys. SC should verify the referenced keys and compile a report.	2003003e00ff000100001880d03a002c197f 0b00040024008471fc3ad5b1c36ad56bd5a5 432315cdab008675c06302465bc6d5091a29 957eebed35c00a6ed8	Key Verify: Key ID 132, Key ID 134	Key Verify: Key ID 132, Key ID 134
4.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the two referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the result of the verification.	0031020218000001001a0080ffff00608400 5c008400000000000000000000000001d8eaa7 95affaa0e951bb6cf0116192e16b1977d672 3e92e01123ccef548e28850086000000000 000000000000275c47f30ca26e64af30c19 ebffe0b314849133e138ac65bc2806e520a9 0c96a8216607ff 0100000f844	Key 132 was verified successfully and has the stateID PRE_ACTIVATION Key 134 was verified successfully and has the stateID DEACTIVATED	Key 132 was verified successfully and has the stateID PRE_ACTIVATION Key 134 was verified successfully and has the stateID DEACTIVATED
5	Key Verification procedure on two new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced keys and compile a report.	2003003e00ff000100001880d03b002c197f 0b00040024008c1014b4d1f1d832e90f2502 89a64e641f008dc43813b784f3da70b9d9b6 397464b1e9ccbe6ed8	Key Verify: Key ID 140, Key ID 141	Key Verify: Key ID 140, Key ID 141

			Key 140 was verified	Key 140 was verified
5			successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
5.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the two	00310303183e0001001a0000003900000000		
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	PRE_ACTIVATION	PRE_ACTIVATION
	displays the result of the verification.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Key 141 was verified	Key 141 was verified
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
		006084005c008c00000000000000000000000000000	ACTIVE	ACTIVE
		012fcf9ec2a0c44401c749344f6519f9b914		
		162833e7893f32c3ca06572d4c91ac008d00		
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		8d5872d152fe1dd0e6a70cc17ef4e3b3a21c		
		a7053352fda2c18d6507ffc00001008b2		
		7		
			Cannot activate Key with id	Cannot activate Key with id
6	Key Activation executed on a key in	none	134, as it is not in the	134, as it is not in the
	DEACTIVATED state. As this an illegal operation		PRE_ACTIVATION state!	PRE_ACTIVATION state!
	nothing should be sent.			
			Cannot deactivate Key with id	Cannot deactivate Key with id
7	Key Deactivation executed on a key in	none	140, as it is not in the ACTIVE	140, as it is not in the ACTIVE
	PRE_ACTIVATION state. As this an illegal operation		state!	state!
	nothing should be sent.			

			Key OTAR Keys received via	Key OTAR Keys received via
9	OTAR procedure with five new keys, sent from	200300c000ff000100001880d03c00ae197f	master key 1:	master key 1:
	ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key	0b000100a60001d920aeb912ed2c79690583	1) Key ID = 145,	1) Key ID = 145,
	repository. No report is sent back.	e398e26d111d6d6de6cf13b2dedd268848d3	0x7aced48ae85a8438e6c1a4db	0x7aced48ae85a8438e6c1a4db
		87494c834b85288a9e608a4b089d772a35ce	d9acf331	d9acf331
		8f7bfd4110fdcc22cd7cccf4ba45e63746f5	2) Key ID = 146,	2) Key ID = 146,
		6d281d68850d6817d93d0066d6484e9a3c9e	0x6efe5ecdf68e06474811be3b	0x6efe5ecdf68e06474811be3b
		3f5e4f2aee86a035cd215ae6fe89f2f4d785	7a221b77	7a221b77
		5c6966952425e5e27fa3aaec98e272c1c871	3) Key ID = 147,	3) Key ID = 147,
		cdadaf5f52f9cc33d7097d564a39d75c61ed	0x543f401315f14db1d64e879b	0x543f401315f14db1d64e879b
		f7b6ecd7dfa7b3f78e6086a49ff8321836e6	d99898f2	d99898f2
		14667f94a4d1b5b5cdfeed05de555555	4) Key ID = 148,	4) Key ID = 148,
			0x4d6e6d8e4575eda4bf211c41	0x4d6e6d8e4575eda4bf211c41
			ffd750d7	ffd750d7
			Key Activate	Key Activate
11	Key Activation procedure for two keys, sent from	2003001e00ff000100001880d03d000c197f	Keys 146 and 147 changed to	Keys 146 and 147 changed to
	ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys.	0b0002000400920093a8e1e4fc55555555	state ACTIVE.	state ACTIVE.
	No report is sent back.			
			Key Deactivate	Key Deactivate
12	Key Deactivation procedure for one key, sent from	2003001c00ff000100001880d03e000a197f	Keys 147 changed to state	Keys 147 changed to state
	ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced	0b000300020093d4ba21c4555555555555	DEACTIVATED.	DEACTIVATED.
	key. No report is sent back.			
			Key Verify	Key Verify
14	Key Verification procedure on two new keys, sent	2003003e00ff000100001880d03f002c197f	Key ID 145 was verified OK	Key ID 145 was verified OK
	from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced	0b000400240091b863da1a6ad7f71291570a	and is in the PREACTIVE	and is in the PREACTIVE
	keys and compile a report.	dc1675dfa80092419319c71e0fd243374a4a	state.	state.
		5643c119308c156ed8	Key ID 146 was verified OK	Key ID 146 was verified OK
			and is in the ACTIVE state.	and is in the ACTIVE state.

			Key 145 was verified	Key 145 was verified
14.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the two	0031040418380001001a0000000000000000	successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
_	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	PRE_ACTIVATION	PRE_ACTIVATION
	displays the result of the verification.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Key 146 was verified	Key 146 was verified
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
		84005c009100000000000000000000000000000000	ACTIVE	ACTIVE
		5dd36a5c4a3e92bda5b0cfa668efe8f73b4d		
		c959f4c1b723f00099afdb6d030092000000		
		00000000000000002ee333ad04d4063cdf5		
		f7139440f001c21ba097201aeeaa580a50b9		
		6e88ba727244f607ff 010000007300		
			Key Verify	Key Verify
15	Key Verification procedure on two new keys, sent	2003003e00ff000100001880d040002c197f	Key ID 147 was verified OK	Key ID 147 was verified OK
	from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced	0b000400240093ada7b7137f61300912abb4	and is in the PREACTIVE	and is in the PREACTIVE
	keys and compile a report.	9b45d931470094253cb5cdaa4b3d044db127	state.	state.
		37bc0f221106bb6ed8	Key ID 148 was verified OK	Key ID 148 was verified OK
			and is in the ACTIVE state.	and is in the ACTIVE state.
			Key 147 was verified	Key 147 was verified
15.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the two	0031050518360001001a0000000000000000	successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	PRE_ACTIVATION	PRE_ACTIVATION
	displays the result of the verification.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Key 148 was verified	Key 148 was verified
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	successfully and has the stateID	successfully and has the stateID
		5c00930000000000000000000000000000000000	ACTIVE	ACTIVE
		eba6b45eece52a7f1de280f56ed3a0ae6de6		
		3d317a387e726c0094460a0094000000000		
		000000000000252927b593ab5cadcc38662		
		ace78dfaeb6a3df4c3472b4f2ac9a982aecf		
		2a0e25753907ff c000010012fd		

			Key OTAR Keys received via	Key OTAR Keys received via
16	OTAR procedure with four new keys, sent from	200300c000ff000100001880d04100ae197f	master key 2:	master key 2:
	ground to SC. SC should add the new keys to its key	0b000100a60002f1e37102f68dcbbba2dce2	1) Key ID = 152,	1) Key ID = 152,
	repository. No report is sent back.	80c9ac4ad7d47803d1c50573054523cdb033	0x60d43c0555953a82258fc580	0x60d43c0555953a82258fc580
		e4f9b3149178e8bc34bbd318ee1b82c865b4	1d8db4fa	1d8db4fa
		0b195b833389d50a6a64485a3e3f1abf4ec8	2) Key ID = 153,	2) Key ID = 153,
		24432b765ce3d82c84a62d98a699a47a3efb	0xcf0e3a5e0ec0e213ef3837424	0xcf0e3a5e0ec0e213ef3837424
		37fa04cd982ce0eea11bd6bfc4e5b2300d47	fb580fc	fb580fc
		8da25246961ed4087635d9695155e3a71089	3) Key ID = 150,	3) Key ID = 150,
		d87d2f2df052202700b949d2635823a78bd5	0xe8fd005dbe9cc8be447bd720	0xe8fd005dbe9cc8be447bd720
		0bf19145afeb875ea1f995f3d1d3a171d5a6	3d4a5674	3d4a5674
		1bc92a2060a6f94f05787f05de555555	4) Key ID = 151,	4) Key ID = 151,
			0x66bd1d2e822a598bfc149beb	0x66bd1d2e822a598bfc149beb
			cae7eaf3	cae7eaf3
			Key Activate	Key Activate
17	Key Activation procedure for three keys, sent from	2003002000ff000100001880d042000e197f	Keys 151, 152, and 153	Keys 151, 152, and 153
	ground to SC. SC should activate the referenced keys.	0b00020006009700980099bee3a61a5555	changed to state ACTIVE.	changed to state ACTIVE.
	No report is sent back.			
			Key Deactivate	Key Deactivate
18	Key Deactivation procedure for two keys, sent from	2003001e00ff000100001880d043000c197f	Keys 152, and 153 changed to	Keys 152, and 153 changed to
	ground to SC. SC should deactivate the referenced	0b0003000400980099e680e4fc55555555	state DEACTIVATED.	state DEACTIVATED.
	key. No report is sent back.			
	· · · ·		Key Verify	Key Verify
20	Key Verification procedure on two new keys, sent	2003003e00ff000100001880d044002c197f	Key ID 150 was verified OK	Key ID 150 was verified OK
	from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced	0b000400240096a785a1801728d57ea5d7da	and is in the PREACTIVE	and is in the PREACTIVE
	keys and compile a report.	6d4db309730097db2e5b1fb393a402d9c8b3	state.	state.
		a6edcc562d33b66ed8	Key ID 151 was verified OK	Key ID 151 was verified OK
			and is in the ACTIVE state.	and is in the ACTIVE state.

20.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the two referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the result of the verification.	0031060618340001001a000000000000000 000000000000000	Key 150 was verified successfully and has the stateID PRE_ACTIVATION Key 151 was verified successfully and has the stateID ACTIVE	Key 150 was verified successfully and has the stateID PRE_ACTIVATION Key 151 was verified successfully and has the stateID ACTIVE
-	Intentional corruption of a key on board the SC.		User Modify Key Key 152 CRC invalidated!	User Modify Key Key 152 CRC invalidated!
21	Key Verification procedure on two new keys, sent from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced keys and compile a report.	2003003e00ff000100001880d045002c197f 0b00040024009894a2b915a3154520df52ed ad8ac1acc00099dc09bd6bf7e43f1dc0d44c 08bc8b63084f526ed8	Key Verify Key ID 152 was verified NOT OK and is in the CORRUPTED state. Key ID 153 was verified OK and is in the DESTROYED state.	Key Verify Key ID 152 was verified NOT OK and is in the CORRUPTED state. Key ID 153 was verified OK and is in the DESTROYED state.
21.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the four referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the result of the verification.	0031070718320001001a000000000000000 000000000000000	Key 152 failed to verify and has the stateID CORRUPTED Key 153 was verified successfully and has the stateID DESTROYED	Key 152 failed to verify and has the stateID CORRUPTED Key 153 was verified successfully and has the stateID DESTROYED

			User Modify Key	User Modify Key
-	Intentional corruption of four keys on board the SC.		Key 150 CRC invalidated!	Key 150 CRC invalidated!
	1 2		Key 151 CRC invalidated!	Key 151 CRC invalidated!
			Key Verify	Key Verify
25	Key Verification procedure on four new keys, sent	2003003e00ff000100001880d047002c197f	Key ID 150 was verified NOT	Key ID 150 was verified NOT
	from ground to SC. SC should verify the referenced	0b0004002400969964112b3621b6b136b51b	OK and is in the CORRUPTED	OK and is in the CORRUPTED
	keys and compile a report.	1dc01da23b0097cdf1bb3b4d10fffcae9fac	state.	state.
		40caefae52fee56ed8	Key ID 151 was verified NOT	Key ID 151 was verified NOT
			OK and is in the CORRUPTED	OK and is in the CORRUPTED
			state.	state.
			Key 150 failed to verify and	Key 150 failed to verify and
25.resp	Key Verification procedure response on the four	00310909182e0001001a0000000000000000	has the stateID CORRUPTED	has the stateID CORRUPTED
	referenced keys, sent from SC to ground. Ground	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Key 151 failed to verify and	Key 151 failed to verify and
	displays the result of the verification. The corrupted	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	has the stateID CORRUPTED	has the stateID CORRUPTED
	keys should be marked as such.	00000080ffff006084005c0096000000000		
		000000000000119d2aff46ff28b194ddcc6		
		7d6c0126f794ddf80120517fad23c2040aac		
		e7754d00970000000000000000000000000000000000		
		90f89f963b6bc79123cc54fca7772d0cbf1c		
		670bfadd54adbe34b268e40fd1d89c07ff		
		.c00001007e98		

7 TEST CASE #5

The fifth test case, described in Section 6.2.2 (main document), exercises the complete SA lifecycle using all the SDLS EP SA management procedures. The SLDS EP protocol is validated by using the length parameters of the baseline mode – defined in annex E of the SDLS EP recommendation [4]. For this interoperability test two independently implemented systems were used, ESA on the ground side inducing the SDLS EPs and NASA on the space side processing these procedures and returning, if applicable, SDLS EP reports.

7.1 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION
133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE

134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123	DEACTIVATED
	456789FEDCBA9876543210	

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- $SA_length_IV = 12$
- $SA_length_MAC = 16$
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

7.2 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start all the end-to-end space communication VMs and configure SC simulator, Ground Station software, MCS and both Security Units on SC and MCS side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on MCS side.	Security Unit on MCS side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Unit should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the SC sides Security Unit for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Unit on SC side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Unit has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the MCS side Security Unit for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Unit on the SC side.

7.3 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	Received TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result
8	Rekey SA procedure on the newly created SA with a preloaded and ACTIVE key, sent from ground to SC. SC should assign the key to the SA and set it to KEYED state. No report is sent back.	2003002a00ff000100001880d0ac0018197f 0b0016000c00060085000000000000000000 000000da959fc8555555555555	SA Rekey SPI 6 changed to KEYED state with encrypted Key ID 133.	SA Rekey SPI 6 changed to KEYED state with encrypted Key ID 133.
9	Start SA procedure on the new SA on the VC 1 on the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map the SA to the given channel and set the SA to OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.	2003002000ff000100001880d0ad000e197f 0b001b0004000600003040f6f7a61a5555	SA Start SPI 6 changed to OPERATIONAL state. Type TC, VCID = 0x000001	SA Start SPI 6 changed to OPERATIONAL state. Type TC, VCID = 0x000001
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use the new SA for TCs.		Changed used VC for TC to 1	Changed used VC for TC to 1
10	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400ff000600000000000000000000 000121e8cb55734ac14b895b5145793ab5dd 25ab112b4c5f7b99d905051102a9e132c355 5555	MC Ping	MC Ping
10.resp	M&C Ping procedure response. Ground displays the pong message.	0031020218000001001a0080ffff0004b100 00404307ff010000009d6d	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
11	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should be able to decrypt message and send a report back.	2003043400ff0006000000000000000000000 0002b3105fd60b1fdb72496c8ce203ce9b2e abb8bfc4527c479319b7cad9899d15b5ed55 5555	MC Ping	MC Ping

11.resp -	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the pong message. Switch currently used TC channel to VC 0 to go back to clear mode.	0031030318220001001a0000000000000000 0000000000000	McPingResp - received PONG Changed used VC for TC to 0	McPingResp - received PONG Changed used VC for TC to 0
12	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001c00ff000100001880d0b0000a197f 0b001000020006571921c455555555555555	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000002	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000002
12.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	0031040418040001001a000000000080ffff 001290000e000600000000000000000000000000000	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 2	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 2
13	Set ARSN procedure on the new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC sets the IV of the new SA to the given value. No report is sent back.	2003002800ff000100001880d0b10016197f 0b001a000a000600000000000000000000000 6413b5983e55	SA SetARSN spi = 6 IV updated to: 0x000000000000064	SA SetARSN spi = 6 IV updated to: 0x000000000000064
14	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001c00ff000100001880d0b2000a197f 0b00100002000651f321c45555555555555	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000064	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000064

			SaReadSnResp - was parsed!	SaReadSnResp - was parsed!
14.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to	0031050518340001001a0000000000000000	SN is: 100	SN is: 100
1	ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	51415.100	514 15. 100
	ground composition of the second second	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		06000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		0000102d685		
		00001020005	Change days d MC fear TC to 1	Change days d MC for TC to 1
_	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use the		Changed used VC for TC to 1	Changed used VC for TC to 1
	new SA for TCs.			
	new SA 101 TCS.		MOD	MOD
15	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure	2003043400ff00060000000000000000000000000	MC Ping	MC Ping
10	channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC	00656cbe97c866d9015ab1f747510b19ccef		
	should be able to decrypt message and send a report	0376ca22becfeb3968179af7dc364f6ded55		
	back.	5555		
15.resp	M&C Ping procedure response. Ground displays the	0031060618240001001a00000000000000000	McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
15.105p				
	pong message.			
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		00404307ff01000000f46a		
16			MC Ping	MC Ping
10	Execute M&C Ping procedure to test new secure	2003043400ff0006000000000000000000000		
	channel on new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC	0066fa191521e27cb4d95b5c2b5f43ebe7a0		
	should be able to decrypt message and send a report	ee0c400f1af632186bfb26a6900bedae4a55		
	back.	5555		
16			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
16.resp	M&C Ping procedure response. Ground displays the	0031070718060001001a0000000000000080		
	pong message.	ffff0004b10000404307ffc00006669b93		
			Changed used VC for TC to 0	Changed used VC for TC to 0
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 0 to go back			
	to clear mode.			

17	SA Read SN procedure on the new SA to get current IV value as a reference, sent from ground to SC. SC sends back report containing the current value of the IV.	2003001c00ff000100001880d0b5000a197f 0b00100002000659b821c455555555555555	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000066	SA Read Sequence Number spi = 6 SN = 0x000000000000066
17.resp	SA Read SN procedure response, sent from SC to ground. Ground displays the expected IV value.	0031080818280001001a0000000000000000 00000000000000	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 102	SaReadSnResp - was parsed! SN is: 102
31	Stop SA procedure on the new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should un-map the SA on all assigned channels and set the SA to KEYED state. No report is sent back.	2003001c00ff000100001880d0b6000a197f 0b001e00020006938f21c455555555555555	SA Stop SPI 15 changed to KEYED state.	SA Stop SPI 15 changed to KEYED state.
32	Expire SA procedure on the new SA, sent from ground to SC. SC should unload the key from the given SA and set the SA to UNKEYED state. No report is sent back.	2003001c00ff000100001880d0b7000a197f 0b001900020006f72e21c45555555555555	SA Expire SPI 15 changed to UNKEYED state.	SA Expire SPI 15 changed to UNKEYED state.

8 TEST CASE #6

The sixth interoperability test case, described in Section 6.2.3 (main document), has the objective to execute all the Monitoring & Control procedures and their specified PDU formats as well as testing the FSR functionality. To test the FSR functionality a protected channel is set up and the SecurityUnit is capable of inducing deliberate security errors, e.g. simulating a replay attack by using the same SN twice. For this interoperability test two independently implemented systems were used, ESA on the ground side including the SDLS EPs and NASA on the space side processing these procedures and returning, if applicable, SDLS EP reports. The space side also supplies the FSR report on every second TM frame to be read out by the ground software.

8.1 TEST CONFIGURATION

The following configuration is used for the test:

Keys

We set up the keys so that the keys with ID 0 to 127 are reserved for master keys and all IDs afterwards are for session keys.

ID	Hex-String-Key	State
0	000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F0001020304 05060708090A0B0C0D0E0F	ACTIVE
1	101112131415161718191A1B1C1D1E1F1011121314 15161718191A1B1C1D1E1F	ACTIVE
2	202122232425262728292A2B2C2D2E2F2021222324 25262728292A2B2C2D2E2F	ACTIVE
128	0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789 ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
129	ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123456789ABCDEF0123 456789ABCDEF0123456789	ACTIVE
130	FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876 543210FEDCBA9876543210	ACTIVE
131	9876543210FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA9876543210 FEDCBA9876543210FEDCBA	ACTIVE
132	0123456789ABCDEFABCDEF01234567890123456789 ABCDEFABCDEF0123456789	PRE_ACTIVATION

133	ABCDEF01234567890123456789ABCDEFABCDEF0123 4567890123456789ABCDEF	ACTIVE
134	ABCDEF0123456789FEDCBA9876543210ABCDEF0123 456789FEDCBA9876543210	DEACTIVATED

SAs

All SAs, except SPI 1, are running in authenticated encryption mode share the following parameters:

- SA_length_IV = 12 octets
- SA_length_MAC = 16 octets
- SA_encryption_algorithm = AES-GCM

SPI	SA_service_type	SA_encryption_key	State
1	Clear mode	-	ACTIVE
2	Authenticated encryption	128	KEYED
3	Authenticated encryption	129	KEYED
4	Authenticated encryption	130	KEYED
5	Authenticated encryption	131	KEYED
6	Authenticated encryption	-	UNKEYED

Mapping

All channels are mapped to SPI 1 (clear mode) for comprehensible frame output. SPI 2 is the default SA for protected TM communication, if needed. SPI 4 is the default SA for protected TC communication, if needed.

8.2 TEST PROCESS

Step	Input	Output – Expected result
1	Start both the ESA and NASA VMs and configure SC simulator, MCS and both Security Modules on NASA and ESA side.	All software should be running without problems. MCS receives TM flow from SC simulator and it in turn receives TCs.
2	Send SDLS EP via the Security Unit on ESA side.	Security Module on ESA side reports successful local execution, construction and sending of SDLS EP. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. On an intentionally irregular SDLS EP, the Security Module should indicate the problem, not change its state and not send the SDLS EP.
3	Check the log and state of the NASA sides Security Module for successful execution and correct resulting state of the SDLS EP.	Security Module on NASA side reports successful local execution. The state of the Security Module has changed as expected. If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check for the construction and sending of it.
4	If the SDLS EP also includes a response, check the log of the ESA sides Security Module for the received response.	The response should reflect the state of the Security Module on the NASA side.

8.3 TEST RESULTS

TC/TM Nr.	Description	TC/TM	Expected Result	Actual Result
			MC Ping	MC Ping
1	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003001a00ff000100001880d2c70008197f		
	sends a pong report back.	0b00310000b1fe312855		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
1.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	0031020218000001001a0080ffff0004b100		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	00404307ff010000009d6d		
			MC Ping	MC Ping
2	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003001a00ff000100001880d2c80008197f		
1	sends a pong report back.	0b00310000e74f312855		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
2.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	0031030318220001001a0000000000000000		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		00000000000000000000000000000000004b1000040		
		4307ffc0000100d955		
			SA Start	SA Start
12	Start SA procedure on preloaded SA on the VC 1 on	2003002000ff000100001880d2c9000e197f	SPI 4 changed to	SPI 4 changed to
	the TC side, sent from ground to SC. SC should map	0b001b0004000400003040d95ea61a5555	OPERATIONAL state.	OPERATIONAL state.
	the SA to the given channel and set the SA to		Type TC, VCID = 0x000001	Type TC, VCID = 0x000001
	OPERATIONAL state. No report is sent back.			
-	Switch currently used TC channel to VC 1 to use a			
	secure channel for TCs in preparation for the forced			
	error testing.			
			MC Ping	MC Ping
13	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003043400ff00040000000000000000000000		
	sends a pong report back.	00017e1d8eea8d45ceba17888e0cdcd74797		
		f2db4e6521fbbe3e8738b72bcdea797c7a55		
		5555		

			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
13.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	0031040418040001001a000000000080ffff		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	0004b10000404307ff01000000c435		
			MC Ping	MC Ping
14	M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to SC. SC	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000000		
	sends a pong report back.	000219c6efd6cd012f28eb9f38c49e7669bb		
		6af19abfb95b6627f7bafb4596a3e178a255		
		5555		
			McPingResp - received PONG	McPingResp - received PONG
14.resp	M&C Ping procedure response, sent from SC to	0031050518260001001a0000000000000000		
	ground. Ground displays the pong message.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
		b10000404307ffc00004023951		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force a replay error on next TC frame sent from ground to SC.			
	ground to be.		Error: IV not in window!	Error: IV not in window!
15	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000000		
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	000219c6efd1cd012f28eb9f38c49e6a93c4		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	7958d3525b0aec899dd33fe1d0a7b9743555		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent	5555		
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)	= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 2)

			MC Reset Alarm	MC Reset Alarm
16	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000		
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	00035f07569e58aa0ca2ee993146a467b8e2		
	back.	42d504a647ce56d0a3e4c0c613bdc7c58855		
		5555		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 3)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 3)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force an out of bounds error on next TC frame sent			
	from ground to SC.			
. –			Error: IV not in window!	Error: IV not in window!
17	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000000		
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	000435d72650fa856512540e82a00668d8c6		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	8c90f418166c6693c95f3e370a1bd875ff55		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent	5555		
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 1; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI $= 4$; LastSN $= 9$)	= 0; LastSPI $= 4$; LastSN $= 9$)
10			MC Reset Alarm	MC Reset Alarm
18	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000		
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	0006ba5b389a7bb28e0fca8aea45e6a74b5f		
	back.	2dd79d8e9bd585e53ebed302f14e6d154c55		
		5555	Descional and in our DOD	Designed and in surry ECD
			Received ordinary FSR (LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 4)	Received ordinary FSR (LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 4)
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(Lasion = 4; Lasion = 4)	(LasioP1 = 4; LasioIn = 4)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force a bad MAC error on next TC frame sent from			
	ground to SC.	1	1	1

			Error:	Error:
19	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000	ITC_GCM128_BAD_TAG	ITC_GCM128_BAD_TAG
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	000c79ebc6ca752b40c56ecef6cda30c7ca0		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	b1968c3bfd28b786f754b0420be7d5ef6b55		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent	5555		
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 0; BadMAC = 1; InvalidSPI	= 0; BadMAC = 1; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 5)	= 0; LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 5)
			MC Reset Alarm	MC Reset Alarm
20	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400ff00040000006000000000000		
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	00079776af36c8eb72afa1c53b7d19d1a486		
	back.	d0cf5df09b6bbad0c2f5e208e45090b13e55		
		5555		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 6)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 6)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			
-	Force an invalid SPI error on next TC frame sent from			
	ground to SC.			
			Error: SPI invalid!	Error: SPI invalid!
21	Erroneous M&C Ping procedure, sent from ground to	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000000		
	SC. Frame results in processing error on the SC and it	000c79ebc6ca752b40c56ecef6cda30c7ca0		
	sends an alarm FSR with the regarding flags and	b1968c3bfd28b786f754b0420be7d5ef6b55		
	values set. As frame is not processed no report is sent	5555		
	back.			
			Received Alarm FSR (BadSN	Received Alarm FSR (BadSN
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		= 0; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI	= 0; BadMAC = 0; InvalidSPI
	the idle frames coming from the SC.		= 1; LastSPI = 65535; LastSN	= 1; LastSPI = 65535; LastSN
			= 0)	= 0)

			MC Reset Alarm	MC Reset Alarm
22	M&C Reset Alarm Flag procedure, sent from ground	2003043400ff0004000000000000000000000000		
	to SC. SC resets the FSR alarm flag. No report is sent	0007ba5b389a7bb28e0fca8aea45e6a74b5f		
	back.	2dd79d8e9bd585e53ebed302f14e6d154c55		
		5555		
			Received ordinary FSR	Received ordinary FSR
-	Check FSR output in ground software read out from		(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 9)	(LastSPI = 4; LastSN = 9)
	the idle frames coming from the SC.			