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Dear Member,

CEN NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL (NWIP)

DEFAULT UK VOTE: UK ABSTAIN – NO UK INTEREST COMMENTS TO delme.stephenson@bsigroup.com BEFORE 2017/06/05

Please find attached the following New Work Item Proposal [NWIP]:

CEN/CLC/TC 5 N 522, Space - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring - Observation System Data Message (OSDM)

CEN National Committees have been invited to approve this proposal based on the outline standard given.

As a member of the responsible BSI committee you are now asked to give your opinion on the vote to be returned to CEN and your comments on the attached draft.

If the UK is going to participate in the drafting for the standard then we need to supply the name of the UK expert for this project and would appreciate your recommendations.

Please notify the secretary if you are aware of any keywords that might assist in classifying or identifying the standard or if the content of this standard:

- i) has any issues related to 3rd party IPR, patent or copyright
- ii) affects other national standard(s)
- iii) is likely to require additional national guidance or information

If we do not hear from you by the above date, we will submit a vote of abstention and non-participation on behalf of the UK.

Yours sincerely

No.	Questions	Possible Answers	
1	We agree that a European standard on this subject is feasible and therefore agree to the addition of the proposed new Work Item to the program of work of the committee.	Yes No * abstain/No interest	
2	Standard(s), regulation(s) and other relevant documentation existing in our country, with any remarks concerning their application if necessary and consequences for global relevance, as well as copyright information on these documents are attached.	Yes (references provided below) * No	
3	Do you wish to add any additional comments?	Yes * No	
4	We are committeed to participate in the development of the project, at least by commenting on working drafts.	Yes (and we nominate experts below) * No	
(*) A Comment is required for this answer value.			

CEN/CLC/TC 5 N 522



NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL			
Closing date for voting	Reference number (to be given by the Secretariat)		
Date of circulation	CEN/TC / SC N		
Secretariat	CENELEC/TC / SC (Sec)		

IMPORTANT NOTE: Incomplete proposals risk rejection or referral to originator.

The proposer has considered the guidance given in Annexes 1 and 2 during the preparation of the NWIP

Proposal (to be completed by the proposer)

Title of the proposed deliverable (in the case of an amendment, revision or a new part of an existing document, show the reference number and current title)				
English title Space - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring - Observation System Data Message (OSDM)				
French and German title (if available)				
Scope of the proposed deliverable				
Standard describing a message used to exchange information about observation systems (eg telescopes and radars) for celestial objects, near-Earth objects (NEOs) and objects orbiting the Earth.				
Purpose and justification of the proposal				
Enable exchange of observing system description for Space Surveillance and Tracking and Near-Earth Objects monitoring systems.				
Is the proposal actively or probably in support of European regulation / legislation or established public policy?				
🖂 Yes 🗌 No				
If Yes, indicate if the proposal is				
 in relation to EC mandate(s): M/496 				
 in relation to EC Directive(s)/Regulation(s): 				
 in relation to other legislation or established public policy:(give details) 				
Indication(s) of the preferred type or types of deliverable(s) to be produced under the proposal.				
European Standard Harmonization Document* Technical Specification Technical Report				
* for CENELEC only				
* for CENELEC only Envisaged track				

Preparatory work (at a minimum an outline should be included ☐ A draft is attached ☐ An outline is attached basis	I with the proposal)				
The proposer or the proposer's organization is prepared to undertake the preparatory work required 🛛 Yes 🗌 No					
If a draft is attached to this proposal,:					
Please select from one of the following options (note the option):	at if no option is selected, the default will be the second				
 Draft document will be registered as a preliminary project in the committee's work programme (stage 00.60) Draft document will be registered as a new project in the committee's work programme (stage 20.00) Draft document can be submitted to UAP (FprEN – stage 50.20) 					
Known patented items					
☐ Yes	ide 8 and provide full information in an annex				
	vork may relate to or impact on existing work, especially proposer should explain how the work differs from any nflict will be minimized.				
Currently there is no work covering th	is topic.				
A listing of relevant existing documents at the intern CCSDS 503.0-B-1 Tracking Data Message Blue					
A simple and concise statement identifying and describing and medium sized enterprises) <u>in particular those who are</u> 2) and how they will each benefit from or be impacted by th Government – easier operation of SST/NEO systems Academic and research bodies – they will need to provide operate an observing system used for SST/NEO	immediately affected by the proposal (see Annexes 1 and ne proposed deliverable(s)				
Liaisons:	Joint/parallel work:				
A listing of relevant external European or international organizations or internal parties (other CEN, CENELEC, ISO and/or IEC committees) to which a liaison should be	Possible joint/parallel work with: CEN (please specify committee ID)				
established (in case of ISO and IEC committees via Vienna and Dresden Agreements).	CENELEC (please specify committee ID) ISO (please specify committee ID)				
ISO/TC 20/SC 13 (CCSDS) - Liaison	□ IEC (please specify committee ID)				
established	□ Other (please specify)				
Candidate for European – International cooperation? Vienna Agreement (ISO-CEN Agreement):					
☐ Yes ⊠ No ('Yes' meaning joint ISO-CEN development)					
Dresden Agreement (IEC-CENELEC Agreement):					
☐ Yes ⊠ No ('Yes' meaning that the NWI, if approved, is to be offered to IEC for taking up)					
Name of the Proposer (include contact details) Tim Flohrer ESA-ESOC Robert-Bosch-Strasse 5, DE-64293 Darmstadt, Germany T +49 6151 90 3058 Tim.flohrer@esa.int	Proposed Project Leader (include contact details) Tim Flohrer ESA-ESOC Robert-Bosch-Strasse 5, DE-64293 Darmstadt, Germany T +49 6151 90 3058 Tim.flohrer@esa.int				

Supplementary information relating to the proposal

This proposal relates to a new document;

This proposal relates to the adoption as an active project of an item currently registered as a Preliminary Work Item;

- This proposal relates to the re-establishment of a cancelled project as an active project.
- This proposal relates to a research project outcome

Members already known to support the proposal and willing to participate to the activities:... [Note: The proposal cannot usually be approved without a minimum of 5 national Members]

Annex(es) are included with this proposal (give details)

ESA-SSA-CEN-MEMO-00010 "Observing System Data Message (OSDM) proposed contents"

- Consumer protection and welfare
- Environment
- Innovation
- Support to:
 - -public policy
 - -European legislation/regulation
- Market access/barriers to trade, i.e. enhancing the free movement of:
 - services
 - goods
 - people
- Interoperability
- Health/Safety
- Terminology

Informative Annex 2 "Principal categories of stakeholders"

- Industry and commerce,
 - where particularly appropriate, to be identified separately as
 - Large enterprises (those employing 250 staff or more)
 - Small and medium sized enterprises (SME), (those employing 250 staff or fewer)
- Government
- Consumers

including those organizations representing interests of specific societal groups, e.g. people with disabilities or those needing other particular consideration)

- Labour
- Academic and research bodies
- Non-governmental organisations (NGO),
 - including organizations representing broad or specific environmental interests
- Standards application business (e.g. testing laboratories, certification bodies)

Sometimes it is valuable also identify the immediate affected stakeholders from industry and commerce in terms of their position in a product value chain, as follows:

- Supplier
- Manufacturer
- Intermediary (e.g. warehousing, transport, sales)
- Service provider
- User of the product or service
- Maintenance / disposal

NOTE: 'Immediately affected stakeholders' are considered to be those who, within the context of the proposal, would be in a position to implement the provisions of the intended standard(s) into their products, services or management practices.



First Working Draft

MEMO

Date	22/03/2017	Ref	ESA-SSA-CEN-MEMO-00010
From	Alexandru Mancas/ESA	Visa	
То	Daniel Fischer/ESA		
Сору	Tim Flohrer/ESA, Holger Krag/ESA, CEN	J/CENEI	LEC TC5 WG2

Subject: Observing System Data Message (OSDM) proposed contents

1 INTRODUCTION

A Space Surveillance and Tracking (SST) system detects and predicts the orbits of manmade space objects. The data generated by an SST system can be used to predict hazards to operational spacecraft, such as a conjunction with a debris object, or to ground-based infrastructure from a re-entering object. Any SST system can be considered – in a very simplified way – a 'processing pipeline' for observation data acquired by sensors (telescopes, radars or laser ranging stations). The end product of an SST system is an object catalogue, which must contain up-to-date orbit information for all objects over a certain size threshold.

Standardised messages already cover some of the SST data exchanges:

- Tracking Data Message (TDM) exchange of measurements from an observing system to the SST data processing pipeline
- Orbit Data Messages (ODM) include the Orbit Parameters Message (OPM), Orbit Ephemeris Message (OEM) and Orbit Mean Elements Message (OMM) and standardise the exchange of orbit data
- Conjunction Data Message (CDM) covers close approaches between space objects (sees widespread use these days)
- Re-entry Data Message (RDM) (in development) covers re-entry data
- Fragmentation Data Message (FDM) (proposed) covers fragmentations

One gap was identified in the ingestion of TDM data by an SST data processing system. The TDM identifies the observing system by a name and contains some extra information (eg signal path and band). One information missing is the location of the sensor, as this does not change and should be covered by an ICD. There is also other useful sensor information



(like MTBF or pointing limitations) that are useful for simulating the sensor or scheduling measurements from said sensor.

Once TDM data is ingesting, it is used for the following:

- Object correlation the actual measurements are compared to synthetic measurements for the objects in the catalogue to identify which object is observed (this can be done by the observing system as well)
- Orbit determination either initial orbit determination (for newly detected orbits) or refining an existing orbit

Both uses require knowing the exact position of the sensor, as all the reference systems are defined with the origin at the sensor. Information about the sensor type, wavelength and location are also needed to apply corrections to the measurements (eg annual aberration for optical measurements and ionospheric corrections for radars).

The Observing System Data/Description Message (OSDM) contains information on the sensors (radars, telescopes, laser-ranging stations) used in an (SSA) observation. It is not intended to contain the measurements themselves (the TDM exists for that purpose) or pointing information (the TCM or CCSDS PRM can serve those needs). The OSDM will bridge the gaps in sensor description identified above and ease both the operation and simulation of SST systems.

2 PROPOSED TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction
 - a. Purpose and scope
 - b. Applicability
 - c. Document structure
 - d. Conventions and definitions
 - e. References
- 2. Overview
- 3. Observing System Data Message structure and content
 - a. General
 - b. OSDM header
 - c. OSDM metadata/data
- 4. Observing System Data Message data and syntax
 - a. Overview
 - b. Common OSDM syntax
 - c. The OSDM in KVN (ASCII/plain text)
 - d. The OSDM in XML
- 5. Annexes
 - a. Examples
 - b. Summary sheet
 - c. Informative annexes

3 OSDM DRAFT CONTENTS

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The proposed OSDM follows the same conventions as the CCSDS (Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems) standards (eg TDM and OPM), which are already used by space agencies and industry. It is divided into a header (information about the message) and metadata/data section (actual data contained). The KVN (Keyword Value Notation) convention is used.

Keyword	Description of values	Normative Values/Examples	N/E	Obligatory
CEN_OSDM_VERS	Format version in the form of 'x.y',	0.6	Е	Yes
	where 'y' is incremented for corrections	1.0		
	and minor changes, and 'x' is			
	incremented for major changes.			
COMMENT	Comments (allowed in the SDM	This is a	Е	No
	Header only immediately after the	comment		
	SDM version number).			
CREATION_DATE	File creation date and time in UTC.	2001-11-	Е	Yes
		06T11:17:33		
		2002-		
		204T15:56:23		
ORIGINATOR	Creating agency or operator (value	CNES, ESOC,	E	Yes
	should be specified in an ICD). The	GSFC, GSOC,		
	country of origin should also be	JPL, JAXA,		
	provided where the originator is not a	INTELSAT/USA		
	national space agency.			

The table below shows the proposed contents of the OSDM header:

The table below shows the proposed contents of the OSDM metadata/data section:

Keyword	Description of values	Normative Values/Examples (N/E)	N/E	Obligatory
COMMENT	Comments (allowed only at the beginning of OSDM metadata)	This is a comment	E	No
SENSOR_NAME	name of the sensor	HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE	E	Yes
SENSOR_ID	identifier of the sensor (if any exists); it can be the COSPAR ID for an orbiting sensor. The Observatory ID from the IAU should be used for ground-based telescopes, if one exists.	IAC-80 2012-068A	E	No
SITE_NAME	name of the site where the sensor is located	EUROPEAN SOUTHERN OBSERVATORY MAUNA KEA OBSERVATORIES	E	No
SITE_ID	identified of the site (if any exists)	OAM1	E	No
SENSOR_TYPE	type of the sensor	ACTIVE OPTICAL PASSIVE OPTICAL RADAR	N	Yes
OPERATOR	entity operating the sensor	ESA NASA ESO	Е	Yes
OPERATOR_CONTACT_	Contact position of the	ORBITAL SAFETY	E	No



DOCTUTON	our on longer of the general			
POSITION	owner/operator of the sensor	ANALYST (OSA),		
		NETWORK		
		CONTROLLER	-	
OPERATOR_PHONE	Phone number of the contact	+123456789	E	No
	position or organization for the			
	sensor.			
OPERATOR_EMAIL	Email address of the contact	JOHN.DOE@	E	No
	position or organization of the	SOMEWHERE.NET		
	sensor.			
SUCCESS RATE	statistical success rate of the sensor	0.994	Е	No
—	(0 to 1)	0.341		
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures in	3394494934	Е	No
	hours		_	1.0
MTTR	Mean Time To Recover from a	0.44	Е	No
	failure in hours	0.11	12	110
WEATHER PREDICTIO	probability of bad visibility due to	0.00007	Е	No
—			E	NO
N	bad weather (from 0 to 1)	0.898		27
REF_SLEW_TIME	reference time needed for pointing	3.634	E	No
	[s]			
REF_MIN_DEAD_TIME	minimum dead time between two	10.0	E	No
	different exposures of a give field			
	[s]			
LOCATION TYPE	where is the sensor located; the	GROUND-BASED	Е	Yes
—	values allowed should be specified	ORBIT		
	in an ICD	SHIPBORNE		
		AIRBORNE		
CENTRAL BODY	celestial body on which the sensor	EARTH	Е	Yes
	is locater or which the sensor is	MARS	_	100
	orbiting			
REFERENCE_FRAME	reference frame for the sensor's	ITRF-97	Е	Yes
	coordinates	GCRF	Ц	105
DEEEDENCE EDOCU	Epoch at which the state vector is	2001-11-	Е	No
REFERENCE_EPOCH		06T11:17:33	L	NO
	given. Mandatory for inertial			
	reference frames	2002-		
		204T15:56:23	_	
Х	x-coordinate of the sensor's state	3145.122	E	No
	vector [km]; may be omitted if			
	position is given as lon, lat, alt,			
	otherwise compulsory		_	
Y	y-coordinate of the sensor's state	2341.23	Ε	No
	vector [km]; may be omitted if			
	position is given as lon, lat, alt,			
	otherwise compulsory			
Z	z-coordinate of the sensor's state	1231.234	Е	No
	vector [km]; may be omitted if			
	position is given as lon, lat, alt,			
	otherwise compulsory			
X DOT	x-component of the velocity [km/s]	3.142	Е	No
	(for orbiting telescopes mainly)	~ •		
V DOT	y-component of the velocity [km/s]	3.142	Е	No
Y_DOT	(for orbiting telescopes mainly)	J.142		nu
E DOE		2 1 4 0		No
Z_DOT	z-component of the velocity [km/s]	3.142	E	No
	(for orbiting telescopes mainly)	2.450	-	
LON	Sensor location longitude [deg] in	3.452	E	No
	WGS-84 (only for ground based			
	sensors); compulsory if position is	1	1	



		n.		
	not given in X,Y,Z, otherwise			
	optional			
LAT	Sensor location latitude [deg] in	25.234	E	No
	WGS-84 (only for ground based			
	sensors); compulsory if position is			
	not given in X,Y,Z			
ALT	Sensor location altitude [m] in	2245	E	No
	WGS-84 (only for ground based			
	sensors); compulsory if position is			
	not given in X,Y,Z, otherwise			
	optional			
EPHEMERIS_FILE	identifier of an ODM		E	No
	(OPM/OEM/OMM) with the orbit			
	of a space-based sensor			
RADAR_FENCE_MIN_E	the min radar fence elevation [deg]	11.33	E	No
LEV				
RADAR_FENCE_MAX_E	the max radar fence elevation [deg]	90	E	No
LEV				
RADAR_FENCE_MIN_A	the min radar fence azimuth [deg]	90	E	No
ZIMUTH				
RADAR_FENCE_MAX_A	the max radar fence azimuth [deg]	270	E	No
ZIMUTH				
MINIMUM_MOON_DIST	minimum angular distance to the	5.342	E	No
ANCE	Moon (in degrees) for telescopes			
MINIMUM_SUN_DISTA	minimum angular distance to the	94.44	Е	No
NCE	Sun (in degrees) for telescopes			
MINIMUM_GP_DISTAN	minimum distance to the Galactic	3.22	Е	No
CE	Plane (in degrees) for telescopes			
RADAR_REF_DISTANC	distance at which the reference RCS	3400	Е	No
E	is given [km]			
RADAR_REF_RCS	minimum cross-section (in m**2)	0.22	E	No
	the radar will detect at			
	RADAR_REF_DISTANCE			
TELESCOPE_MAX_VM	Faintest (VM) the passive optical	16	E	No
	sensor can observe			
RANGE_SIGMA	Expected accuracy for range [km]	0.040	E	No
DOPPLER_SIGMA	Expected accuracy for Doppler	0.010	E	No
	range rate [km/s]			
ANGULAR_SIGMA	Expected accuracy for angular	0.0001	E	No
	observations [deg]			
VM_SIGMA	Expected accuracy for visual	0.1	E	No
	magnitude			
TIME_BIAS	Time bias of the sensor [s]	0.2	E	No
TIME_DRIFT	Time drift of the sensor [s/s]	0.002	E	No
TELESCOPE_CCD_DET	CCD detector size [pixels]	2000x2000	E	No
ECTOR_SIZE				
TELESCOPE_APERTUR	Aperture diameter of the telescope	20.0	E	No
E_DIAMETER	[mm]			
TELESCOPE_APERTUR	Aperture area of the telescope	200.0	E	No
E_AREA	[mm**2]			
TELESCOPE_FOCAL_L	Focal length of telescope [mm]	500.0	Е	No
ENGTH — —				
TELESCOPE TRACKIN	Tracking mode of telescope. It can	'SIDEREAL'	N	No
G MODE –	be sidereal (= following the stars),	'FIXED'		
—	fixed (w.r.t. the Earth, e.g. used for	'OFFSET'		
		I		1



	observing geostationary objects), or offset.			
TELESCOPE CCD TEM	The temperature of the CCD. This	20	E	No
PERATURE	must be given at least if the images			
	are not calibrated, preferably all the			
	time			
TELESCOPE_X_BINNI	Binning in axis 1 of the telescope	2	E	No
NG	camera			
TELESCOPE_Y_BINNI	Binning in axis 2 of the telescope	2	E	No
NG	camera			

4 OSDM EXAMPLE

Below you can see an example OSDM for the European Extremely Large Telescope in Chile:

CEN_SDM_VERS	= 0.1
	comment in the header.
	= 2015-07-07T07:07:07
ORIGINATOR	= ESOC
	comment in the metadata.
	= EXAMPLE TELESCOPE
SENSOR_ID	= ESOC/ET
SENSOR_ID SITE_NAME SITE_ID	= TENERIFE
0110_10	= TF
SENSOR_TYPE	= PASSIVE OPTICAL
OPERATOR	= EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY
LOCATION_TYPE	= GROUND_BASED
CENTRAL BODY	= EARTH
REFERENCE FRAME	= ITRF-2000
X –	= -6038.5
Y	= -1943.7
Z	= 644.55
LON	= -3.453
LAT	= 25.234
ALT	= 2245
TELESCOPE MAX VM	= 15
ANGULAR_SIGMA	= 0.0001
	= 0.2
TIME BIAS	= 0.2
—	



Chairman Secretary Wolfgang Veith Kristofer Proll Kristofer.proll@din.de +49 30 2601 2808

Draft Decision C62/2017 via Correspondence

Adoption of a New Work Item

"Space - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring - Observation System Data Message (OSDM)"

Expected Action	Use CIB to vote on the adoption of a New Work Item
Who	CEN/CLC/TC 5 members
Due Date	2017-06-19
Background	CEN/CLC/TC 5/WG 2 proposed to register and develop the following European Standard as shown in document CEN/CLC/TC 5 N 522: "Space - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring - Observation System Data Message (OSDM)"
	According to CEN rules, at least 5 member states are needed for the registration of a New Work Item. Please cast your vote on the CEN Balloting Portal.



Draft Decision CEN/CLC/TC 5 C62/2017 taken on 2017-XX-XX

Subject: Adoption of a New Work Item

CEN/CLC/TC 5 - Space

- having considered the proposal for a new work item as documented in CEN/CLC/TC 5 N 522
- having considered the Guidance Adoption of a new work item in a CEN Technical Committee as documented in the BOSS
- confirming that the new work item falls within its scope
- confirming that the new work item corresponds to real market needs
- confirming that the resources to complete the work below are available
- decides to register the work item described below in its active programme of work

Section	Details
1. Deliverable	EN
2. This item corresponds to	A new project
3. Document developed in drafting body	CEN/CLC/TC 5/WG 2 - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring
4. Title	Space - Space Situational Awareness Monitoring - Observation System Data Message (OSDM)
5. Scope	This Standard describes a message used to exchange information about observation systems (e.g. telescopes and radars) for celestial objects, near-Earth objects (NEOs) and objects orbiting the Earth.
6. Environmental aspects	None of the above: No environmental aspects apply for this work item.
7. How do you plan to address these environmental aspects?	Bring in environmental expertise to the WG
8. Vienna Agreement	No or expected CEN lead
9. The project is linked to	No document from another organization
10. Track	Enquiry + Formal Vote (ENQ+FV)
11. Related mandate(s)	Yes M/496
12. Related directive(s)	No

DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung e. V.



13. Commitment	The following CEN members (at least five) are committed to participate in the development of the project:
14. The decision was taken by	