**APPLICATION AND SUPPORT LAYER ARCHITECTURE – Green Book Outline**

* **1  INTRODUCTION** 
  + 1.1  PURPOSE
  + *<< Describe the application and support layer services from MOIMS and SOIS and how they use underlying communications services and data exchange standards >>*
  + 1.2  SCOPE
  + *<< MOIMS services and data exchange standards and SOIS services and data exchange standards >>*
  + 1.3  RATIONALE
  + *<< To provide an understanding of how all of the CCSDS services and data exchange standards work together >>*
  + 1.4  DOCUMENT STRUCTURE
  + 1.5  DEFINITIONS AND CONVENTIONS
  + *<< Reference these from MOIMS & SOIS docs and also from SCCS-ADD and RASDS, as needed. Identify the source. >>*
  + 1.6  REFERENCES
  + *<< Lists references from MOIMS & SOIS docs and also from SCCS-ADD and RASDS. >>*
* **2  APPLICATION AND SUPPORT LAYER ARCHITECTURE** 
  + 2.1  BACKGROUND
  + *<< Motivated by existing SCCS-ADD and desire of CMC to have a more complete “CCSDS Reference Architecture”. >>*
  + 2.2  ROLE OF THIS ARCHITECTURE DESCRIPTION DOCUMENT
  + *<< Provide an understanding of the application and support layer services from MOIMS and SOIS and how they use underlying communications services and data exchange standards >>*
  + 2.3  STRUCTURE OF THE ADD: SIX VIEWS OF SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE
  + *<< Functional, Information, Service, Communications, Physical, and End-to-End>>*
  + 2.4  GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF CONTEXT
  + *<< A gentle iIntro to the context: Application and support layer functions in flight and on ground. The information they exchange. How they are assembled to define services. What the communications protocol stacks look like. What physical elements are involved and how these functions and services may (typically) be deployed. And a few End-to-End examples of deployments of physical elements. >>*
  + 2.5  BASIC ASL CONCEPTS
  + *<< MOIMS defines MO services and an abstract framework that may be deployed in a variety of ways. It also defines navigation data exchanges and data archive processes (and some services. These are primarily intended for terrestrial use, but some of them may appear in flight. SOIS defines a dictionary of terms, the means for describing components and service interfaces using Electronic Data Sheets, spacecraft on-board services, subnetwork services, and on-board wireless. The flight and ground domains are connected and secured using underlying data transport and other services provided by the other CCSDS areas: SLS, SIS, CSS, and SEA. >>*
  + 2.6  RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ASL AND OTHER CCSDS ARCHITECTURE DOCUMENTS
  + *<< ASL us underlying communications services and data exchange standard. This data transport architecture and security services are documented in the SCCS-ADD & ARD, and in the 80 other standards that they describe.>>*
  + 2.7  APPLICATION AND SUPPORT LAYERSYSTEM ELEMENTS
  + *<< Briefly introduce how the MOIMS and SOIS services and data exchange standards are deployed on flight and ground nodes that are defined in the SCCS-ADD and ARD. There may be some additional types, such as MOC, SOC, Archive, etc defined as needed to cover additional MOIMS node types. >>*
  + 2.8  BASIC SYSTEM-ELEMENT CONFIGURATIONS
  + *<< These are also the same as in the SCCS-ADD and ARD, with the possible addition of nodes, as mentioned above. >>*
  + 2.9  APPLICATION AND SUPPORT LAYERTERMINOLOGY
  + *<< Define and new ASL specific terminology drawn from the MOIMS and SOIS documents. >>*
  + 2.10  ASL ARCHITECTURE: ASSUMPTIONS, GOALS, AND CHALLENGES
  + *<< Biggest assumption is that these ASL services live on top of underlying CCSDS standard data transfer services (and terrestrial ones as needed). Other assumption, and challenge, is that the MOIMS service framework may be deployed in space as well as on the ground. >>*
* **3  APPLICATION AND SUPPORT LAYER TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE** 
  + 3.1  ASL SUPPORT BUILDING BLOCKS
  + *<< Summarize the SCCS nodes, from the ASL point of view, and then define the MOIMS and SOIS flight and ground nodes, such as MOC, SOC, Archive, etc defined as needed to cover additional MOIMS node types. >>*
* 3.2  GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS OF PRESENT MO AND SOIS ARCHITECTURES (Use Cases)
* *<< Examples of terrestrial MO deployments & Space SOIS deployments in ABA configurations. Use of SCCS services to support ABA deployments. >>*
* 3.3  GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS OF FUTURE ASL ARCHITECTURES (Use Cases)
* *<< Examples of terrestrial MO deployments & Space SOIS deployments in SSI configurations. Use of SCCS services to support SSI deployments. Deployment of MOS services and frameworks on-board as a future goal. >>*
* 3.4  SERVICE AGREEMENTS AND ACCESS ARRANGEMENTS
* *<< Discussion of the kinds of agreements and access management arrangements might be needed in multi-mission and multi-agency cross support and interoperability environments. >>*
* 3.5 TRANSITIONAL STRATEGIES
* *<< Discussion of issues and strategies that might be employed in the transition from ABA to SSI style deployments and from MOS services only on the ground to MOS services in flight >>*
* **4  FUNCTIONAL VIEW** 
  + 4.1  OVERVIEW
  + *<< Functional view covers the groups of functions and brief descriptions of their behaviors. >>*
  + 4.2  MO functions (M&C, Nav, MP, DA, OpsPrep, Common)
  + 4.3  SOIS functions (Time, File & Packet, Device Enum, Data Acq)
  + 4.4  INTEGRATED FLIGHT / GROUND functions (future territory, ???)
  + 4.6  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR FUNCTIONAL VIEW
  + *<< Specific security functions, encryption, authentication, key management. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
* **5  INFORMATION VIEW (Information objects)**
  + 5.1  GENERAL
  + *<< Information view covers the structure and contents of the various information objects that are defined. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 5.2  MO INFORMATION VIEWS (current MO materials, incomplete)
  + 5.3  SOIS INFORMATION VIEWS (EDS, “containers”, DoT, naming & resolution)
  + 5.4  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR INFORMATION VIEW
  + *<< Specific information / data security including for privacy purposes. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
* **6  SERVICE VIEW** 
  + 6.1  OVERVIEW
  + *<< Service view covers the nature, interfaces, and behaviors of the various Service objects that are defined. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 6.2  MO SERVICES (current MO tables)
  + 6.3  SOIS SERVICES (current SOIS tables)
  + 6.4  INTEGRATED FLIGHT / GROUND SERVICES (discussion)
  + 6.5  DEPENDENCE OF ASL SERVICES ON SCCS ARCHITECTURE
  + 6.6  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR SERVICE VIEW
  + *<< Secure service interfaces. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
* **7  COMMUNICATIONS VIEW (Protocol stacks)**
  + 7.1  GENERAL
  + *<< Communications view covers the protocol stacks that are defined. These will mostly, but not only, be associated with service interface bindings and should be thought of as “building blocks” for deploying services on nodes. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 7.2  ISO PROTOCOL STACK AND LAYER DEFINITIONS
  + *<< Borrow from SCCS-ADD. >>*
  + 7.3  SPECIFIC PROTOCOLS FOR MO SERVICE INTERFACE BINDING (MAL, lower level bindings (terrestrial & space), layered over SCCS links)
  + 7.4  MO END-TO-END PROTOCOL OPERATION (gnd-gnd, gnd-flight)
  + *<< Will have to have two phases, MO only terrestrially and MO in space. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 7.5  SPECIFIC PROTOCOLS FOR SOIS SERVICE INTERFACE BINDING (sub-net, message bus)
  + *<< Will need to address single S/C and also multi-S/C and Hab/EVA types of deployments. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 7.6  SOIS END-TO-END PROTOCOL OPERATION
  + *<< Will need to have two phases, ABA and SSI. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 7.7  REMAINING CHALLENGES TO PROTOCOL DEPLOYMENT
  + 7.8  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR PROTOCOL VIEW
  + *<< Secure protocols, link and network layer encryption are handled in SCCS-ADD, application service layer encryption, & authentication. Key management protocols. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
* **8  PHYSICAL VIEW (Representative component node / building blocks)**
  + 8.1  GENERAL
  + *<< Physical view covers the types of nodes that must be defined in addition to those* SCCS nodes (ESLT & other)*. Much of this is likely to just be specialization of the User Nodes types (Space User Node & Earth User Node) from the SCCS ADD. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 8.2  MO PHYSICAL ELEMENTS (MOC, P/SOC, archive, User, current lexicon?)
  + 8.3  SOIS PHYSICAL ELEMENTS (SOIS components, S/C of various kinds, orbital, relay, station, surface, formation, etc,)
  + 8.4  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR PHYSICAL VIEW
  + *<< Secure service sites (physical and logical). Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
* **9  END-TO-END DEPLOYMENT VIEW (Representative end-to-end with multiple connected components & protocols)**
  + 9.1  GENERAL
  + *<< End-to-end deployment views will just include a limited, but useful, set of examples. They cannot be exhaustive because there are un-countable numbers of possible deployments. The views will be end-to-end with a suitable set of nodes, protocol stacks, and application layer deployments. Anything still in the process of “becoming” gets marked [Future]. >>*
  + 9.2  MO END-TO-END DEPLOYMENT VIEWS
  + 9.3  SOIS END-TO-END DEPLOYMENT VIEWS
  + 9.4  SECURITY CONCEPTS FOR END-TO-END PROTOCOL VIEW

**ANNEX A ACRONYMS**

**ANNEX B BACKGROUND**