

Recommendation for Space Data System Standards

TRACKING DATA MESSAGE

REVISED RECOMMENDED STANDARD

CCSDS 503.0-P-1.0.4CCSDS 503.0-P-1.0.3

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In those instances when a new version of a **Recommended Standard** is issued, existing CCSDS-related member standards and implementations are not negated or deemed to be non-CCSDS compatible. It is the responsibility of each member to determine when such standards or implementations are to be modified. Each member is, however, strongly encouraged to direct planning for its new standards and implementations towards the later version of the Recommended Standard.

FOREWORD

This document is a Recommended Standard for tracking data messages and has been prepared by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS). The tracking data message described in this Recommended Standard is the baseline concept for tracking data interchange applications that are cross-supported between Agencies of the CCSDS. This Recommended Standard establishes a common framework and provides a common basis for the format of tracking data exchange between space agencies. It allows implementing organizations within each Agency to proceed coherently with the development of compatible derived standards for the flight and ground systems that are within their cognizance. Derived Agency standards may implement only a subset of the optional features allowed by the Recommended Standard and may incorporate features not addressed by this Recommended Standard.

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

1.1.1 This Tracking Data Message (TDM) Recommended Standard specifies a standard message format for use in exchanging spacecraft tracking data between space agencies. Such exchanges are used for distributing tracking data output from routine interagency cross-supports in which spacecraft missions managed by one agency are tracked from a tracking station managed by a second agency. The standardization of tracking data formats facilitates space agency allocation of tracking sessions to alternate tracking resources.

1.1.2 This document includes requirements and criteria that the message format has been designed to meet. For exchanges where these requirements do not capture the needs of the participating Agencies another mechanism may be selected.

1.2 SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY

1.2.1 This Recommended Standard contains the specification for a Tracking Data Message designed for applications involving tracking data interchange between space data systems. Tracking data includes data types such as Doppler, transmit/received frequencies, range, angles, Delta-DOR, DORIS, PRARE, media correction, weather, etc. The rationale behind the design of the message is described in annex F and may help the application engineer construct a suitable message. It is acknowledged that this version of the Recommended Standard may not apply to every single tracking session or data type; however, it is desired to focus on covering approximately the '95% level' of tracking scenarios, and to expand the coverage in future versions as experience with the TDM is gained.

1.2.2 This message is suited to inter-agency exchanges that involve automated interaction. The attributes of a TDM make it primarily suitable for use in computer-to-computer communication because of the large amount of data typically present. The TDM is generally intended to be used in conjunction with an Interface Control Document (ICD) written jointly by the service provider and customer agency. The ICD outlines TDM options that have been exercised in the specific implementation.

1.2.3 Definition of the accuracy pertaining to any particular TDM is outside the scope of this Recommended Standard and should be specified via an Interface Control Document (ICD) between data exchange participants.

1.2.4 This Recommended Standard is applicable only to the message format and content, but not to its transmission. The method of transmitting the message between exchange partners is beyond the scope of this document and should be specified in the ICD. Message transmission could be based on a CCSDS data transfer protocol, file based transfer protocol such as SFTP, stream-oriented media, or other secure transmission mechanism. In general, the transmission mechanism must not place constraints on the technical data content of a TDM.

1.2.5 There are some specific exclusions to the TDM, as listed below:

1.2.5.1 Satellite Laser Ranging (SLR) 'Fullrate' and/or 'Normal Points' format (sometimes referred to as 'Quicklook'), which are already transferred via a standardized format documented at <u>http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/;</u>

1.2.5.2 Exchanges of raw Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) data, which is standardized via the RINEX format (<u>https://igscb.jpl.nasa.gov/components/formats.html</u><u>www.igs.org</u>);

1.2.5.3 Global Positioning Satellite (GPS) navigation point solutions, which are standardized via the SP3 format (http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/orbits/);¹

1.2.5.4 Optical data from navigation cameras (pixel based, row-column, etc.);

1.2.5.5 LIDAR data (which may include a laser range finder); however, such data could conceivably be transferred via TDM with a 'RANGE' keyword (see 3.5.2.7); and

1.2.5.6 Altimeter data; however, such data could conceivably be transferred via TDM with a 'RANGE' keyword (see 3.5.2.7).

<u>1.2.6</u> Description of the message format based on the use of eXtensible Markup Language (XML) is now detailed in Section 5 of this document. Changes in Version 2 of the Tracking Data Message include:

1.2.6.1 Description of the message format based on the use of eXtensible Markup Language (XML) is now detailed in Section 5 of this document.

1.2.6.2 References, including inline references to various websites, have been updated as applicable.

1.2.6.3 The labeling of several annexes has changed, primarily in order to respond to changing CCSDS document requirements, e.g., the Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) (Annex B) was added, causing several prior annex labels to shift; and the Security section was converted from a main document section (5) to an Annex (G).

1.2.6.4 The SANA Registry is now a source of values for some keywords, as noted in the relevant tables.

1.2.6.5 A few optional keywords have been added to the TDM Metadata and Data sections to reflect new requirements.

1.2.6.6 The word "obligatory" is no longer used; "mandatory" is substituted based on the requirements of the ICS.

1.2.61.2.6.7 There are several new Data Section keywords added based on suggestions/recommendations by TDM version 1 users. These include transmit/receive phase; optical magnitude and radar cross section based on space situational awareness applications; and Doppler counts. For each of these new data types there are one or more related Metadata Section keywords.

1.3 CONVENTIONS AND DEFINITIONS

1.3.1 Conventions and definitions of navigation concepts such as reference frames, time systems, etc., are provided in reference [1][1][1].

1.3.2 The following conventions apply throughout this Recommended Standard<u>for the</u> normative specifications in this document:

- the words 'shall' and 'must' imply a binding and verifiable specification;

¹ It has been suggested that the statement regarding navigation solutions being standardized by SP3 is not correct, because SP3 prescribes equidistant data (ephemerides), which are in general not provided by each GPS/GNSS receiver. It was proposed that the navigation solution data (epoch, x, y, z, v_x, v_y, v_z) should be provided in the TDM, with the velocities as optional values. However, this would require major changes to the TDM that are contrary to its intended purpose. As an alternative, the CCSDS Orbit Data Messages OEM (Orbit Ephemeris Message) (reference [4]) could be used to convey the navigation solution if all position and velocity components are transferred. The OEM is already set up to convey all the required values, and can be used to convey orbit reconstructions as well as orbit predictions. Also, the CCSDS Navigation Hardware Message (work in progress) will be designed to include the GPS point solutions.

- the word 'should' implies an optional, but desirable, specification;
- the word 'may' implies an optional specification;
- -____the words 'is', 'are', and 'will' imply statements of fact.

- <u>NOTE</u> – These conventions do not imply constraints on diction in text that is clearly informative in nature.

- The word 'participant' denotes an entity that has the ability to acquire or broadcast navigation messages and/or radio frequencies, for example, a spacecraft, a quasar, a tracking station, a tracking instrument, or an agency.
- The term 'agency' denotes an exchange partner. This usage is due to the history of the CCSDS, which was formed as a coalition of the world's space agencies. Over time, as the space industry and the CCSDS have evolved, there is a wider group of organizations (e.g., military, commercial) that could utilize CCSDS standards. In this document, the term 'agency' is meant to encompass any and all of these exchange partners.
- The term 'n/a' or 'N/A' denotes an attribute that is not applicable or not available.

1.3.3 The following conventions for unit notations apply throughout this Recommended Standard. Insofar as possible, an effort has been made to use units that are part of the International System of Units (SI Units); units are either SI base units, SI derived units, or units outside the SI that are accepted for use with the SI (see reference [8]). There are a small number of specific cases where units that are more widely used in the navigation community are specified, but every effort has been made to minimize these departures from the SI.

%:	per_cent
dBHz:	decibels referenced to one Hz
dBW:	decibels referenced to one Watt
deg:	degrees of plane angle
hPa:	hectoPascal
Hz:	Hertz
K:	Kelvin
km:	kilometers
m:	meters
m**2:	square meters
RU:	range units
S:	seconds
TECU:	Total Electron Count Units

1.4 STRUCTURE OF THIS DOCUMENT

1.4.1 Section 2 provides a brief overview of the CCSDS-recommended Tracking Data Message (TDM).

1.4.2 Section 3 provides details about the structure and content of the TDM.

1.4.3 Section 4 provides details about the syntax used in the TDM.

1.4.4 Section 5 discusses a CCSDS <u>XML</u> schema for the TDM<u>, and how to create an XML</u> instantiation of a TDM.

1.4.5 Annex A provides a normative list of approved values for selected TDM Metadata Section keywords.

1.4.6 Annex B discusses the provides an Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) for the TDM.

1.4.7 Annex C lists a number of items that should be covered in interagency ICDs prior to exchanging TDMs on a regular basis. There are several statements throughout the document that refer to the desirability or necessity of such a document; this annex consolidates all the suggested ICD items in a single list.

1.4.8 Annex D shows how various tracking scenarios can be accommodated using the TDM, via several examples.

1.4.9 Annex E contains a list of informative references.

1.4.10 Annex F lists a set of requirements and desirable characteristics that were taken into consideration in the design of the TDM.

1.4.11 Annex G discusses security, the Space Assigned Numbers Authority (SANA), and patent considerations with respect to the TDM

1.4.12 Annex H is a list of abbreviations and acronyms applicable to the TDM.

1.4.13 Annex I provides a TDM Summary Sheet, or 'Quick Reference'.

1.5 REFERENCES

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommended Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All documents are subject to revision, and users of this Recommended Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the documents indicated below. The CCSDS Secretariat maintains a register of currently valid CCSDS Recommended Standards.

- [1] *Navigation Data—Definitions and Conventions*. Report Concerning Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 500.0-G-3. Green Book. Issue 3. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, May 2010.
- [2] Information Technology—8-Bit Single-Byte Coded Graphic Character Sets—Part 1: Latin Alphabet No. 1. International Standard, ISO/IEC 8859-1:1998. Geneva: ISO, 1998.
- [3] *Time Code Formats*. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 301.0-B-4. Blue Book. Issue 4. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, November, 2010.
- [4] *Orbit Data Messages*. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 502.0-B-2. Blue Book. Issue 2. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, November 2009.
- [6] *XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes*. 2nd ed. P. Biron and A. Malhotra, eds. W3C Recommendation 28. n.p.: W3C, 2004.
- [7] *IEEE Standard for Binary Floating-Point Arithmetic*. IEEE Std 754-2008. New York: IEEE, 2008.
- [8] *The International System of Units (SI)*. 8th ed. Sèvres, France: BIPM, 2006, updated 2014.

- [9] *Attitude Data Messages*. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 504.0-B-1. Blue Book. Issue 1. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, May 2008.
- [10] XML Specification for Navigation Data Messages. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 505.0-B-1. Blue Book. Issue 1. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, December 2010.
- [11] Henry S. Thompson, et al., eds. XML Schema Part 1: Structures. 2nd ed. W3C Recommendation. N.p.: W3C, October 2004. http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-1-20041028/>
- [12] United Nations Office for Outer Space Affiars, Outer Space Objects Index, http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/osoindex/index.jspx
- NOTE Informative references are provided in annex E.

2 OVERVIEW

2.1 GENERAL

This section provides a high-level overview of the CCSDS recommended Tracking Data Message, a message format designed to facilitate standardized exchange of spacecraft tracking data between space agencies.

2.2 THE TRACKING DATA MESSAGE (TDM) BASIC CONTENT

The TDM is realized as a sequence of plain-ASCII text lines (reference [2]), which 2.2.1 may be in either a file format or a real-time stream. The content is separated into three basic types of computer data structure as described in section 3. The TDM architecture takes into account that some aspects of tracking data change on a measurement-by-measurement basis (data); some aspects change less frequently, but perhaps several times per track (metadata); and other aspects change only rarely, e.g., once per track or perhaps less frequently (header). The TDM makes it possible to convey a variety of tracking data used in the orbit determination process in a single data message (e.g., standard Doppler and range radiometrics in a variety of tracking modes, transmit/receive frequencies, VLBI data, antenna pointing angles, etc.). To aid in precision trajectory modeling, additional ancillary information may be included within a TDM if it is desired and/or available (e.g., media corrections, meteorological data, clock data, and other ancillary data). Facilities for documenting comments are provided.

2.2.2 The Tracking Data Message in this version of the Recommended Standard is ASCIItext formatted. While binary-based tracking data message formats are computer efficient and minimize overhead during data transfer, there are ground-segment applications for which an ASCII character-based message is more appropriate. For example, ASCII format characterbased tracking data representations are useful in transferring data between heterogeneous computing systems, because the ASCII character set is nearly universally used and is interpretable by all popular systems. In addition, direct human-readable dumps of text to displays, emails, documents or printers are possible without preprocessing. The penalty for this convenience is some measure of inefficiency (based on early tests, such penalty would be greatly reduced if the data is compressed for transmission).

2.2.3 The ASCII text in a TDM can be exchanged in either of two formats: a 'keyword-value notation' format (KVN) or an XML format. The KVN formatted TDM and XML formatted TDM are described in this document. Further information on XML is detailed in an integrated XML schema document for all Navigation Data Messages (reference **Error! Reference source not found.**[10]). It is recommended that exchange participants specify in the ICD which TDM ASCII format will be exchanged, the KVN or the XML format.

2.2.4 Normally a TDM will contain tracking data for a single spacecraft participant, unless the tracking session is spacecraft-to-spacecraft in nature. If a tracking operation involves information from multiple spacecraft participants tracked from the ground, the data may be included in a single TDM by using multiple segments (see 3.1); or multiple TDMs may be used, one per spacecraft participant.

2.2.5 For a given spacecraft participant, multiple tracking data messages could be provided in a message exchange session to achieve the tracking data requirements of the participating agencies (e.g., launch supports with periodically delivered TDMs, or other critical events such as maneuvers, encounters, etc.).

2.2.6 Provisions for the frequency of exchange and special types of exchanges should be specified in an ICD.

3 TRACKING DATA MESSAGE STRUCTURE AND CONTENT 3.1 GENERAL

3.1.1 The TDM shall consist of digital data represented as ASCII text lines (see reference [2][2][2]) in KVN format (see section 4) or XML format (see Section 5). The lines constituting a TDM shall be represented as a combination of:

- a) a Header (see 3.2);
- b) a Metadata Section (data about data) (see 3.3); and
- c) a Data Section (tracking data represented as 'Tracking Data Records') (see 3.4).

Optional comments may appear in specified locations in the Header, Metadata, and Data Sections (see 4.5).

3.1.2 Taken together, the Metadata Section and its associated Data Section shall be called a TDM Segment.

3.1.3 Each TDM shall have a Header and a Body. The TDM Body shall consist of one or more TDM Segments. There shall be no limit to the number of Segments in a given TDM Body, beyond practical constraints, as shown in table 3-13-13-1. Each Segment shall consist of a Metadata Section and a Data Section that consists of a minimum of one Tracking Data Record. Therefore, the overall structure of the TDM shall be:

- TDM = Header + Body;
- Body = Segment [+ Segment + ... + Segment];
- Segment = Metadata Section + Data Section;
- Data Section = Tracking Data Record (TDR) [+TDR + TDR ... + TDR].

Item			Mandatory?
Header			Yes
Body	Segment 1	Metadata 1	Yes
		Data 1	
	Segment 2	Metadata 2	N
		Data 2	No
	-		
	Segment n	Metadata n	No
		Data n	INU

3.1.4 The TDM shall consist of tracking data for one or more tracking participants at multiple epochs contained within a specified time range. (Note that the term 'participant' applies equally to spacecraft, quasars, tracking stations, and agency centers, as discussed in reference [1][1][1][1]. Thus there may exist Tracking Data Messages for which there is no applicable spacecraft.) Generally, but not necessarily, the time range of a TDM may correspond to a 'tracking pass'.

3.1.5 The TDM shall be easily readable by both humans and computers.

3.1.6 It shall be possible to exchange a TDM either as a real-time stream or as a file.

3.1.7 The TDM file naming scheme should be agreed to on a case-by-case basis between the participating agencies, and should be specified in an ICD.

3.1.8 The method of exchanging TDMs shall be decided on a case-by-case basis by the participating agencies and should be documented in an ICD. The exchange method shall not constrain the tracking data content.

3.2 TDM HEADER

3.2.1 The TDM shall include a Header that consists of information that identifies the basic parameters of the message. The first Header line must be the first non-blank line in the message.

3.2.2 A description of TDM Header items and values is provided in table 3-23-23-2, which specifies for each item:

- the keyword to be used;
- a short description of the item;
- examples of allowed values; and
- whether the item is mandatory or optional.

3.2.3 Only those keywords shown in table 3-23-23-2 shall be used in a TDM Header. The order of occurrence of the mandatory and optional KVN assignments shall be fixed as shown in table 3-23-23-2.

Keyword	Description	Examples	Mandatory
CCSDS_TDM_VERS	Format version in the form of ' $x.y$ ', where ' y ' shall be incremented for corrections and minor changes, and ' x ' shall be incremented for major changes.	 0.12 (for testing) 1.0 (previous 2007 version) 2.0 (this version) 	Yes
COMMENT	See 4.5.	COMMENT This is a comment	No
CREATION_DATE	Data creation date/time in UTC. For format specification, see 4.3.9.	2001-11-06T11:17:33 2002-204T15:56:23.4 2006-001T00:00:00Z	Yes
ORIGINATOR	Creating agency. Value should be an entry in the SANA Registry http://sanaregistry.org/r/organizatio ns/organizations.html	CNES, ESOCESA , GSFC, GSOCDLR, JPL, JAXA, etc.	Yes

 Table 3-2:
 TDM Header

3.2.4 Each line in the TDM Header, with the exception of COMMENTs, shall have the following generic format:

keyword = value (

3.2.5 The TDM Header shall provide a CCSDS Tracking Data Message version number that identifies the format version; this is included to anticipate future changes and to provide the ability to extend the standard with no disruption to existing users. The version keyword is CCSDS_TDM_VERS and the value shall have the form of x.y where y is incremented for corrections and minor changes, and x is incremented for major changes. Version 1.0 shall be reserved for the initial version accepted by the CCSDS as an official Recommended Standard ('Blue Book'). Interagency testing of TDMs shall be conducted using version numbers less than 1.0 (e.g., '0.y'). Specific TDM versions that will be exchanged between agencies should be documented via the ICD.

3.2.6 The TDM Header shall include the CREATION_DATE keyword with the value set to the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) when the data was created (file creation time if in file format, or first data point in stream), as specified in reference [3][3][3] (ASCII Time Code A or B).

3.3 TDM METADATA

3.3.1 GENERAL

3.3.1.1 The TDM shall include at least one Metadata Section that contains configuration details (metadata) applicable to the Data Section in the same TDM Segment. The information in the Metadata Section aligns with the tracking data to provide descriptive information (typically, the metadata is the type of information that does not change frequently during a tracking session).

3.3.1.2 Each line in the TDM Metadata Section, with the exception of COMMENTs, shall have the following generic format:

keyword = value

3.3.1.3 A single TDM Metadata Section shall precede each Data Section.

3.3.1.4 When there are changes in the values assigned to any of the keywords in the Metadata Section, a new Segment must be started (e.g., mode change from one-way to two-way tracking).

3.3.1.5 The first and last lines of a TDM Metadata Section shall consist of the META_START and META_STOP keywords, respectively. These keywords are used to facilitate parsing.

3.3.1.6 Table 3-3-3-3 specifies for each Metadata item:

- the keyword to be used;
- a short description of the item;
- a list of required values or examples of allowed values; and
- whether the item is mandatory or not mandatory optional.

The column marked 'N/E' will contain an 'N' if the column marked 'Normative Values / Examples' contains normative values, and will contain an 'E' if the column contains example values that are non-normative. For normative values, a fully enumerated set of values may be provided, or the contents of table 3-33-3-3 may be a sample of values that are fully enumerated in an annex or table. In this latter case, the necessary annex or table is identified. **3.3.1.7** Only those keywords shown in table 3-33-3-3 shall be used in a TDM Metadata Section. Mandatory items shall appear in every TDM Metadata Section. Items that are not mandatoryoptional may or may not appear in any given TDM Metadata Section, at the discretion of the data producer, based on the requirements of the data and its intended application (see annex I for a TDM Summary Sheet that illustrates the relationships between data types and metadata). For most metadata keywords there is no default value; where there is a default value, it is specified at the end of the 'Description' section for the given keyword. If a keyword is not present in a TDM, and a default value is defined, the default shall be assumed.

3.3.1.8 The order of occurrence of the mandatory and optional KVN assignments shall be fixed as shown in table 3-3-3-3-3.

3.3.1.9 The Metadata Section shall describe the participants in a tracking session using the keyword 'PARTICIPANT_n'. There may be several participants associated with a tracking data session (the number of participants is always greater than or equal to one, and generally

greater than or equal to two). The 'n' in the keyword is an indexer. The indexer shall not be the same for any two participants in a given Metadata Section.

3.3.1.10 The value associated with any given PARTICIPANT_n keyword may be a ground tracking station, a spacecraft, a quasar catalog name; or may include non-traditional objects, such as landers, rovers, balloons, etc. The list of eligible names that is used to specify participants should be documented in the ICD. Subsections 3.3.2 through 3.3.2.7 provide an explanation of the tracking modes and participant numbers. Participants may generally be listed in any order.

3.3.1.11 In this version of the TDM, the maximum number of participants per segment shall be five. If more than five participants are defined (i.e., PARTICIPANT_6 +), then special arrangements between exchange participants are necessary. These arrangements should be documented in an ICD. Note that although the restriction to five participants may appear to be a constraint it is probably not, because of other aspects of the TDM structure. Five participants easily allow the user to describe the great majority of tracking passes. In some cases there may be 'critical event' tracking sessions in which a single spacecraft is tracked by a large number of antennas, such that the total number of participants appears to be six or more. However, because of the nature of the 'PATH' keyword, several TDM Segments with 5 or fewer participants would be required to describe the full set of tracking data. For the critical event example scenario just given, one TDM Segment would be used to describe the two-way connection, and one additional segment would be required for each three-way connection; it would not be possible to provide a single 'PATH' statement that would convey the multiple signal paths.

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
META_START	The META_START keyword shall delineate the start of the TDM Metadata Section within the message. It must appear on a line by itself; i.e., it shall have no parameters, timetags or values.	N/A		Yes
COMMENT	See 4.5. Note that if comments are used in the metadata, they shall only appear at the beginning of the Metadata Section.	COMMENT file = tdm.dat	Е	No
DATA_TYPES	Comma separated list of data types in the Data Section. The elements of the list are the data types shown in Table 3-5, with the exception of the DATA_START, DATA_STOP, and COMMENT keywords.	See Table 3-5	Ν	No
TIME_SYSTEM	The TIME_SYSTEM keyword shall specify the time system used for timetags in the associated Data Section. This should be UTC for ground-based data. The value associated with this keyword must be selected from the full set of allowed values enumerated in annex A.	UTC, TAI, GPS, SCLK	E	Yes
START_TIME	The START_TIME keyword shall specify the UTC start time of the total time span covered by the tracking data immediately following this Metadata Section. For format specification, see 4.3.9.	1996-12- 18T14:28:15.1172 1996-277T07:22:54 2006-001T00:00:00Z	Е	No
STOP_TIME	The STOP_TIME keyword shall specify the UTC stop time of the total time span covered by the tracking data immediately following this Metadata Section. For format specification, see 4.3.9.	1996-12- 18T14:28:15.1172 1996-277T07:22:54 2006-001T00:00:002	Е	No

Table 3-3: TDM Metadata Section

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
PARTICIPANT_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	The PARTICIPANT_n keyword shall represent the participants in a tracking data session. It is indexed to allow unambiguous reference to other data in the TDM (max index is 5). At least two participants must be specified for most sessions; for some special TDMs such as tropospheric media only, only one participant need be listed. Participants may include ground stations, spacecraft, quasars, and or debris fragments. Participants represent the classical transmitting parties, transponding parties, and receiving parties, while allowing for flexibility to consider tracking sessions that go beyond the familiar one-way spacecraft- ground, etc. Participants may be listed in any order, and the PATH keywords specify the signal paths. For spacecraft identifiers, there is no CCSDS-based restriction on the value for this keyword, but names could be drawn from the United Nations Outer Space Objects Index (reference [12]), which includes Object name and international designator of the participant. The list of eligible names that is used to specify participants should be documented in the ICD.	DSS-63-S400K ROSETTA <quasar catalog="" name=""> 1997-061A</quasar>	E	Yes (at least one)
MODE	The MODE keyword shall reflect the tracking mode associated with the Data Section of the segment. The value 'SEQUENTIAL' applies only for frequencies, phase, range, Doppler, optical, angles, and line-of-sight ionosphere calibrations; the name implies a sequential signal path between tracking participants. The value 'SINGLE_DIFF' applies for differenced data. In other cases, such as troposphere, weather, clocks, etc., use of the MODE keyword does not apply.	SEQUENTIAL SINGLE_DIFF	Ν	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
PATH PATH_1, PATH_2	The PATH keywords shall reflect the signal path by listing the index of each participant in order, separated by commas, with no inserted white space. The integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 used to specify the signal path are correlated with the indices of the PARTICIPANT keywords. The first entry in the PATH shall be the transmit participant. The non-indexed 'PATH' keyword shall be used if the MODE is SEQUENTIAL (i.e., MODE=SEQUENTIAL is specified). The indexed 'PATH_1' and 'PATH_2' keywords shall be used where the MODE is 'SINGLE_DIFF'. Examples: 1,2 = one-way; 2,1,2 = two-way; 3,2,1 = three-way; 1,2,3,4 = four-way.	PATH = 1,2,1 PATH_1 = 1,2,1 PATH_2 = 3,1	Е	No
EPHEMERIS_NAME_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	Unique name of the external ephemeris file used for tracking one of the n PARTICIPANTs. The 'n' corresponds to the 'n' associated with the PARTICIPANT keyword (e.g., EPHEMERIS_NAME_1, if present, applies to PARTICIPANT_1).	SATELLITE_A_EPHEM27	Ε	No
TRANSMIT_BAND	The TRANSMIT_BAND keyword shall indicate the frequency band for transmitted frequencies. The frequency ranges associated with each band should be specified in the ICD.	S X Ka L UHF	Е	No
RECEIVE_BAND	The RECEIVE_BAND keyword shall indicate the frequency band for received frequencies. Although not required in general, the RECEIVE_BAND must be present if the MODE is SINGLE_DIFF and differenced frequencies or differenced range are provided in order to allow proper frequency dependent corrections to be applied. The frequency ranges associated with each band should be specified in the ICD.	S X Ka L UHF	Е	No
TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR	The TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR keyword shall indicate the numerator of the turnaround ratio that is necessary to calculate the coherent downlink from the uplink frequency. The value shall be an integer. Also may be specified in ICD if the value is always constant.	240 880	E	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR	The TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR keyword shall indicate the denominator of the turnaround ratio that is necessary to calculate the coherent downlink from the uplink frequency. The value shall be an integer. Also may be specified in ICD if the value is always constant.	221 749	E	No
TIMETAG_REF	The TIMETAG_REF keyword shall provide a reference for time tags in the tracking data. This keyword indicates whether the timetag associated with the data is the transmit time or the receive time. This keyword is provided specifically to accommodate two special cases: (1) systems where a received range data point has been timetagged with the time that the range tone signal was transmitted (i.e., TIMETAG_REF=TRANSMIT), and (2) for quasar DOR, where the transmit frequency is the interferometer reference frequency at receive time (i.e., TIMETAG_REF=RECEIVE). It is anticipated otherwise that transmit-related data will generally be timetagged with the time of transmission, and that receive-related data will generally be timetagged with the time of receipt; in these two standard cases, it is not necessary to specify the TIMETAG_REF keyword.	RECEIVE	N	No
INTEGRATION_INTERVAL	The INTEGRATION_INTERVAL keyword shall provide the Doppler count time in seconds for Doppler data or for the creation of normal points (also applicable for differenced Doppler; also sometimes known as 'compression time', 'condensation interval', etc.). The data type shall be positive double precision.	60.0 0.1 1.0	E	No
INTEGRATION_REF	The INTEGRATION_REF keyword shall be used in conjunction with the INTEGRATION_INTERVAL and TIMETAG_REF keywords. This keyword indicates the relationship between the INTEGRATION_INTERVAL and the timetag on the data, i.e., whether the timetag represents the start, middle, or end of the integration period.	START MIDDLE END	N	No
FREQ_OFFSET	The FREQ_OFFSET keyword represents a frequency in Hz that must be added to every RECEIVE_FREQ (see 3.5.2.8) to reconstruct it. One use is if a Doppler shift frequency observable is transferred instead of the actual received frequency. The data type shall be double precision, and may be negative, zero, or positive. Examples are shown in the 'Normative Values / Examples' column. The default shall be 0.0 (zero).	0.0 8415000000.0	E	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
RANGE_MODE	The value of the RANGE_MODE keyword shall be 'COHERENT', in which case the range tones are coherent with the uplink carrier, and the range unit must be defined in an ICD; 'CONSTANT', in which case the range tones have a constant frequency; or 'ONE_WAY' (used in Delta-DOR). NOTE – It cannot be determined in advance whether the range mode is coherent or non-coherent. For ESA and JAXA, it is important for the two/three-way Doppler to be coherent, but not the RANGE. This keyword may not be applicable for differenced range data.		N	No
RANGE_MODULUS	The value associated with the RANGE_MODULUS keyword shall be the modulus of the range observable in the units as specified by the RANGE_UNITS keyword; i.e., the actual (unambiguous) range is an integer <i>k</i> times the modulus, plus the observable value. RANGE_MODULUS shall be a non-negative double precision value. For measurements that are not ambiguous range, the MODULUS setting shall be 0 to indicate an essentially infinite modulus. The default value shall be 0.0. NOTE – The range modulus is sometimes also called the 'range ambiguity'.	32768.0 2.0e+23 0.0 161.6484	E	No
RANGE_UNITS	The RANGE_UNITS keyword specifies the units for the range observable. 'km' shall be used if the range is measured in kilometers. 's' shall be used if the range is measured in seconds. 'RU', for 'range units', shall be used where the transmit frequency is changing, and the method of computing the range unit should be described in the ICD. The default (preferred) value shall be 'km'.	km s RU	N	No
ANGLE_TYPE	 The ANGLE_TYPE keyword shall indicate the type of antenna geometry represented in the angle data (ANGLE_1 and ANGLE_2 keywords). The value shall be one of the values: AZEL for azimuth, elevation (local horizontal); RADEC for right ascension, declination or hour angle, declination (needs to be referenced to an inertial frame); XEYN for <i>x</i>-east, <i>y</i>-north; XSYE for <i>x</i>-south, <i>y</i>-east. Other values are possible, but must be defined in an ICD. 	AZEL RADEC XEYN XSYE	N	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
REFERENCE_FRAME	The REFERENCE_FRAME keyword shall be used in conjunction with the 'ANGLE_TYPE=RADEC' keyword/value combination, indicating the inertial reference frame to which the antenna frame is referenced. The origin (center) of the reference frame is assumed to be at the antenna reference point. Applies only to ANGLE_TYPE = RADEC. The value associated with this keyword must be selected from the full set of allowed values enumerated in annex A.	EME2000	Е	No
MAG_TYPE	The MAG_TYPE keyword shall specify the magnitude type for an optical observation (principally orbital debris objects). The apparent magnitude of an object is a measure of its brightness as seen by an observer on Earth, adjusted to the value it would have in the absence of the atmosphere. The absolute magnitude is defined as the apparent magnitude that the object would have if it were one astronomical unit (AU) from both the Sun and the observer.	APPARENT ABSOLUTE	N	No
INTERPOLATION	The INTERPOLATION keyword shall specify the interpolation method to be used to calculate a transmit phase count at an arbitrary time in tracking data where the uplink frequency is not constant.	HERMITE LAGRANGE LINEAR	Е	No
INTERPOLATION_DEGREE	The INTERPOLATION_DEGREE keyword shall specify the recommended degree of the interpolating polynomial used to calculate a transmit phase count at an arbitrary time in tracking data where the uplink frequency is not constant. The value must be an integer, and must be used if the 'INTERPOLATION' keyword is used.	3 5 7 11	E	No
DOPPLER COUNT BIAS	Doppler counts are generally biased so as to accommodate negative Doppler within an accumulator. In order to reconstruct the measurement, the bias is subtracted from the DOPPLER COUNT data value. The data type shall be double precision, and should be positive. Examples are shown in the 'Normative Values / Examples' column. The default shall be 0.0 (zero).	$\frac{2.4e6}{240000000.0}{0.0}$	E	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
DOPPLER COUNT SCALE	Doppler counts are generally scaled so as to capture partial cycles in an integer count. In order to reconstruct the measurement, the DOPPLER COUNT data value is divided by the scale factor. The data type shall be integer, and should be positive. Examples are shown in the 'Normative Values / Examples' column. The default shall be 1 (one).	<u>1000</u> <u>1</u>	E	No
DOPPLER_COUNT_ROLLOVER	Doppler counts may overflow the accumulator and roll over in cases where the track is of long duration or very high Doppler shift. This flag indicates whether or not a counter rollover has occurred during the track. [*** xxx need to discuss rollover implications to real time streaming of TDM xxx ***]	YES NO	N	No
TRANSMIT_DELAY_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	The TRANSMIT_DELAY_n keyword shall specify a fixed interval of time, in seconds, required for the signal to travel from the transmitting electronics to the transmit point. This may be used to account for gross factors that do not change from pass to pass, such as antennas with remote electronics, arraying delays, or spacecraft transponder delays. The 'n' corresponds to the 'n' associated with the PARTICIPANT keyword (e.g., TRANSMIT_DELAY_1, if present, applies to timetags for PARTICIPANT_1). Delays associated with uplink antenna arraying should be indicated with this keyword. If the user wishes to convey a ranging transponder delay, then one half of the transponder delay should be specified via the TRANSMIT_DELAY_n keyword. The TRANSMIT_DELAY should generally not be included in ground corrections applied to the tracking data. The TRANSMIT_DELAY shall be a non-negative double precision value. The default value shall be 0.0. NOTE – This value should not be used to convey clock bias information. See the 'CLOCK_BIAS' keyword in the Data Section keywords.	1.23 0.0326 0.00077	E	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
RECEIVE_DELAY_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	The RECEIVE_DELAY_n keyword shall specify a fixed interval of time, in seconds, required for the signal to travel from the tracking point to the receiving electronics. This may be used to account for gross factors that do not change from pass to pass, such as antennas with remote electronics, arraying delays, or spacecraft transponder delays. The 'n' corresponds to the 'n' associated with the PARTICIPANT keyword (e.g., RECEIVE_DELAY_1, if present, applies to timetags for PARTICIPANT_1). Delays associated with downlink antenna arraying should be indicated with this keyword. If the user wishes to convey a ranging transponder delay, then one half of the transponder delay should be specified via the RECEIVE_DELAY_n keyword. The RECEIVE_DELAY should generally not be included in ground corrections applied to the tracking data. The RECEIVE_DELAY shall be a non-negative double precision value. The default value shall be 0.0. NOTE – This value should not be used to convey clock bias information. See the 'CLOCK_BIAS' keyword in the Data Section keywords.	1.23 0.0326 0.00777	E	No
DATA_QUALITY	The DATA_QUALITY keyword may be used to provide an estimate of the quality of the data, based on indicators from the producers of the data (e.g., bad time synchronization flags, marginal lock status indicators, etc.). A value of 'RAW' shall indicate that no quality check of the data has occurred (e.g., in a real-time broadcast or near-real-time automated file transfer). A value of 'VALIDATED' shall indicate that data quality has been checked, and passed tests. A value of 'DEGRADED' shall indicate that data quality has been checked and quality issues exist. 'Checking' may be via human intervention or automation. Specific definitions of 'RAW', 'VALIDATED', and 'DEGRADED' that may apply to a particular exchange should be listed in the ICD. If the value is 'DEGRADED', information on the nature of the degradation may be conveyed via the COMMENT mechanism. Note that because of the nature of TDM metadata, if 'DEGRADED' is specified, it applies to all the data in the segment. Thus degraded data should be isolated in dedicated segments. The default value shall be 'RAW' (rationale: agencies often do not validate tracking data before export).	RAW VALIDATED DEGRADED	N	No

Keyword	Description	Normative Values / Examples	N/E	Mandatory
CORRECTION_ANGLE_1 CORRECTION_ANGLE_2 CORRECTION_DOPPLER CORRECTION_RANGE CORRECTION_RANGE CORRECTION_RCS CORRECTION_RECEIVE CORRECTION_TRANSMIT	The set of CORRECTION_* keywords may be used to reflect the values of corrections that have been added to the data or should be added to the data (e.g., ranging station delay calibration, etc.). This information may be provided to the user, so that the base measurement could be recreated if a different correction procedure is desired. Tracking data should be corrected for ground delays only. Note that it may not be feasible to apply all ground corrections for a near-real-time transfer. Units for the correction shall be the same as those for the applicable observable. All corrections should be signed, double precision values. Examples are shown in the 'Normative Values / Examples' column.	-1.35 0.23 -3.0e-1 150000.0	Ε	No
CORRECTIONS_APPLIED	This keyword is used to indicate whether or not the values associated with the CORRECTION_* keywords have been applied to the tracking data. This keyword is required if any of the CORRECTION_* keywords is used. Because of the nature of TDM metadata, the application of corrections applies to all of the data described by a given Metadata Section. Thus all of the data in a given segment must have corrections applied or corrections not applied. The value of this keyword thus applies to all the data related to a Metadata Section in which it is used.	YES NO	Ν	No
META_STOP	The META_STOP keyword shall delineate the end of the TDM Metadata Section within the message. It must appear on a line by itself; i.e., it shall have no parameters, timetags, or values.	N/A		Yes

3.3.2 MODE AND PATH SETTINGS FOR TYPICAL TRACKING SESSIONS

NOTE – The following subsections discuss possible relationships between the 'MODE', 'PATH', and 'PARTICIPANT_n' keywords. This discussion is provided in order to facilitate the implementation of TDM generation for typical tracking sessions (e.g., one-way, two-way, three-way, etc.). Annex I supplies recommendations of the metadata keywords that should be used to properly describe the tracking data of various types depending on the settings of the MODE and PATH keywords, with allowance for characteristics of the uplink frequency (if applicable).

3.3.2.1 One-Way Data

3.3.2.1.1 The setting of the 'MODE' keyword shall be 'SEQUENTIAL'.

3.3.2.1.2 For one-way data, the signal path generally originates at the spacecraft transmitter, so the spacecraft's participant number shall be the first number in the value

assigned to the PATH keyword. The receiver, which may be a tracking station or another spacecraft, shall be represented by the second number in the value of the PATH keyword.

EXAMPLES – 'PATH=1,2' indicates transmission from PARTICIPANT_1 to

PARTICIPANT_2; 'PATH=2,1' indicates transmission from PARTICIPANT 2 to PARTICIPANT 1.

3.3.2.1.3 To facilitate generation of the one-way tracking observable, the nominal spacecraft transmit frequency should be provided via a TRANSMIT_FREQ_n keyword in TDMs that contain one-way receive frequency data. The transmit frequency data may be in the same segment as the receive frequency data, or a separate segment, at the preference of the TDM originator.

NOTE – See figures D-1D-1D-1 and D-2D-2D-2 for example TDMs containing one-way tracking data.

3.3.2.2 Two-Way Data

3.3.2.2.1 The setting of the 'MODE' keyword shall be 'SEQUENTIAL'.

3.3.2.2.2 For two-way data, the signal path originates at a ground antenna (or a 'first spacecraft'), so the uplink (or crosslink) transmit participant number shall be the first number in the value assigned to the PATH keyword. The participant number of the transponder onboard the spacecraft to which the signal is being uplinked shall be the second number in the value assigned to the PATH keyword. The third entry in the PATH keyword value shall be the same as the first (two way downlink is received at the same participant which transmits the uplink/crosslink). Both PARTICIPANT_1 and PARTICIPANT_2 may be spacecraft as in the case of a spacecraft exchange.

EXAMPLES – 'PATH=1,2,1' indicates transmission from PARTICIPANT_1 to PARTICIPANT_2, with final reception at PARTICIPANT_1; 'PATH=2,1,2' indicates transmission from PARTICIPANT_2 to

PARTICIPANT 1, with final reception at PARTICIPANT $\overline{2}$.

NOTE – See figures <u>D-3D-3</u>, <u>D-4D-4</u>, <u>and D-9D-9</u>, <u>and D-18</u> for example TDMs containing two-way tracking data.

3.3.2.3 Three-Way Data

3.3.2.3.1 The setting of the 'MODE' keyword shall be 'SEQUENTIAL'.

3.3.2.3.2 For three-way data, the signal path originates with a ground station (uplink antenna), so the participant number of the uplink station shall be the first entry in the value assigned to the PATH keyword. The participant number of the transponder onboard the spacecraft to which the signal is being uplinked shall be the second number in the value assigned to the PATH keyword. The participant number of the downlink antenna shall be the third number in the value assigned to the PATH keyword.

3.3.2.3.3 For three-way data, the first and last numbers in the value assigned to the PATH keyword must be different.

EXAMPLES – 'PATH=1,2,3' indicates transmission from PARTICIPANT_1 to

PARTICIPANT_2, with final reception at PARTICIPANT_3.

NOTE – See figure D-5D-5D-5 for an example TDM containing three-way tracking data.

3.3.2.4 *N*-Way Data

3.3.2.4.1 One-way, two-way, and three-way tracking cover the bulk of tracking sequences. However, four-way and greater (n-way) scenarios are possible (e.g., via use of one or more

relay satellites). These may be accomplished via the sequence assigned to the PATH keyword.

3.3.2.4.2 The setting of the 'MODE' keyword shall be 'SEQUENTIAL'.

3.3.2.4.3 The value assigned to the PATH keyword shall convey the signal path among the participants followed by the signal; e.g., 'PATH=1,2,3,2,1' and 'PATH=1,2,3,4' represent two different four-way tracking signal paths.

3.3.2.4.4 In this version of the TDM, the maximum number of participants per segment shall be five. If more than five participants are defined (i.e., PARTICIPANT_6 +), then special arrangements shall be made by exchange participants; these should be specified in the ICD.

NOTE – See figure D-6D-6D-6 for an example TDM containing four-way tracking data.

3.3.2.5 Differenced Modes and VLBI Data

3.3.2.5.1 Differenced data and VLBI data may also be exchanged in a Tracking Data Message. Differenced data may include differenced Doppler and differenced range (see references [E3] and [E4]).

3.3.2.5.2 The setting of the 'MODE' keyword shall be 'SINGLE_DIFF'.

3.3.2.5.3 When the MODE is 'SINGLE_DIFF', two path keywords, 'PATH_1' and 'PATH_2', shall be used to convey the signal paths that have been differenced.

3.3.2.5.4 When the mode is 'SINGLE_DIFF', the observable shall be calculated by subtracting the value achieved for the measurement using PATH_1 from the value achieved using PATH_2, i.e., PATH_2 – PATH_1. Only the final observable shall be communicated via the TDM.

3.3.2.5.5 If the TDM contains differenced Doppler shift data, the 'RECEIVE_FREQ' keyword shall be used for the observable (the 'RECEIVE_FREQ' keyword is a Data Section keyword not yet described in the text—see 3.5.2.8).

3.3.2.5.6 If the TDM contains two-way or three-way differenced Doppler data, then a history of the uplink frequencies shall be provided with the TRANSMIT_FREQ_n keyword in order to process the data correctly (the 'TRANSMIT_FREQ_n' keyword is a Data Section keyword not yet described in the text—see 3.5.2.9).

3.3.2.5.7 If differenced range is provided, the 'RANGE' keyword shall be used for the observable (the 'RANGE' keyword is a Data Section keyword not yet described in the text—see 3.5.2.7).

3.3.2.5.8 If the TDM contains differenced data collected during a Delta-Differential One Way Range (Delta-DOR) session with a spacecraft, then the DOR keyword shall be used for the observable (the 'DOR' keyword is a Data Section keyword not yet described in the text—see 3.5.3.2).

3.3.2.5.9 If the TDM contains differenced data collected during a VLBI session with a quasar, then the VLBI_DELAY keyword shall be used for the observable (the 'VLBI_DELAY' keyword is a Data Section keyword not yet described in the text—see 3.5.3.3).

NOTE – See figures <u>D-10D-10</u>D-10 and <u>D-11D-11</u>D-11 for example TDMs containing single differenced tracking data.

3.3.2.6 Angle Data

Angle data is applicable for any tracking scenario where MODE=SEQUENTIAL is specified, but is based on pointing with respect to the two final participants only (e.g., spacecraft downlink to an antenna, direction of a participant measured by a navigation camera, etc.).

NOTE – See figures <u>D-8D-8</u> and <u>D-12D-12</u> for example TDMs containing angle data.

3.3.2.7 Media, Weather, Ancillary Data

3.3.2.7.1 When all the data in a TDM Segment is media related, weather related, or ancillary-data related, then the use of the MODE keyword may or may not apply as discussed below.

3.3.2.7.2 Data of this type may be relative to a reference location within the tracking complex; in this case the methods used to extrapolate the measurements to other antennas should be specified in the ICD. In the case where a reference location is used, there shall be only one participant (PARTICIPANT_1), which is the reference antenna, and the MODE keyword shall not be used. This case corresponds to tropospheric correction data, zenith ionospheric correction data, and weather data.

3.3.2.7.3 When ionospheric charged particle delays are provided for a line-of-sight between the antenna and a specific spacecraft, the participants include both the antenna and the spacecraft, the MODE should be set to 'SEQUENTIAL', and a standard PATH statement should be used.

NOTE – See figures <u>D-13D-13</u> through <u>D-15D-15</u> for example TDMs containing tracking data of these types.

3.4 TDM DATA SECTION (GENERAL SPECIFICATION)

3.4.1 The Data Section of the TDM Segment shall consist of one or more Tracking Data Records. Each Tracking Data Record shall have the following generic format:

keyword = timetag measurement

NOTE – More detail on the generic format of a Tracking Data Record is shown in table 3-43-43-4.

Element		Description	Examples	Mandatory
<keyword></keyword>		Data type keyword from the list specified in 3.5.	See annex D.	Yes (at least one keyword must be used)
=		Equals sign	=	Yes
value	<timetag></timetag>	Time associated with the tracking observable according to the TIME_SYSTEM keyword. For requirements on the timetag, see 3.4.8 through 3.4.12. For format specification, see 4.3.9.	2003-205T18:00:01.275 2003-205T18:00:01Z	Yes
	<measurement></measurement>	Tracking observable (measurement or calculation) in units defined in the TDM.	See 3.5.	Yes

 Table 3-4:
 Tracking Data Record Generic Format

3.4.2 Each Tracking Data Record must be provided on a single line.

3.4.3 Each Tracking Data Record shall contain a value that depends upon the data type keyword used. The value shall consist of two elements: a timetag and a tracking observable (a measurement or calculation based on measurements); either without the other is useless for tracking purposes. Hereafter, the term 'measurement' shall be understood to include calculations based on measurements as noted above.

3.4.4 At least one blank character must be used to separate the timetag and the observable in the value associated with each Tracking Data Record.

3.4.5 Applicable keywords and their associated characteristics are detailed in 3.5.

3.4.6 There shall be no mandatory keywords in the Data Section of the TDM Segment, with the exception of 'DATA_START' and 'DATA_STOP', because the data presented in any given TDM is dependent upon the characteristics of the data collection activity.

3.4.7 The Data Section of the TDM Segment shall be delineated by the 'DATA_START' and 'DATA_STOP' keywords. These keywords are intended to facilitate parsing, and will also serve to advise the recipient that all the Tracking Data Records associated with the immediately preceding TDM Metadata Section have been received (the rationale for including this is that data volumes can be very large, so knowing when the data ends is desirable). The TDM recipient may process the 'DATA_STOP' keyword as a 'local' end-of-file marker.

3.4.8 Tracking data shall be tagged according to the value of the 'TIME_SYSTEM' metadata keyword.

3.4.9 Interpretation of the timetag for transmitted data is straightforward; it is the transmit time. Interpretation of the timetag for received data is determined by the values of the 'TIMETAG_REF', 'INTEGRATION_REF', and 'INTEGRATION_INTERVAL' keywords, as applicable (see table 3-33-33-3 and 3.5.2.8). For other data types (e.g., meteorological, media, clock bias/drift), the timetag represents the time the measurement was taken.

3.4.10 In general, no required ordering of Tracking Data Records shall be imposed, because there are certain scenarios in which data are collected from multiple sources that are not processed in strictly chronological order. Thus it may only be possible to generate data in chronological order if it is sorted post-pass. However, there is one ordering requirement placed on Tracking Data Records; specifically, in any given Data Section, the data for any given keyword shall be in chronological order. Also, some TDM creators may wish to sort tracking data by keyword rather than by timetag. Special sorting requirements should be specified in the ICD.

3.4.11 Each keyword/timetag combination must be unique within a given Data Section (i.e., a given keyword/timetag combination shall not be repeated in the same set of Tracking Data Records).

3.4.12 The time duration between timetags may be constant, or may vary, within any given TDM.

3.4.13 Every tracking instrument shall have a defined reference location. This reference location shall not depend on the observing geometry. The tracking instrument locations should be conveyed via an ICD. The ICD information should include a complete description of the station locations and characteristics, including the antenna coordinates with their defining system, plate motion, and the relative geometry of the tracking point and cross axis of the antenna mount, accommodations for antenna tilt to avoid keyhole problems, etc. The station location could be provided via an OPM (reference [4][4][4][4]). Antenna geometry may be necessary for exceptional cases, where the station location is not fixed during track, for example.

3.4.14 The measurement shall be converted to an equipment-independent quantity; e.g., frequencies shall be reported at the 'sky level' (i.e., actual transmitted/received frequencies, unless the FREQ_OFFSET keyword is used in the metadata). It should not be necessary for the data recipient to have detailed information regarding the internal network of the data producer.

3.4.15 Tracking data is normally subject to a number of corrections, as described in the following paragraphs.

3.4.15.1 The tracking data measurements shall be corrected with the best estimate of all known instrument calibrations, such as path delay calibrations between the reference point and the tracking equipment, if applicable.

NOTE – These measures should reduce the requirement for consumers of tracking data to have detailed knowledge of the underlying structure of the hardware/software system that performed the measurements.

3.4.15.2 Tracking data should be corrected for ground delays only. The corrections that have been applied may be specified to the message recipient via use of the optional 'CORRECTION_*' keywords in the metadata.

NOTE – The TRANSMIT_DELAY' and 'RECEIVE_DELAY' keywords do not represent 'ground corrections' per se. They are meant to convey gross factors that do not change from pass-to-pass. However, if exchange partners agree via the ICD, 'TRANSMIT_DELAY' and 'RECEIVE_DELAY' could be removed from the measurements. It is generally operationally inconvenient for the producer to treat these values as corrections because of the possible requirement to alter uplink timetags; thus these delays are best handled in orbit determination post-processing. Modifying timetags to account for these delays also complicates the use of differenced measurements. It is thus more straightforward to allow the recipient to process these delays rather than to correct the data prior to exchange.

3.4.15.3 If correction values are indicated via any of the 'CORRECTION_*' keywords, then the TDM producer must indicate whether these correction values have or have not been applied to the tracking data. This indication is accomplished via the use of the metadata keyword 'CORRECTIONS_APPLIED'; this metadata item must have a value of 'YES' or 'NO'.

3.4.15.4 Media corrections (ionosphere, troposphere) should not be applied by the TDM producer; media corrections may be applied by the TDM recipient using the data conveyed in the STEC, TROPO_WET, and TROPO_DRY Data Section keywords.

3.4.15.5 The party that will perform any applicable spin corrections should be specified in the ICD (most appropriate party may be the party that operates the spacecraft).

3.4.15.6 Special correction algorithms that are more complex than a simple scalar value should be specified in the ICD.

3.4.15.7 Any other corrections applied to the data should be agreed by the service provider and the customer Agencies and specified in an ICD.

3.4.16 All data type keywords in the TDM Data Section must be from 3.5, which specifies for each keyword:

- the keyword to be used;
- applicable units for the associated values;
- a reference to the text section where the keyword is described in detail.

NOTES

- 1 The standard tracking data types are extended to cover also some of the ancillary data that may be required for precise orbit determination work. Subsection 3.5 identifies the most frequently used data and ancillary types.
- 2 See annex D for detailed usage examples.
- 3 Annex I supplies recommendations of the metadata keywords that should be used to properly describe the tracking data of various types depending on the settings of the MODE and PATH keywords, with allowance for characteristics of the uplink frequency (if applicable).
- 4 The TDM structure allows a great deal of flexibility in terms of the content of a Data Section, as shown in the examples in Annex D. However, as a practical consideration given the challenges of implementing generic TDM readers, early implementers of the TDM have tended to minimize the number of data types represented in any given TDM segment. For example, for a two-way tracking pass with ranging, the TDM originator may provide three segments: one for transmit frequencies, one for received frequencies, and one for range measurements.

3.5 TDM DATA SECTION KEYWORDS

3.5.1 OVERVIEW

This subsection describes each of the keywords that may be used in the Data Section of the TDM Segment. In general, there is no required order in the Data Section of the TDM Segment. Exceptions are the 'DATA_START' and 'DATA_STOP' keywords, which must be the first and last keywords in the Data Section, respectively. For ease of reference, table 3-53-53-5 containing all the keywords sorted in alphabetical order is shown immediately below. Table 3-63-63-6 repeats the information from table 3-53-53-5 in category order. Descriptive information about the keywords is shown starting in 3.5.2. The remainder of this subsection is organized according to the class category of data to which the keyword applies (e.g., all the signal related keywords are together, all media related keywords are together, etc.).

Keyword	Units	Text Link
ANGLE_1	deg	3.5.4.2
ANGLE_2	deg	3.5.4.3
CARRIER_POWER	dBW	3.5.2.1
CLOCK_BIAS	S	3.5.6.1
CLOCK_DRIFT	s/s	3.5.6.2
COMMENT	n/a	3.5.9.1
DATA_START	n/a	3.5.9.2
DATA_STOP	n/a	3.5.9.3
DOPPLER_COUNT	n/a	3.5.2.4
DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS	km/s	3.5.2.2
DOPPLER_INTEGRATED	km/s	3.5.2.3
DOR	S	3.5.3.2
MAG	n/a	<u>0</u> 3.5.5.1
PC_N0	dBHz	<u>3.5.2.5</u> 3.5.2.4
PR_N0	dBHz	3.5.2.6
PRESSURE	hPa	3.5.8.1
RANGE	km, s, or RU	3.5.2.7
RCS	m**2	<u>3.5.5.1</u> 3.5.5.2
RECEIVE_FREQ_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz	3.5.2.8
RECEIVE_FREQ	Hz	3.5.2.8
RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n	n/a	3.5.2.11
RHUMIDITY	%	3.5.8.2
STEC	TECU	3.5.7.1
TEMPERATURE	K	3.5.8.3
TRANSMIT_FREQ_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz	3.5.2.9
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz/s	3.5.2.10
TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n	n/a	3.5.2.12
TROPO_DRY	m	3.5.7.2
TROPO_WET	m	3.5.7.3
VLBI_DELAY	S	3.5.3.3

 Table 3-5:
 Summary Table of TDM Data Section Keywords (Alpha Order)

Keyword	Units	Text Link
Signal Related Keywords		3.5.2
CARRIER POWER	dBW	3.5.2.1
DOPPLER COUNT	n/a	3.5.2.4
DOPPLER INSTANTANEOUS	km/s	3.5.2.2
DOPPLER INTEGRATED	km/s	3.5.2.3
PC_N0	dBHz	<u>3.5.2.5</u> 3.5.2.4
RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n	n/a	3.5.2.11
TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n	n/a	3.5.2.12
PR_N0	dBHz	3.5.2.6
RANGE	km, s, or RU	3.5.2.7
RECEIVE_FREQ_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz	3.5.2.8
RECEIVE_FREQ	Hz	3.5.2.8
TRANSMIT_FREQ_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz	3.5.2.9
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n $(n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	Hz/s	3.5.2.10
VLBI/Delta-DOR Related Keywords		3.5.3
DOR	S	3.5.3.2
VLBI_DELAY	S	3.5.3.3
Angle Related Keywords		3.5.4
ANGLE_1	deg	3.5.4.2
ANGLE_2	deg	3.5.4.3
Optical/Radar Related Keywords		3.5.5
MAG	n/a	<u>0</u> 3.5.5.1
RCS	m**2	<u>3.5.5.1</u> 3.5.5.2
Time Related Keywords		3.5.6
CLOCK_BIAS	S	3.5.6.1
CLOCK_DRIFT	s/s	3.5.6.2
Media Related Keywords		3.5.7
STEC	TECU	3.5.7.1
TROPO_DRY	m	3.5.7.2
TROPO_WET	m	3.5.7.3
Meteorological Related Keywords		3.5.8
PRESSURE	hPa	3.5.8.1
RHUMIDITY	%	3.5.8.2
TEMPERATURE	K	3.5.8.3
Miscellaneous Keywords		3.5.9
COMMENT	n/a	3.5.9.1
DATA_START	n/a	3.5.9.2
DATA_STOP	n/a	3.5.9.3

 Table 3-6:
 Summary Table of TDM Data Section Keywords (Category Order)

3.5.2 SIGNAL RELATED KEYWORDS

3.5.2.1 CARRIER_POWER

The CARRIER_POWER keyword conveys the strength of the radio signal transmitted by the spacecraft as received at the ground station or at another spacecraft (e.g., in formation flight). This reports the strength of the signal received from the spacecraft, in decibels (referenced to 1 watt). The unit for the CARRIER_POWER keyword is dBW. The value shall be a double precision value, and may be positive, zero, or negative. The value is based on the last leg of the signal path (PATH keyword), e.g., spacecraft downlink to an antenna. Additional TDM Segments should be used for each participant if it is important to know the carrier power at each participant in a PATH that involves more than one receiver.

3.5.2.2 DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS

The value associated with the DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS keyword represents the instantaneous range rate of the spacecraft. The observable may be one-way, two-way, or three-way. The value shall be a double precision value and may be negative, zero, or positive. Units are km/s. In order to ensure that corrections due to the ionosphere and solar plasma are accurately applied, the transmit frequency and receive frequency should be supplied when this data type is exchanged.

NOTE – The DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS assumes a fixed uplink frequency (or one with small RTLT errors), and thus should not be used in cases where there is a deep space ramped uplink (the TRANSMIT_FREQ and RECEIVE_FREQ keywords should be used instead).

3.5.2.3 DOPPLER_INTEGRATED

The value associated with the DOPPLER_INTEGRATED keyword represents the mean range rate of the spacecraft over the INTEGRATION_INTERVAL specified in the Metadata Section. The timetag and the time bounds of the integration interval are determined by the TIMETAG_REF and INTEGRATION_REF keywords. The observable may be one-way, two-way, or three-way. For one-way data, the observable is the mean range rate of the spacecraft over the INTEGRATION_INTERVAL. For two-way and three-way data, the ICD should specify whether the observable is the calculated mean range rate, or half the calculated mean range rate (due to the signal's having traveled to the spacecraft and back to the receiver). The value shall be a double precision value and may be negative, zero, or positive. Units are km/s. In order to ensure that corrections due to the ionosphere and solar plasma are accurately applied, the transmit frequency and receive frequency should be supplied when this data type is exchanged.

NOTE – The DOPPLER_INTEGRATED assumes a fixed uplink frequency (or one with small RTLT errors), and thus should not be used in cases where there is a deep space ramped uplink (the TRANSMIT_FREQ and RECEIVE_FREQ keywords should be used instead).

3.5.2.4 DOPPLER_COUNT

The value associated with the DOPPLER_COUNT keyword represents a count of the number of times the phase of a received signal slips one cycle with respect to a transmitted

signal (or reference signal). <u>The DOPPLER_COUNT keyword should be used in conjunction</u> with the DOPPLER_COUNT_BIAS, DOPPLER_COUNT_SCALE, and <u>DOPPLER_COUNT_ROLLOVER metadata</u>. The value shall be an integer and <u>should be</u> <u>positive (though it may be negative, zero, or positive)</u>. Units are not applicable. Note that it may be necessary to process this data type in conjunction with an Orbit Ephemeris Message (OEM, reference [4]) in order to understand the velocity of the spacecraft transmitter. <u>To</u> <u>reconstruct the actual counter, calculate</u>:

(DOPPLER_COUNT - DOPPLER_COUNT_BIAS) / DOPPLER_COUNT_SCALE [xxx Note to CCSDS Nav WG: another possibility is that we say the DOPPLER_COUNT must be processed by the tracking network to have already removed the scale, bias, and rollover. xxx]

3.5.2.5 PC_N0

The value associated with the PC_N0 keyword shall be the carrier power to noise spectral density ratio (Pc/No). The units for PC_N0 shall be dBHz. The value shall be a double precision value.

3.5.2.6 PR_N0

The value associated with the PR_N0 keyword shall be the ranging power to noise spectral density ratio (Pr/No). The units for PR_N0 shall be dBHz. It shall be a double precision value, and may be positive, zero, or negative.

3.5.2.7 RANGE

The value associated with the RANGE keyword is the range observable. The values represent measurements from ambiguous ranging systems, differenced range, skin radar, proximity radar, or similar radar. The units for RANGE shall be as determined by the 'RANGE UNITS' metadata keyword (i.e., either 'km', 's', or 'RU'). The 'RANGE UNITS' metadata keyword should always be specified, but if it is not, the default (preferred) value shall be 'km'. If different range units are used by the tracking agency (e.g., 'DSN range units'), the definition of the range unit should be described in the ICD. Note that for many applications, proper processing of the RANGE will require a time history of the uplink frequencies. If ambiguous range is provided (i.e., the RANGE MODULUS is nonzero), then the RANGE does not represent the actual range to the spacecraft; a calculation using the RANGE MODULUS and the RANGE observable must be performed. For twoway and three-way data, the ICD should specify whether the observable is based upon the round trip light time, or half the round trip light time (due to the signal's having traveled to the spacecraft and back to the receiver). If differenced range is provided (MODE = SINGLE DIFF), the 'RANGE' keyword shall be used to convey the difference in range. The value shall be a double precision value, and is generally positive (exceptions to this could occur if the data is a differenced type, or if the observable is a one-way pseudorange). NOTE – The TDM specifically excludes Satellite Laser Ranging (SLR), which is already

transferred via an internationally standardized format documented at <u>http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/</u>.

3.5.2.8 RECEIVE_FREQ (and RECEIVE_FREQ_n)

The RECEIVE FREQ keyword shall be used to indicate that the values represent 3.5.2.8.1 measurements of the received frequency. It is suitable for use with deep space ramped uplink if the TRANSMIT FREQ is also exchanged. The keyword is indexed to accommodate a scenario in which multiple downlinks are used; it may also be used without an index where the frequency cannot be associated with a particular participant (e.g., in the case of a differenced Doppler shift measurement). The value associated with the RECEIVE FREQ keyword shall be the average frequency observable over the INTEGRATION INTERVAL specified in the metadata, at the measurement timetag. The interpretation of the timetag shall be determined by TIMETAG REF, the combined settings of the INTEGRATION REF. and INTEGRATION INTERVAL keywords (see table 3-3-3-3 for a description of how the settings of these values affect the interpretation of the timetag). Correlation between the RECEIVE FREQ and the associated TRANSMIT FREQ may be determined via the use of an a priori estimate and should be resolved via the orbit determination process. The units for RECEIVE FREQ shall be Hertz (Hz). The value shall be a double precision value (generally positive, but could be negative or zero if used with the 'FREQ_OFFSET' metadata keyword). **3.5.2.8.2** Using the RECEIVE FREO, the instantaneous Doppler measurement in Hz is calculated as follows:

$$D_m = ((F_t * tr) - F_r)$$

where 'D_m' is the Doppler measurement, 'F_t' is the transmitted frequency, 'tr' is the transponder ratio (tr=1 for one-way), and 'F_r' is the RECEIVE_FREQ. For integrated Doppler, the Doppler measurement in Hz is calculated as follows, where t is the timetag, and Δt is the value assigned to the INTEGRATION_INTERVAL keyword:

$$\mathbf{D}_{\mathrm{m}} = \frac{1}{\Delta t} \int_{t+(\frac{1}{2}+\alpha)\Delta t}^{t+(\frac{1}{2}+\alpha)\Delta t} \int_{t+(\frac{1}{2}+\alpha)\Delta t}^{t+(\frac{1}{2}+\alpha)\Delta t} \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{t}} * t\mathbf{r}) - \mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{r}})dt$$

The limits of integration are determined by the INTEGRATION_REF keyword in the metadata; the constant α in the equation has the value -1/2, 0, or 1/2 for the INTEGRATION_REF values of 'END', 'MIDDLE', or 'START', respectively (see reference [E4]).

INTEGRATION_REF	END	MIDDLE	START
α	$\alpha = -\frac{1}{2}$	$\alpha = 0$	$\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$
Upper Limit	t	$t + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t$	$t + \Delta t$
Lower Limit	$t - \Delta t$	$t - \frac{1}{2}\Delta t$	t

3.5.2.8.3 If differenced Doppler is provided, the non-indexed 'RECEIVE_FREQ' keyword shall be used to convey the difference in Hz.

3.5.2.8.4 The transponder ratios used for interagency exchanges should be specified in the ICD if they are always constant. They may also be specified in the metadata by using the TURNAROUND NUMERATOR and TURNAROUND DENOMINATOR keywords.

3.5.2.8.5 The equation for four-way Doppler, if it is to be exchanged, should be in the ICD since the four-way connections tend to be implementation dependent.

3.5.2.9 TRANSMIT_FREQ_n

The TRANSMIT FREQ keyword shall be used to indicate that the values represent measurements of a transmitted frequency, e.g., from an uplink operation. The TRANSMIT FREQ keyword is indexed to accommodate scenarios in which multiple transmitters are used. The value associated with the TRANSMIT FREQ n keyword shall be the starting frequency observable at the timetag. The units for TRANSMIT FREQ n shall be Hertz (Hz). The value shall be a positive double precision value. The turnaround ratios necessary to calculate the predicted receive frequency may be specified using the TURNAROUND NUMERATOR and TURNAROUND DENOMINATOR metadata keywords, or may be specified in the ICD. In the case of software defined radios, the metadata keywords may be preferable as the ratios can change with some regularity and it is necessary to get the applicable ratio with the tracking data. Usage notes: when the data mode is one-way (i.e., MODE=SEQUENTIAL, PATH=1,2 or PATH=2,1), the signal is at the beacon frequency transmitted from the spacecraft. If a given spacecraft has more than one transponder, then there should be unique names specified in the ICD for each transponder (e.g., Cassini S, Cassini X, Cassini Ka). If a TDM is constructed with only transmit frequencies, then the MODE is 'SEQUENTIAL' and the PATH keyword defines the signal path. Generally the timetag for the TRANSMIT FREQ n keywords should be the time that the signal was transmitted. For quasar DOR, the TRANSMIT FREQ n is the interferometer reference frequency at the receive time (thus TIMETAG REF=RECEIVE for If the transmit frequency varies in the TDM segment, then the this case). TRANSMIT FREQ RATE n keyword should be used to convey the frequency rate between transmit frequencies (see next section); otherwise, the frequency rate is assumed to be zero and a step function results.

3.5.2.10 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n

The value associated with the TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n keyword is the linear rate of change of the frequency starting at the timetag and continuing until the next TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE timetag (or until the end of the data). The units for TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n shall be Hertz-per-second (Hz/s). The value shall be a double precision value, and may be negative, zero, or positive. If the TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n is not specified, it is assumed to be zero (i.e., constant frequency).

3.5.2.11 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n

The value associated with the RECEIVE_PHASE_CT keyword is the number of phase cycles at the receiver. There are no applicable units for the RECEIVE_PHASE_CT. The value shall be a string representing a real number that can be any number of digits required to convey the necessary precision. If the received phase difference over a time interval is not the true but an intermediate frequency from which the true received frequency is calculated, the FREQ_OFFSET metadata keyword can be used to provide the intermediate frequency.

3.5.2.12 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n

The value associated with the TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT keyword is the number of phase cycles at the transmitter. There are no applicable units for the TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT. The value shall be a string representing a real number that can be any number of digits required to convey the necessary precision. If the transmit phase difference over a time interval is not the true but an intermediate frequency from which the true transmit frequency is calculated, the FREQ_OFFSET metadata keyword can be used to provide the intermediate frequency. If the uplink frequency is not constant then it is necessary to use the INTERPOLATION and INTERPOLATION_DEGREE metadata keywords to characterize the uplink behavior.

3.5.3 VLBI AND DELTA-DOR RELATED KEYWORDS

3.5.3.1 Overview

In VLBI, a signal source is measured simultaneously using two receivers in different antenna complexes, achieving a long baseline (up to thousands of kilometers). The signals recorded at the two complexes are correlated and differenced to produce the observable, which may be further processed by navigation software. 'Delta-DOR' sessions are a VLBI application in which the antenna slews from a spacecraft source to a quasar source and back to the spacecraft during the tracking pass. This sequence may occur multiple times. There are two data keywords that relate to VLBI and Delta-DOR measurements, and several metadata keyword settings are applicable (MODE=SINGLE_DIFF, PATH_1 and PATH_2).

3.5.3.2 DOR

The observable associated with the DOR keyword represents the range measured via PATH_2 minus the range measured via PATH_1. The timetag is the time of signal reception via PATH_1. This data type is normally used for the spacecraft observable in a Delta-DOR measurement. The range is either one-way, two-way, or three-way, depending on the values of the PARTICIPANT_n and PATH keywords. TRANSMIT_FREQ_n shall provide the spacecraft beacon frequency if one-way, or the transmit frequency at the uplink station if two-way or three-way, at the signal transmission time. The DOR measurement shall be a double precision value. Units shall be seconds.

3.5.3.3 VLBI_DELAY

The observable associated with the VLBI_DELAY keyword represents the time of signal arrival via PATH_2 minus the time of signal arrival via PATH_1. The timetag is the time of signal reception via PATH_1. This data type is normally used for the quasar observable in a Delta-DOR measurement. TRANSMIT_FREQ_n shall provide the interferometer reference frequency. The VLBI_DELAY measurement shall be a double precision value. Units shall be seconds.

3.5.4 ANGLE DATA KEYWORDS

3.5.4.1 General

Angle data is measured at the ground antenna, using downlink data only, regardless of the mode of the tracking session. There shall be two angle keywords: ANGLE_1 and ANGLE_2. The ANGLE_TYPE metadata keyword indicates how these two keywords should be interpreted. Some TDM users may require that the ANGLE_1 keyword is followed immediately by the corresponding ANGLE_2 keyword; however, this sort is not a general TDM requirement. Special sorting requirements should be specified in the ICD.

3.5.4.2 ANGLE 1

The value assigned to the ANGLE_1 keyword represents the azimuth, right ascension, or 'X' angle of the measurement, depending on the value of the ANGLE_TYPE keyword. The angle measurement shall be a double precision value as follows: $-180.0 \le ANGLE_1 \le 360.0$. Units shall be degrees.

3.5.4.3 ANGLE_2

The value assigned to the ANGLE_2 keyword represents the elevation, declination, or 'Y' angle of the measurement, depending on the value of the ANGLE_TYPE keyword. The angle measurement shall be a double precision value as follows: $-180.0 \le ANGLE_2 \le 360.0$. Units shall be degrees.

3.5.5 OPTICAL/RADAR RELATED KEYWORDS

3.5.5.1 MAG

The value assigned to the MAG keyword shall represent either the apparent or absolute visual magnitude of an object when observed with an optical telescope. The absolute magnitude is defined as the apparent magnitude that the object would have if it were one astronomical unit (AU) from both the Sun and the observer (with a phase angle of ??? degrees). The value associated with the MAG_TYPE keyword shall determine whether or not the data is the apparent magnitude or the absolute magnitude. Units are not applicable. The MAG measurement shall be a double precision value, and may be positive, zero, or negative.

3.5.5.2<u>3.5.5.1</u> RCS

The value assigned to the RCS keyword shall represent the radar cross section of an object being tracked with a radar. The RCS shall be computed from radar measurements to provide an indication of the detected object size, orientation, and surface properties. It is the measure of a target's ability to reflect radar signals in the direction of the radar receiver. A larger RCS indicates that an object will be more easily detected. The RCS measurement shall be a positive double precision value. Units shall be square meters (m**2).

3.5.6 TIME RELATED KEYWORDS

3.5.6.1 CLOCK BIAS

In general, the timetags provided for the tracking data should be corrected, but when that is not possible (e.g., for three-way data or differenced data types), then this data type may be

used. The CLOCK BIAS keyword can be used by the message recipient to adjust timetag measurements by a specified amount with respect to a common reference. For example, the CLOCK BIAS keyword may be used to show the difference between UTC and a station clock by setting PARTICIPANT 1 to the name of the station clock and PARTICIPANT_2 to 'UTC'. The observable should be calculated as clock#2 minus clock#1 (i.e., UTC - ST, where ST is the station time), consistent with the TDM convention for differenced data. This parameter may also be used to express the difference between two station clocks, for example, for differenced data including Delta-DOR. If used for Delta-DOR, only a single CLOCK BIAS should be provided per daily VLBI session, with a time-tag strictly before the first data point (e.g., one minute prior), and with the understanding that the clock will continue to drift throughout the session. An exception could be made for the (rare) case where a station clock is re-set in the middle of a VLBI session, in which case a second CLOCK BIAS measurement may be provided. The clock bias is stated in the data, but the timetags in the message have not been corrected by applying the bias; application of the bias is up to the user of the data. Normally the time related data such as CLOCK BIAS data and CLOCK DRIFT data should appear in a dedicated TDM Segment, i.e., not mixed with signal data or other data types. The units for CLOCK BIAS shall be seconds. The value shall be a double precision value, and may be positive, zero, or negative. The default value shall be 0.0.

3.5.6.2 CLOCK_DRIFT

In general, ground-based clocks in tracking stations are sufficiently stable that a measurement of the clock drift may not be necessary. However, for spacecraft-to-spacecraft exchanges, there may be onboard clock drifts that are sufficiently significant that they should be accounted for in the measurements and calculations. Drift in clocks may also be an important factor when differenced data is being exchanged. The CLOCK DRIFT keyword should be used to adjust timetag measurements by an amount that is a function of time with respect to a common reference, normally UTC (as opposed to the CLOCK BIAS, which is meant to be a constant adjustment). Thus CLOCK DRIFT could be used to calculate an interpolated CLOCK BIAS between two timetags, by multiplying the CLOCK DRIFT measurement at the timetag by the number of seconds desired and adding it to the CLOCK BIAS. The drift should be calculated as a drift of clock#2 with respect to clock#1, consistent with the TDM convention for differenced data. Normally the time related data such as CLOCK DRIFT data and CLOCK BIAS data should appear in a dedicated TDM Segment, i.e., not mixed with signal data or other data types. The units for CLOCK DRIFT shall be seconds-per-second (s/s). The value shall be a double precision value, and may be positive, zero, or negative. The default value shall be 0.0.

3.5.7 MEDIA RELATED KEYWORDS

3.5.7.1 STEC

The STEC keyword (Slant Total Electron Count) shall be used to convey the line of sight, one way charged particle delay or total electron count (TEC) at the timetag associated with a tracking measurement, which is calculated by integrating the electron density along the propagation path (electrons/m²). The charged particles could have several sources, e.g., solar plasma, Earth ionosphere, or the Io plasma torus. The units for the STEC keyword are Total Electron Count Units (TECU), where 1 TECU = 10^{16} electrons/m² = 1.661 x 10^{-8} mol/m² (SI Units). The value shall be a positive double precision value (the TEC along the satellite line

of sight may vary between 1 and 400 TECU; larger values may be observed during periods of high solar activity). This keyword should appear in its own TDM Segment with PARTICIPANTs being one spacecraft and one antenna, and a MODE setting of 'SEQUENTIAL'. Exchange partners who wish to distinguish between ionospheric and interplanetary STEC should indicate so in the ICD, and the data must be provided in separate TDM Segments.

3.5.7.2 TROPO DRY

The value associated with the TROPO_DRY keyword shall be the dry zenith delay through the troposphere measured at the timetag. There should be agreed upon elevation mappings for the dry component specified in the ICD (e.g., the Niell mapping function developed for VLBI applications). Tropospheric corrections should be applied by the recipient of the TDM; the required correction is the value associated with this keyword at the timetag. Recommended polynomial interpolations (if applicable) should be specified in the ICD. The units for TROPO_DRY shall be meters (m). The value shall be a non-negative double precision value ($0.0 \le \text{TROPO}_DRY$).

3.5.7.3 TROPO_WET

The value associated with the TROPO_WET keyword shall be the wet zenith delay through the troposphere measured at the timetag. There should be agreed upon elevation mappings for the wet component specified in the ICD (e.g., the Niell mapping function developed for VLBI applications). Tropospheric corrections should be applied by the recipient of the TDM; the required correction is the value associated with this keyword at the timetag. Recommended polynomial interpolations (if applicable) should be specified in the ICD. The units for TROPO_WET shall be meters (m). The value shall be a non-negative double precision value ($0.0 \leq TROPO_WET$).

3.5.8 METEOROLOGICAL RELATED KEYWORDS 3.5.8.1 PRESSURE

The value associated with the PRESSURE keyword shall be the atmospheric pressure observable as measured at the tracking participant, specified in hectopascal (1 hectopascal (hPa) = 1 millibar). The PRESSURE shall be a double precision value; practically speaking it is always positive.

3.5.8.2 RHUMIDITY

The value associated with the RHUMIDITY keyword shall be the relative humidity observable as measured at the tracking participant, specified in per cent. RHUMIDITY shall be a double precision type value, $0.0 \le$ RHUMIDITY ≤ 100.0 .

3.5.8.3 TEMPERATURE

The value associated with the TEMPERATURE keyword shall be the temperature observable as measured at the tracking participant, specified in Kelvin (K). The TEMPERATURE shall be a positive double precision type value.

3.5.9 MISCELLANEOUS KEYWORDS

3.5.9.1 COMMENT

The COMMENT keyword is not required. See 4.5 for full details on usage of the COMMENT keyword.

3.5.9.2 DATA_START

The 'DATA_START' keyword must be the first keyword in the Data Section of the TDM Segment, which serves to delimit the Data Section. The keyword shall appear on a line by itself with no timetags or values. Example: 'DATA_START'.

3.5.9.3 DATA STOP

The 'DATA_STOP' keyword must be the last keyword in the Data Section of the TDM Segment, which serves to delimit the Data Section. The keyword shall appear on a line by itself with no timetags or values. Example: 'DATA_STOP'.

4 TRACKING DATA MESSAGE SYNTAX IN KVN

4.1 GENERAL

The TDM represented in 'keyword = value' syntax, abbreviated as KVN, shall observe the syntax described in 4.2 through 4.5.

4.2 TDM LINES

4.2.1 The TDM shall consist of a set of TDM lines. The TDM line must contain only printable ASCII characters and blanks. ASCII control characters (such as TAB, etc.) must not be used, except as indicated below for the termination of the TDM line. A TDM line must not exceed 254 ASCII characters and spaces (excluding line termination character[s]). **4.2.2** Each TDM line shall be one of the following:

- Header line;
- Metadata Section line;
- Data Section line;
- blank line.

4.2.3 All Header, Metadata Section, and Data Section lines, with exceptions as noted below, shall use <u>KVN</u>. <u>'keyword = value' syntax, abbreviated as KVN</u>.

- **4.2.4** Only a single 'keyword = value' assignment shall be made on a TDM line.
- **4.2.5** The following distinctions in KVN syntax shall apply for TDM lines:
 - TDM lines in the Header and Metadata Section shall consist of a keyword, followed by an equals sign '=', followed by a single value assignment. Before and after the equals sign, blank characters (white space) may be added, but shall not be required.
 - TDM lines in the Data Section shall consist of a keyword, followed by an equals sign '=', followed by a value that consists of two primary elements (essentially an ordered pair): a timetag and the measurement or calculation associated with that timetag (either without the other is unusable for tracking purposes). Before and after the equals sign, blank characters (white space) may be added. The timetag and measurement/calculation in the value must be separated by at least one blank character (white space).
 - The keywords COMMENT, META_START, META_STOP, DATA_START, and DATA STOP are exceptions to the KVN syntax.

4.2.6 Keywords must be uppercase and must not contain blanks.

4.2.7 Any white space immediately preceding or following the keyword shall not be significant.

4.2.8 Any white space immediately preceding or following the equals sign '=' shall not be significant.

4.2.9 Any white space immediately preceding the end of line shall not be significant.

4.2.10 Blank lines may be used at any position within the TDM.

4.2.11 TDM lines shall be terminated by a single Carriage Return or a single Line Feed or a Carriage Return/Line Feed pair or a Line Feed/Carriage Return pair.

4.3 TDM VALUES

4.3.1 A non-empty value field must be specified for each keyword provided.

4.3.2 Integer values shall consist of a sequence of decimal digits with an optional leading sign ('+' or '-'). If the sign is omitted, '+' shall be assumed. Leading zeros may be used. The range of values that may be expressed as an integer is:

 $-2\ 147\ 483\ 648 <= x <= +2\ 147\ 483\ 647\ (i.e., -2^{31} <= x <= 2^{31}-1).$

4.3.3 Non-integer numeric values may be expressed in either fixed-point or floating-point notation. Both representations may be used within a TDM.

4.3.4 Non-integer numeric values expressed in fixed-point notation shall consist of a sequence of decimal digits separated by a period as a decimal point indicator, with an optional leading sign ('+' or '-'). If the sign is omitted, '+' shall be assumed. Leading and trailing zeros may be used. At least one digit shall be used before and after a decimal point. The number of digits shall be 16 or fewer.

4.3.5 Non-integer numeric values expressed in floating-point notation shall consist of a sign, a mantissa, an alphabetic character indicating the division between the mantissa and exponent, and an exponent, constructed according to the following rules:

- The sign may be '+' or '-'. If the sign is omitted, '+' shall be assumed.
- The mantissa must be a string of no more than 16 decimal digits with a decimal point
 '.' in the second position of the ASCII string, separating the integer portion of the mantissa from the fractional part of the mantissa.
- The character used to denote exponentiation shall be 'E' or 'e'. If the character indicating the exponent and the following exponent are omitted, an exponent value of zero shall be assumed (essentially yielding a fixed-point value).
- The exponent must be an integer, and may have either a '+' or '-' sign (if the sign is omitted, then '+' is assumed).
- The maximum positive floating-point value is approximately 1.798E+308, with 16 significant decimal digits precision. The minimum positive floating-point value is approximately 4.94E-324, with 16 significant decimal digits precision.
- NOTE These specifications for integer, fixed-point, and floating-point values conform to the XML specifications for the data types four-byte integer 'xsd:int', 'decimal', and 'double', respectively (see reference [6]). The specifications for floating-point values conform to the IEEE 754 double precision type (see reference [7]). Floating-point numbers in IEEE extended-single or IEEE extended-double precision may be represented, but do require an ICD between participating agencies because of their implementation specific attributes. The special values 'NaN', '-Inf', '+Inf', and '-0' are not supported in the TDM.

4.3.6 Blanks shall not be permitted within numeric values and time values.

4.3.7 Text value fields may be constructed using mixed case; case shall not be significant. All upper case text values are preferred.

4.3.8 In value fields that are text, an underscore shall be equivalent to a single blank. Individual blanks between non-blank characters shall be retained (shall be significant) but multiple blanks shall be equivalent to a single blank.

4.3.9 In value fields that represent a timetag or epoch, one of the following two formats shall be used:

 $YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[.d \rightarrow d][Z]$

or

 $YYYY-DDDThh:mm:ss[.d \rightarrow d][Z]$

where 'YYYY' is the year, 'MM' is the two-digit month, 'DD' is the two-digit day, 'DDD' is the three-digit day of year, 'T' is constant, 'hh:mm:ss[.d \rightarrow d]' is the time in hours, minutes seconds, and optional fractional seconds; 'Z' is an optional time code terminator (the only permitted value is 'Z' for Zulu, i.e., UTC). All fields shall have leading zeros. See reference [3][3][3], ASCII Time Code A and B.

4.3.10 There are four types of TDM values that represent a timetag or epoch, as shown in the applicable tables. The time system for the CREATION_DATE, START_TIME, and STOP_TIME shall be UTC. The time system for the timetags in the TDM Data Section shall be determined by the TIME_SYSTEM metadata keyword.

4.4 UNITS IN THE TDM

Units are not explicitly displayed in the TDM. The units associated with values in the TDM are as specified in table 3-53-53-5.

4.5 COMMENTS IN A TDM

4.5.1 Comments may be used to provide any pertinent information associated with the data that is not covered via one of the keywords. This additional information is intended to aid in consistency checks and elaboration where needed. Comments shall not be required for successful processing of a TDM; i.e., comment lines shall be optional.

- NOTE Given that TDMs may consist of large amounts of data, and are generally produced via automation, using the COMMENT feature of the TDM may have limited usefulness. On the other hand, a simple utility could be developed to search for and extract all the comments in a TDM to make them easily reviewable. Existing built-in utilities (e.g., UNIX 'grep') or 'freeware' utilities could also be used for this purpose.
- **4.5.2** Comment lines, if used, shall only occur:
 - at the beginning of the TDM Header (i.e., between the CCSDS_TDM_VERS keyword and the CREATION_DATE keyword, as shown in table <u>3-23-2</u>3-2);
 - at the beginning of the TDM Metadata Section (i.e., between the META_START keyword and the DATA_TYPES keyword, as shown in table <u>3-33-33-3</u>);
 - at the beginning of the TDM Data Section (i.e., between the 'DATA_START' keyword and the first Tracking Data Record).

4.5.3 All comment lines shall begin with the 'COMMENT' keyword followed by at least one space (note: may also be preceded by spaces). The 'COMMENT' keyword must appear on every comment line, not just the first comment line. After the keyword, the remainder of the line shall be the comment value. White space shall be retained (is significant) in comment values.

4.5.4 Conventions for particular comments in the TDM that may be required between any two participating agencies should be specified in the ICD.

4.5.5 Descriptions of any ancillary data that cannot be accommodated via keywords in the TDM may have to be specified via comments, and should be outlined in the ICD.

5 TDM CONTENT/STRUCTURE IN XML

5.1 DISCUSSION—THE TDM/XML SCHEMA

The TDM/XML schema is available on the SANA Web site. SANA is the registrar for the protocol registries created under CCSDS.

The TDM XML schema explicitly defines the permitted data elements and values acceptable for the XML version of the TDM message.

The location of the TDM/XML schema is:

http://sanaregistry.org/r/ndmxml/ndmxml-1.0-tdm-2.0.xsd

Where possible this schema uses simple types and complex types used by the constituent schemas that make up NDMs (see reference [10]).

An Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations (XSLT) converter is available on the SANA Web site to transform an XML TDM to a KVN TDM if desired by the TDM recipient. The location of the TDM/XML XSLT converter is http://sanaregistry.org/r/ndmxml/ndmxml-1.0-tdm-1.0.xsl.

5.2 TDM/XML BASIC STRUCTURE

1.1.15.2.1 Each TDM shall consist of a <header> and a <body>.

1.1.25.2.2 The TDM <body> shall consist of one or more <segment> constructs.

1.1.35.2.3 Each <segment> shall consist of a <metadata>/<data> pair, as shown in figure 5-15-15-1.

<header></header>	
<body></body>	
<segment></segment>	
<metadata></metadata>	
<data></data>	
<segment></segment>	
<metadata></metadata>	
<data></data>	
F' 7 1	

Figure 5-1: TDM XML Basic Structure

1.1.45.2.4 XML tags shall be uppercase and correspond with the KVN keywords in Section 3 of this document (uppercase with '_' [the underscore character] as separators). The XML logical tags related to message structure shall be in lowerCamelCase.

5.3 CONSTRUCTING A TDM/XML INSTANCE

5.3.1 OVERVIEW

This subsection provides more detailed instructions for the user on how to create an XML message based on the ASCII-text KVN-formatted message described in section 3.

5.3.2 XML VERSION

The first line in the instantiation shall specify the XML version:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

This line must appear on the first line of each instantiation, exactly as shown.

5.3.3 BEGINNING THE INSTANTIATION: ROOT DATA ELEMENT

1.1.4.1<u>5.3.3.1</u> A TDM instantiation shall be delimited with the <tdm></tdm> root element tags using the standard attributes documented in reference [11].

1.1.4.25.3.3.2 The XML Schema Instance namespace attribute must appear in the root element tag of all TDM/XML instantiations, exactly as shown:

xmlns:xsi = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"

1.1.4.35.3.3. If it is desired to validate an instantiation against the CCSDS Web-based schema, the xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation attribute must be coded as a single string of non-blank characters, with no line breaks, exactly as shown:

xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://sanaregistry.org/r/ndmxml/ndmxml-1.0-master.xsd"

NOTE – The length of the value associated with the xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation attribute can cause the string to wrap to a new line; however, the string itself contains no breaks.

1.1.4.45.3.3.4 For use in a local operations environment, the schema set may be downloaded from the SANA Web site to a local server that meets local requirements for operations robustness.

1.1.4.5<u>5.3.3.5</u> If a local version is used, the value associated with the xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation attribute must be changed to a URL that is accessible to the local server.

1.1.4.65.3.3.6 The final attributes of the <tdm> tag shall be 'id' and 'version'.

1.1.4.75.3.3.7 The 'id' attribute shall be 'id="CCSDS TDM VERS"'.

1.1.4.85.3.3.8 The 'version' attribute shall be 'version="2.0"'.

- NOTE The following example root element tag for a TDM instantiation combines all the directions in the preceding several subsections:
 - <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
 - xmlns:xsi="<u>http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance</u>" xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="<u>http://sanaregistry.org/r/ndmxml/ndmx</u> <u>ml-1.0-master.xsd</u>" id="CCSDS_TDM_VERS" version="2.0">

1.1.55.3.4 THE TDM/XML HEADER SECTION

1.1.5.1<u>5.3.4.1</u> The TDM header shall have a standard header format, with tags <header> and </header>.

1.1.5.25.3.4.2 Immediately following the <header> tag, the message may have any number of <COMMENT></COMMENT> tag pairs.

<u>1.1.5.3</u> The standard TDM header shall contain the following element tags:

- a) <CREATION DATE>;
- b) <ORIGINATOR>.
- NOTE The rules for these keywords are specified in 3.2. The header would look like this:

<header>

<COMMENT>Some comment string, which is not required.</COMMENT> <CREATION_DATE>2010-03-12T22:31:12.000</CREATION_DATE> <ORIGINATOR>NASA</ORIGINATOR> </header>

1.1.65.3.5 THE TDM/XML BODY SECTION

1.1.6.15.3.5.1 After coding the <header>, the instantiation must include a <body></body> tag pair.

1.1.1.1<u>5.3.5.2</u> The TDM <body> shall consist of one or more <segment> constructs (see Figure 5-1Figure 5-1Figure 5-1).

1.1.1.25.3.5.3 Each <segment> shall consist of a <metadata> section and a <data> section.

5.3.3.1<u>5.3.5.4</u> The keywords in the <metadata> and <data> sections shall be those specified in 3.3 and 3.5 respectively.

1.1.1.35.3.5.5 Tags for TDM keywords shall be all uppercase.

1.1.25.3.5.6 TDM/XML keywords that do not correspond directly to a KVN keyword shall be in 'lowerCamelCase'.

1.1.75.3.6 THE TDM/XML METADATA SECTION

1.1.7.15.3.6.1 Immediately following the <metadata> tag, the message may have any number of <COMMENT></COMMENT> tag pairs.

1.1.7.25.3.6.2 Between the <metadata> and </metadata> tags, the keywords shall be those specified in Table 3-3Table 3-3Table 3-3.

1.1.85.3.7 THE TDM/XML DATA SECTION

1.1.8.1 Each data section shall follow the corresponding metadata section and shall be set off by the <data></data> tag combination.

1.1.8.25.3.7.2 Immediately following the <data> tag, the message may have any number of <COMMENT></COMMENT> tag pairs.

1.1.8.3 <u>5.3.7.3</u> Between the <data> and </data> tags, the keywords shall be those specified in Table 3-5Table 3-5.

1.1.9<u>5.3.8</u> SPECIAL TDM/XML TAGS

NOTE – In addition to the TDM keywords specified in section 3, there is a special tag associated with the TDM body as described in the next subsection.

1.1.2.15.3.8.1 The <observation> tag shall be used to encapsulate the keywords associated with one of the tracking data types in the TDM.

1.1.2.2<u>5.3.8.2</u> The <observation> tag shall consist of two subcomponents:

- a) the time tag (<EPOCH> tag); and
- b) one specific data type (e.g., <RECEIVE_FREQ>).
- NOTE Thus a received frequency observation would appear in an NDM/XML TDM as follows:

```
<observation>
```

```
<EPOCH>2008-200T12:34:56.789</EPOCH>
<RECEIVE FREQ>8415000000</RECEIVE FREQ>
```

</observation>

5.3.4<u>5.3.9</u> UNITS IN THE TDM/XML

The units in the TDM/XML shall be the same units used in the KVN-formatted TDM described in section 3.

5.4 DISCUSSION—TDM/XML EXAMPLE

See <u>Figure D-19Figure D-19</u> for a sample of a TDM in XML format.

ANNEX A

VALUES FOR TIME_SYSTEM AND REFERENCE_FRAME

(NORMATIVE)

The values in this annex represent the set of acceptable values for the TIME_SYSTEM and REFERENCE_FRAME keywords. For details and description of these time systems, see reference [1]. If exchange partners wish to use different settings, they should be documented in the ICD.

A1 TIME_SYSTEM METADATA KEYWORD

Time System Value	Meaning
GMST	Greenwich Mean Sidereal Time
GPS	Global Positioning System
SCLK	Spacecraft Clock (receiver)
TAI	International Atomic Time
TCB	Barycentric Coordinated Time
TDB	Barycentric Dynamical Time
TT	Terrestrial Time
UT1	Universal Time
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time

A2 REFERENCE_FRAME KEYWORD

Reference Frame	Meaning
Value	
EME2000	Earth Mean Equator and Equinox of J2000
ICRF	International Celestial Reference Frame
ITRFnnnnITRFyyyy	International Terrestrial Reference Frame, "nnnnyyyy" >= 2000
ITRF -nn yy	International Terrestrial Reference Frame 19nn19yy
TOD	True of Date

ANNEX B

IMPLEMENTATION CONFORMANCE STATEMENT (ICS)

(NORMATIVE)

NOTE: In the 'Status' column, M = 'mandatory' and O = 'optional'.

A1B1_INTRODUCTION

A1.1 OVERVIEW

This annex provides the Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) Requirements List (RL) for an implementation of *Tracking Data Message* (CCSDS 503.0). The ICS for an implementation is generated by completing the RL in accordance with the instructions below. An implementation shall satisfy the mandatory conformance requirements referenced in the RL. For further information on Implementation Conformance Statements, see [E7]. The RL in this annex is blank. An implementation's completed RL is called the ICS. The ICS states which capabilities and options have been implemented. The following can use the ICS:

- the implementer, as a checklist to reduce the risk of failure to conform to the standard through oversight;
- a supplier or potential acquirer of the implementation, as a detailed indication of the capabilities of the implementation, stated relative to the common basis for understanding provided by the standard ICS proforma;
- a user or potential user of the implementation, as a basis for initially checking the possibility of interworking with another implementation (it should be noted that, while interworking can never be guaranteed, failure to interwork can often be predicted from incompatible ICSes);
- a tester, as the basis for selecting appropriate tests against which to assess the claim for conformance of the implementation.

A1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND CONVENTIONS

The RL consists of information in tabular form. The status of features is indicated using the abbreviations and conventions described below.

Item Column

The item column contains sequential numbers for items in the table.

Feature Column

The feature column contains a brief descriptive name for a feature. It implicitly means 'Is this feature supported by the implementation?'

NOTE – The features itemized in the RL are elements of a TDM. Therefore support for a mandatory feature indicates that generated messages will include that feature, and support for an optional feature indicates that generated messages can include that feature.

Keyword Column

The keyword column contains, where applicable, the TDM keyword associated with the feature.

Reference Column

The reference column indicates the relevant subsection or table in *Tracking Data Message* (CCSDS 503.0) (this document).

Status Column

The status column uses the following notations:

M mandatory.

O optional.

Support Column Symbols

The support column is to be used by the implementer to state whether a feature is supported by entering Y, N, or N/A, indicating:

- Y Yes, supported by the implementation.
- N No, not supported by the implementation.
- N/A Not applicable.

A1.3 INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE RL

An implementer shows the extent of compliance to the Recommended Standard by completing the RL; that is, the state of compliance with all mandatory requirements and the options supported are shown. The resulting completed RL is called an ICS. The implementer shall complete the RL by entering appropriate responses in the support or values supported column, using the notation described in <u>A1.2Error! Reference source not found.</u> If a conditional requirement is inapplicable, N/A should be used. If a mandatory requirement is not satisfied, exception information must be supplied by entering a reference Xi, where i is a unique identifier, to an accompanying rationale for the noncompliance.

A2B2ICS PROFORMA FOR TRACKING DATA MESSAGEA2.1A1.4GENERAL INFORMATIONA2.1.1A1.4.1Identification of ICS

Date of Statement (DD/MM/YYYY)	
ICS serial number	
System Conformance statement cross-reference	

A2.1.2<u>A1.4.2</u> Identification of Implementation Under Test (IUT)

Implementation name	
Implementation version	
Special Configuration	

Other Information	

A2.1.3A1.4.3 Identification of Supplier

Supplier	
Contact Point for Queries	
Implementation Name(s) and Versions	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g., name(s) and version(s) for machines and/or operating systems;	
System Name(s)	

A2.1.4A1.4.4 Document Version

CCSDS 503.0 Document Version	
Have any exceptions been required?	Yes No
(Note: A YES answer means that the implementation does not conform to the Recommended Standard. Non-supported mandatory capabilities are to be identified in the ICS, with an explanation of why the implementation is non-conforming.	

A2.1.5A1.4.5 Requirements List

Seq #	Protocol Feature	Protocol Keyword	Reference (Blue Book)	Status	Support
1	TDM Header	N/A	Table 3-2	М	
2	TDM version	CCSDS_TDM_VERS	Table 3-2	М	
3	Comment	COMMENT	Table 3-2	0	
4	Message creation date/time	CREATION_DATE	Table 3-2	М	
5	Message originator	ORIGINATOR	Table 3-2	М	
6	TDM Metadata	META_START	Table 3-3	М	
7	Comment	COMMENT	Table 3-3	0	
8	Specifies data types in data section	DATA_TYPES	Table 3-3	0	
9	Specifies time system relevant to timetags	TIME_SYSTEM	Table 3-3	М	
10	Start time of data	START_TIME	Table 3-3	0	
11	Stop time of data	STOP_TIME	Table 3-3	0	
12	Participants in the tracking session	PARTICIPANT_n	Table 3-3	М	
13	Mode of the tracking session	MODE	Table 3-3	0	
14	Signal path in the tracking session	PATH PATH1, PATH2	Table 3-3	0	

Seq #	Protocol Feature	Protocol Keyword	Reference (Blue Book)	Status	Support
15	Name of the ephemeris file used, if any.	EPHEMERIS_NAME_n	Table 3-3	0	
16	Frequency band of the transmitted data	TRANSMIT_BAND	Table 3-3	0	
17	Frequency band of the received data	RECEIVE_BAND	Table 3-3	0	
18	Numerator of the turnaround ratio	TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR	Table 3-3	0	
19	Denominator of the turnaround ratio	TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR	Table 3-3	0	
20	Specifies whether data is transmitted or received	TIMETAG_REF	Table 3-3	0	
21	Data compression rate	INTEGRATION_INTERVAL	Table 3-3	0	
22	Reference point of the timetag	INTEGRATION_REF	Table 3-3	0	
23	Specifies a base frequency to which frequency data is referenced.	FREQ_OFFSET	Table 3-3	0	
24	Specifies the ranging method	RANGE_MODE	Table 3-3	0	
25	Specifies the ranging modulus	RANGE_MODULUS	Table 3-3	0	
26	Specifies the units for ranging data	RANGE_UNITS	Table 3-3	0	
27	Specifies the angle type for angle data	ANGLE_TYPE	Table 3-3	0	
28	Specifies the reference frame for specific angle types	REFERENCE_FRAME	Table 3-3	0	
29	Specifies the magnitude type for optical magnitude data	MAG_TYPE	Table 3-3	0	
30	Specifies the interpolation method recommended for phase count data	INTERPOLATION	Table 3-3	0	
31	Specifies the degree of the interpolating polynomial for phase count data	INTERPOLATION_DEGREE	Table 3-3	0	
<u>32</u>	Specifies correction factors necessary to reconstruct a Doppler counter measurement	DOPPLER_COUNT_BIAS DOPPLER_COUNT_SCALE DOPPLER_COUNT_ROLLOVER	Table 3-3	<u>0</u>	
<u>33</u> 32	Specifies a fixed delay time applicable to transmitted data	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	Table 3-3	0	
<u>34</u> 3 3	Specifies a fixed delay time applicable to received data	RECEIVE_DELAY_n n = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	Table 3-3	0	
<u>35</u> 3 4	Indicates the data quality	DATA_QUALITY	Table 3-3	0	

Seq #	Protocol Feature	Protocol-Keyword	Reference (Blue Book)	Status	Support
<u>36</u> 3 5	Specifies a correction value to be added to each data point	CORRECTION_ANGLE_1 CORRECTION_ANGLE_2 CORRECTION_DOPPLER CORRECTION_MAG CORRECTION_RANGE <u>CORRECTION_RCS</u> CORRECTION_RECEIVE CORRECTION_TRANSMIT	Table 3-3	0	
<u>37</u> 3 6	Specifies whether corrections have been applied, or have not	CORRECTIONS_APPLIED	Table 3-3	0	
<u>38</u> 3 7	End of TDM Metadata	META_STOP	Table 3-3	М	
<u>39</u> 3 8	TDM Data	DATA_START	Table 3-5	М	
<u>40</u> 3 9	Comment	COMMENT	Table 3-5	0	
<u>41</u> 4 0	Angle related data	ANGLE_1 ANGLE_2	Table 3-5	0	
<u>42</u> 4 1	Carrier signal related data	CARRIER_POWER PC N0	Table 3-5	0	
<u>43</u> 4 2	Clock related data	CLOCK_BIAS CLOCK DRIFT	Table 3-5	0	
<u>44</u> 4 3	Doppler data	DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS DOPPLER_INTEGRATED DOPPLER_COUNT	Table 3-5	0	
<u>45</u> 4 4	Media related data	STEC TROPO_DRY TROPO_WET	Table 3-5	0	
<u>46</u> 4 5	Meteorological data	PRESSURE RHUMIDITY TEMPERATURE	Table 3-5	0	
<u>47</u> 4 6	Optical/radar related data	MAG RCS	Table 3-5	0	
<u>48</u> 4 7	Range related data	RANGE PR N0	Table 3-5	0	
<u>49</u> 4 8	Receive related data	RECEIVE_FREQ_n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) RECEIVE_FREQ RECEIVE_PHASE_CT (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	Table 3-5	0	
<u>50</u> 4 9	Transmit related data	TRANSMIT_FREQ_n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT (n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	Table 3-5	0	
<u>51</u> 5 0	VLBI related data	DOR VLBI_DELAY	Table 3-5	0	
51<u>5</u> 2	End of TDM Data	DATA_STOP	Table 3- <u>5</u> 4	М	

ANNEX C

ITEMS FOR AN INTERFACE CONTROL DOCUMENT

(INFORMATIVE)

In several places in this document there are references to items which should be specified in an Interface Control Document (ICD) between agencies participating in an exchange of tracking data, if they are applicable to the particular exchange. The ICD should be jointly produced by both Agencies participating in a cross-support activity involving the collection, analysis, and transfer of tracking data. This section compiles those items into a single location.

The greater the amount of material specified via ICD, the lesser the utility/benefit of the TDM (custom programming may be required to tailor software for each ICD). It is suggested to avoid a large number of items specified via ICD, to ensure full utility/benefit of the TDM.

For example, although turnaround ratios may not change frequently, having a TDM producer include the turnaround keywords TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR and

TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR in the TDM will increase the level of automation possible in an exchange partner's TDM reader.

From an implementation standpoint, it is probable that many of the items that need to be negotiated via ICD will be introduced into the system that processes tracking data via one or more configuration files that specify the settings of specific, related parameters that will be used during the tracking session, for example, the value of the turnaround ratio to be used for the tracking data. This may vary between exchange participants. Different versions of programs could be used to prepare the tracking data where these parameters differ; however, a more efficient design would be to have a single program that is configured based on tracking pass specific information. It seems likely that there may be at least two configuration files necessary, one which contains Agency-specific parameters that do not change between tracking passes, and one which contains spacecraft/mission-specific parameters that could change with every tracking pass.

Another thought on ICDs is that it might be feasible for participating agencies to have a generic baseline ICD ('standard service provider ICD') that specifies mission/spacecraft-independent entities on the interface, e.g., those associated with the agency's ground antennas (axis offsets, station locations, side motions, reference frame, epoch, supported frequency bands, etc.). Then smaller ICDs could be used for the mission/spacecraft-specific arrangements.

The following table lists the items that should be covered in an ICD, along with where they are discussed in the text:

Ite	Section	
1.	Definition of accuracy requirements pertaining to any particular TDM.	1.2.3
2.	Method of exchanging TDMs (e.g., post-processed SFTP, real-time stream, etc.).	1.2.4, 3.1.8
3.	Whether the KVN or XML format of the TDM will be exchanged.	2.2.3
4.	Frequency of exchange, special types of exchange, and conditions under which multiple TDMs will be exchanged (e.g., launch supports with periodic TDMs, critical maneuvers, orbit insertions, etc.).	2.2.6
5.	TDM file naming conventions.	3.1.7
6.	List of valid <u>SANA registry</u> values that may be used for 'ORIGINATOR' keyword in the TDM Header (NOTE: may just be the SANA registry).	3.2.3
7.	Specific TDM version number(s) that will be exchanged.	3.2.5
8.	Antenna geometry, if not accommodated by built-in values of 'ANGLE_TYPE' keyword.	table $3 - 33 - 3 - 3$
9.	The list of eligible names that is used for PARTICIPANT keywords.	table 3-33-3-3, 3.3.1.10, 3.5.2.9
10.	Definitions of 'RAW', 'VALIDATED', and 'DEGRADED' as they apply to data quality for a particular exchange (DATA_QUALITY keyword).	table $3 - 33 - 3 - 3$
11.	The range of frequencies associated with each value of the 'TRANSMIT_BAND' and 'RECEIVE_BAND' metadata keywords.	table <u>3-33-33-3</u>
12.	If more than five participants are necessary, special arrangements are necessary.	3.3.1.11, 3.3.2.4.4
13.	When all the data in a TDM Segment is media related or weather related, the observable may be relative to a reference location within the tracking complex; the methods used to extrapolate the measurements to other antennas should be specified in the ICD.	3.3.2.7 <u>.2</u>
14.	Complete description of the station locations and characteristics.	3.4.13
15.	Whether TRANSMIT_DELAY and RECEIVE_DELAY are processed by the producer or the consumer of the tracking data.	3.4.15.2
16.	Special sort orders that may be required by the producer or recipient.	3.4.10, 3.5.4.1
17.	Spin correction arrangements (who will do the correction, the agency providing the tracking or the agency that operates the spacecraft).	3.4.15.5
18.	Correction algorithms that are more complex than a simple scalar value.	3.4.15.6

Item			
19. Standard corrections that will (or will not) be applied to the data (e.g., tropospheric, meteorological, media, transponder, etc.), miscellaneous corrections.	3.4.15.7		
20. Definition of the range unit, if it is not kilometers or seconds.	3.5.2.7, table <u>3-33-3</u> 3-3		
21. Equation for calculation of four-way Doppler shift, if applicable.	3.5.2.8.5		
22. Transponder turnaround ratios necessary to calculate predicted downlink frequency and the Doppler measurement; also includes cases such as dual uplink where a 'beacon' or 'pilot' frequency is used (e.g., TDRS, DRTS, COMETS).	3.5.2.8.4, 3.5.2.9, table <u>3-33-3</u> 3-3		
23. Whether or not it is necessary to distinguish the separate Slant Total Electron Count contributions between ionospheric and interplanetary STEC.	3.5.7.1		
24. Elevation mapping function for the tropospheric data.	3.5.7.2, 3.5.7.3		
25. Recommended polynomial interpolations for tropospheric data.	3.5.7.2, 3.5.7.3		
26. If non-standard floating-point numbers in extended-single or extended- double precision are to be used, then discussion of implementation-specific attributes is required.	4.3.5		
27. Information which must appear in comments for any given TDM exchange.	4.5.4		
28. Description of any ancillary data not already included in the Tracking Data Record definition.	4.5.5		
29. Interagency Information Technology (IT) security requirements in TDMs.	Error! Reference source not found. G.2.12		
30. Time systems not shown in annex A.	annex A		
31. Reference frames not shown in annex A.	annex A		
32. Whether the mean range rate for 2W and/or 3W Doppler is based on the one- way light time or two-way light time.	3.5.2.3		
33. Whether the RANGE observable for 2W and/or 3W range is based on the round trip light time, or half the round trip light time.	3.5.2.7		

ANNEX D

EXAMPLE TRACKING DATA MESSAGES

(INFORMATIVE)

CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2.0 COMMENT TDM example created by yyyy-nnA Nav Team (NASA/JFL) COMMENT DATE = 2005-160120:15:002 ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT DATA quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Sughtly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PART.CIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PART.GIPANT_4 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY 1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733 RECEIVE FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733 RECEIVE FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 3202103466.9449 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 3202103466.9449 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:02 32021034403.0346 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 3202103507.3773 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:05 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:08 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 3202103514.561 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 3202103514.1744 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 3202103528.715 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 3202103514.1744 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 3202103514.1744 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 3202103514.1744 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 3202103574.24425 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 3202103574.24425 RECEIVE_FRE				
COMMENT StarTrek 1-way data, Ka band down CREATION_DATE = 2005-160T20:15:00Z ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	$CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2$.0		
CREATION_DATE = 2005-160T20:15:00Z ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	COMMENT TDM exampl	e created by yyyyy-nn	nA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)	
ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP			wn	
<pre>META_START COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP</pre>	CREATION_DATE = 20	05-160T20:15:00Z		
COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	ORIGINATOR = NASA			
COMMENT Data quality degraded by antenna pointing problem COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP				
COMMENT Slightly noisy data TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	META_START			
TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	_		a pointing problem	
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP		oisy data		
<pre>PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP</pre>	TIME_SYSTEM = UTC			
MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	PARTICIPANT_1 = DS	S-25		
PATH = 2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	PARTICIPANT_2 = yy	yy-nnnA		
INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1 INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	MODE = SEQUENTIAL			
INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP				
<pre>FREQ_OFFSET = 0 TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP</pre>	INTEGRATION_INTERV	AL = 1		
TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	INTEGRATION_REF =	MIDDLE		
RECEIVE_DELAY_1 = 0.000077 DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	$FREQ_OFFSET = 0$			
DATA_QUALITY = DEGRADED META_STOP	TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 =	0.000077		
META_STOP	RECEIVE_DELAY_1 =	0.000077		
—	DATA_QUALITY = DEG	RADED		
DATA_START COMMENT TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 is spacecraft reference downlink TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32021034790.7265 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:01 32021034828.8432 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:02 32021034866.9449 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:05 32021035030.2778 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021035035.73773 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:08 32021035095.4377 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:09 32021035035.604 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 32021035133.5604 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:11 32021035207.6653 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035323.8187 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035324.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 3202103532.8187 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035476.1241 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035476.1241 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 3202103554.7174 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:20 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:23 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:26 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:27 32021035818.5158 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:27 32021035818.5158 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 32021035818.5158 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:29 32021035818.5158 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005	META_STOP			
DATA_START COMMENT TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 is spacecraft reference downlink TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32021034968.8432 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:01 32021034868.8432 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:02 32021034965.0327 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021034961.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:05 32021034981.2049 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021035019.2778 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:07 32021035057.3773 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:08 32021035057.3773 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:08 32021035095.4377 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 32021035131.35604 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:11 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035248.8715 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 32021035248.8715 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:15 32021035400.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 32021035400.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 32021035400.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:17 32021035438.0126 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:18 32021035438.0126 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 32021035438.0126 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 32021035438.0126 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 32021035438.0126 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 32021035544.1714 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:21 32021035542.2263 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:21 32021035566.3579 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:23 32021035666.3579 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:25 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:26 32021035742.4425 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:27 32021035818.5158 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 32021035780.4974 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 3202103584.5501 DATA_STOP				
COMMENT TRANSMIT FREQ 2 is spacecraft reference downlink TRANSMIT_FREQ 2 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32021034905.0327 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:01 32021034905.0327 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021034941.2049 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021035057.3773 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:07 3202103505.4377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:09 32021035095.4377 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 32021035209.6653 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 32021035209.6653 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035240.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035400.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035400.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:19 32021035406.1241 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:19 32021035406.3579 RECEIVE_FREQ 1 = 2005-159T17:41:20 32021035666.3579 RECEIV	DATA_START			
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0032023442781.733RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0032021034790.7265RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0132021034828.8432RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0332021034966.9449RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0432021034943.0946RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0532021034941.2049RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0632021035057.3773RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0732021035054.4377RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:0832021035133.5604RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1032021035171.5861RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1032021035285.8715RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1332021035285.8715RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:133202103523.8187RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:163202103540.0304RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:163202103548.0126RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1732021035514.1714RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1932021035514.1714RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2032021035502.671RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:233202103504.1241RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:243202103552.2263RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035502.671RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035504.1714RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035742.4425<	COMMENT TRANSMIT_	FREQ_2 is spacecraft	reference downlink	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32021034907.265 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:01 32021034866.9449 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021034943.0946 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021035019.2778 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 32021035057.3773 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:09 32021035054.377 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:09 32021035171.5861 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 32021035247.7804 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:13 3202103541.9571 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 3202103541.9571 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:15 3202103540.00304 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 3202103541.9571 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:17 3202103540.0304 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:20	TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 =	2005-159T17:41:00	32023442781.733	
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RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:1932021035514.1714RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2032021035552.2263RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2132021035590.2671RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2232021035628.304RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2332021035666.3579RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOP32021035894.560132021035894.5601	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:18	32021035476.1241	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2032021035552.2263RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2132021035590.2671RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2232021035668.304RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2332021035666.3579RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATA_STOP32021035812.5158	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:19	32021035514.1714	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2132021035590.2671RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2232021035628.304RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2332021035666.3579RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATA_STOPDATA_STOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:20	32021035552.2263	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2232021035628.304RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2332021035666.3579RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATASTOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:21	32021035590.2671	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2332021035666.3579RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATA_STOPDATA_STOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:22	32021035628.304	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2432021035704.3745RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATA_STOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:23	32021035666.3579	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2532021035742.4425RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOP2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:24	32021035704.3745	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2632021035780.4974RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOPDATASTOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:25	32021035742.4425	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2732021035818.5158RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2832021035856.5721RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =2005-159T17:41:2932021035894.5601DATA_STOP32021035894.5601	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:26	32021035780.4974	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:28 32021035856.5721 RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:29 32021035894.5601 DATA_STOP 32021035894.5601	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:27	32021035818.5158	
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:29 32021035894.5601 DATA_STOP	RECEIVE_FREQ_1 =	2005-159T17:41:28	32021035856.5721	
DATA_STOP	RECEIVE FREQ 1 =	2005-159T17:41:29	32021035894.5601	
	DATA_STOP			

Figure D-1: TDM Example: One-Way Data

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
    COMMENT TDM example created by yyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
    COMMENT StarTrek 1-way data, Ka band down
    CREATION DATE = 2005-160T20:15:00
    ORIGINATOR = NASA
    META START
    TIME_SYSTEM = UTC
    START TIME = 2005-159T17:41:00
    STOP TIME = 2005-159T17:41:40
    PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25
    PARTICIPANT 2 = yyyy-nnnA
    MODE = SEQUENTIAL
    PATH = 2, 1
    INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 1.0
    INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
    FREQ OFFSET = 32021035200.0
    TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 0.000077
    RECEIVE \overline{D}ELAY_1 = 0.000077
    DATA QUALITY = RAW
    META STOP
DATA_START

TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:00 -409.2735

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:01 -371.1568

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:02 -333.0551

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:03 -294.9673

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 -256.9054

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:04 -256.9054

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:05 -218.7951

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:06 -180.7222

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:07 -142.6223

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:07 -142.623

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:09 -66.4396

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 -28.4139

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 -28.4139

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:10 -28.4139

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:12 47.7804

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 123.8187

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 123.8187

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:14 123.8187

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 200.3304

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 200.304

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 200.304

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 200.304

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:16 200.304

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:20 352.2263

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:21 390.2671

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:22 428.3040

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 504.3745

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:24 504.3775

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:30 732.5939

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:30 732.5939

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:33 846.665721

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:34 846.6911

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:34 846.6911

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:35 922.6890

RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2005-159T17:41:35 922.6890
    DATA START
    TRANSMIT_FREQ_2 = 2005-159T17:41:00 32023442781.733
  RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:34884.6911RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:35922.6890RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:36960.7083RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:37998.7493RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:381036.7388RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:391074.7529RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-159T17:41:401112.7732
    DATA STOP
```

Figure D-2: TDM Example: One-Way Data w/Frequency Offset

CCSDS TDM VERS=2.0 COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL) CREATION DATE=2005-184T20:15:00 ORIGINATOR=NASA META START TIME SYSTEM=UTC START TIME=2005-184T11:12:23 STOP TIME=2005-184T13:59:43.27 PARTICIPANT 1=DSS-55 PARTICIPANT_2=yyyy-nnnA MODE=SEQUENTIAL PATH=1,2,1 INTEGRATION_INTERVAL=1.0 INTEGRATION REF=MIDDLE META STOP DATA START TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:23 7175173383.615373 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220 TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:24 7175173384.017573 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:24 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:25 7175173384.419773 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:25 0.40220 TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:26 7175173384.821973 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:26 0.40220 TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:27 7175173385.224173 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:27 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:28 7175173385.626373 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:28 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:29 7175173386.028573 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:29 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:30 7175173386.430773 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:30 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:31 7175173386.832973 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:31 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:32 7175173387.235173 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:32 0.40220 TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:33 7175173387.637373 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:33 0.40220 TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:34 7175173388.039573 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:34 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:35 7175173388.441773 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-184T11:12:35 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:36 7175173388.843973 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:36 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:37 7175173389.246173 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:37 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:38 7175173389.648373 TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1=2005-184T11:12:38 0.40220 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-184T11:12:39 7175173390.050573 RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-184T13:59:27.27 8429753135.986102 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:28.27 8429749428.196568 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:29.27 8429749427.584727 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:30.27 8429749427.023103 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:31.27 8429749426.346252 RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-184T13:59:32.27 8429749425.738658 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:33.27 8429749425.113143 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:34.27 8429749424.489933 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:35.27 8429749423.876996 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:36.27 8429749423.325228 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:37.27 8429749422.664049 RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-184T13:59:38.27 8429749422.054996 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:39.27 8429749421.425801 RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-184T13:59:40.27 8429749420.824186 RECEIVE_FREQ_1=2005-184T13:59:41.27 8429749420.204178 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:42.27 8429749419.596043 RECEIVE FREQ 1=2005-184T13:59:43.27 8429749418.986191 DATA STOP

Figure D-3: TDM Example: Two-Way Frequency Data for Doppler Calculation

CCDBE TIM VERS = 2.0 CCMMENT TOM example created by yyyy-mniA Nav Team (NASA/JFL) CCMMENT DM example created by yyyy-mniA Nav Team (NASA/JFL) CCMMENT Balimated KILT at begin of pass = 950 seconds COMMENT Ratema Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to uplink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height Correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height Correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal COMMENT DELAY 1 = 0.05-00 PARA, STANT EXAMONT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 BOCCIVE DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 BOCCIVE DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 BOCCIVE DIATA, STANT EXAMONT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 COMMENT FEQ_ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FEQ_ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FEQ_ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FEQ_ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FEQ_ 1 = 2005-191700:31:48 PA NO = 2005-191700:31:42 PA NO = 2005-191700:31:42 PA NO = 2005-191700:31:42 PA NO = 2005-191700:43:48 PA NO = 2005-191700:43:48 PA NO = 2005-191700:43:48 PA NO = 2005-191700:43:48 PA NO = 2005-191700:43:49 PA NO = 2005-191700:45:27 TRANSMIT FEQ_ RATE 1 = 2005-191700:45:39 PA NO = 2005-191700:45:39 PA NO = 2005-191700:45:39 PA NO = 2005-191700:45			
CREATION DATE = 2005-191123:00:00 ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT Range correction applied is range calibration to DSS-24. COMMENT Ratema Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to uplink signal COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal TIME_SYSTM = UTC RARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyynennA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIPANT_2 = yyynennA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIPANT_2 = YyynennA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIPANT_2 = YyynennA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIPANT_2 = YYNENNA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIPANT_DELAY 1 = 7.7e=5 CORRECTION FANGE = 46.7741 CORRECTION FANGE = 2005-191100:31:51 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191100:41:42 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191100:44:42 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191100:44:42 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191100:44:33 0.60714 RANGE	CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0		
ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START COMMENT Range correction applied is range calibration to DSS-24. COMMENT Antenna Z-beight correction 0.0545 km applied to uplik signal COMMENT Antenna Z-beight correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT 2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SQUENTIAL RANGE_MODEUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODEUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODEUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODEUS = COMERENT RANGE_MODEUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE_MODUUS = 2.0.e+26 RANGE CORRECTION_RANGE = 6.7.741 CORRECTION_RANGE = 6.7.741 CORRECTION_RANGE = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 PR NO 2005-191700:31:51 TASSNMIT_FREQ 1 TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 2005-191700:31:51 TASSNMIT_FREQ 1 2005-191700:31:51 TASSNMIT_FREQ 1 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 RANGE 2005-191700:31:51	COMMENT TDM example cr	eated by yyyyy-nnnA Na	v Team (NASA/JPL)
META_START COMMENT Range correction applied is range calibration to DSS-24. COMMENT Range correction applied is range calibration to DSS-24. COMMENT Antenna 2-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnk MODE = SEQUENTIAL PART 1 - 1,2,1 INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE_MODE = CONFERST RANGE_MODE = CONFERST RANGE = 2005-191700;31:51 7180064477.2756 TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 = 2005-191700;31:48 RANGE = 2005-191700;31:49 RANGE = 2005-191700;31:49 RANGE = 2005-191700;31:49 RANGE = 2005-191700;31:49 RANGE = 2005-191700;41:49 RANGE =	CREATION_DATE = 2005-1	91T23:00:00	
COMMENT Range correction applied is range calibration to DSS-24. COMMENT Antenna 2-beight correction 0.0545 Km applied to uplik signal TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT 2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = STORNTAL RANGE_MODDLS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_MODIUS = 2.0e+27 CORRECTION RANGE = 46.7741 CORRECTIONS_APPLIED = YES META_STOP RANGE RANGE RANGE PR NO 2005-191700:31:11 19242998.5151996 PR,NO 2005-191700:31:48 0.53205 RANGE 2005-191700:37:45 128.052304 RANGE PR NO 2005-191700:37:45 128.05299	ORIGINATOR = NASA		
COMMENT Estimated RILT at begin of pass = 950 seconds COMMENT Antenna Z-height correction 0.0189 km applied to uplink signal TIME_SYSTEM = UC PARTICIEANT 1 = DDS-24 PARTICIEANT 2 = Typy-renna MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIEANT 2 = Typy-renna MODE = SEQUENTIAL PARTICIEANT 2 = Typy-renna MODE = CORRECTION RANGE_MODE = CORRECT RANGE_MODE = CORRECT RANGE_DODULUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_DODULUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_DOLUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_DOLUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_DOLUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE_MODULUS = 2.0e+101T00:31:51 CORRECTION RANGE = 46.7741 CORRECTIONS APPLIED = YES META_STOP TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 PR NO = 2005-191T00:31:41 PR NO = 2005-191T00:31:42 PR NO = 2005-191T00:31:44 CANSE_CARTE_1 = 2005-191T00:31:44 PR NO = 2005-1	_		
COMMENT Antenna 2-height correction 0.0545 km applied to uplik signal COMMENT Antenna 2-height correction 0.0189 km applied to uplik signal TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIEANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIEANT 2 = yyyy-nnnA MODE = SQUENTIAL PATH = 1,2,1 INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE_MODE = COMERENT RANGE_MODE = COMERENT RANGE_MODULS = 2.0.0+26 RANGE_UNITS PELA CORRECTIONS APPLIED = YES META_STOP DATA START TRANSMIT_FREQ_ATE 1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_ATE 1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_ATE 1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:51 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:51 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:48 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:48 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:49 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:49 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:49 RANGE = 2005-191T00:31:49 RANGE = 2005-191T00:40:42 RANGE = 2005-191T00:40:43 RANGE = 2005-191T00:52:7 RANGE RANGE = 2005-191T00:52:7 RANGE = 2005-191T0			
COMMENT Antenna 2-height correction 0.0189 km applied to downlink signal TIME_SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT 2 = NYYY-NNA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 1,2,1 INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODIUS = 2.0e+26 RANGE UNITS = RU TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 RECTIVE DELAY 1 = 2.005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:31:48 CORRECTIVE RELAY TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-191700:31:48 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:48 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:48 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:48 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:49 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:43:49 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:43:49 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:49 RANGE 2 = 2005-191700:43:39 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:45:30 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:45:20 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:45:20 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:45:27 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:45:27 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:52:20 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-19170			
THME SYSTEM = UTC PARTICIPANT 1 = DS-24 PARTICIPANT 2 = YYYY-RANA MODE = SOUENTIAL PATH = 1,2,1 INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE MODE = COHERENT RANGE MODE = COHERENT TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 CORRECTIONS AFFLIED = YES META_STOP DATA_START TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:61 RANGE = 2005-191700:31:61 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:64 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:48 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:31:48 TRANSMIT FRED 1 = 2005-191700:37:45 TRANSMIT FRED RATE 1 = 2005-191700:47:45 TRANSMIT FRED RATE 1 = 2005-191700:47:42 PR NO = 2005-191700:40:42 PR NO = 2005-191700:40:42 TRANSMIT FRED RATE 1 = 2005-191700:40:42 PR NO = 20			
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-24 PARTICIPANT 2 = YYYY-NDAA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 1,2,1 INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE MODE = COHERNT RANGE_MODE = COHERNT TRANSMIT_DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 RCCIVE JELAY 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:34:48 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:34:48 RANGE = 2005-191700:34:48 RANGE = 2005-191700:34:48 PR N0 = 2005-191700:34:46 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:34:45 PR N0 = 2005-191700:47:45 JENO46457.2756 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:47:45 PR N0 = 2005-191700:47:30 PR N0 = 2005-191700:47:30 PR N0 = 2005-191700:45:20 PR N0 = 2005-191700:45:21 PR N0 = 2005-191700:52:21 PR N0 = 2005-191700	-	ht correction 0.0189 k	m applied to downlink signal
PARTICIPANT 2 = yyyy-nnA MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 1.2,1 INTEGRATION REP = START RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_MODE = COHERENT RANGE_DELX_1 = 7.7e-5 CORRECTIONS_APPLIED = YES META_STOP DATA_START TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:31:51 0.59299 RANGE = 2005-191700:31:61 0.59259 RANGE = 2005-191700:31:48 0.59305 RANGE = 2005-191700:37:45 71800644577.2756 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:37:45 1.598408.8168328 PR_NO = 2005-191700:37:45 1.598408.8168328 PR_NO = 2005-191700:37:45 28.16193 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:422 7160646622.2366 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:423 9738284.4138008 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 975883968.0697146 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 975883968.0697146 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 97583968.0697146 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 97583968.0697146 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 97583968.0697146 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 975835.3958799 PR_NO = 2005-191700:423 9758356.56141 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:523 0.60983 RANGE = 2005-191700:527 7.7.30605318.61442 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:527 7.7.30699 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-191700:527 7.7.30699 T	_		
MODE SEQUENTIAL PATH 1.2,1 INTEGRATION_REF START RANGE_MODULDS 2.0e+26 RANGE_MODULDS 2.0e+26 RANGE_INITS_ERU TRANSMIT DELAY 1 TRANSMIT DELAY 1 7.7e-5 RECEIVE_DELAY 1 7.7e-5 CORRECTION RANCE 46.7741 CORRECTION RANCE 46.7741 CORRECTION RANCE 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FRED_1 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FRED_1 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE 2005-191700:34:48 RANGE 2005-191700:34:48 PR N0 2005-191700:34:48 RANGE 2005-191700:34:48 RANGE 2005-191700:37:45 RANGE 2005-191700:37:45 PR N0 2005-191700:37:45 RANGE 2005-191700:37:45 PR N0 2005-191700:37:45 PR N0 2005-191700:37:45 PR N0 2005-191700:47:42 PR N0 2005-191700:47:42 PR N0 </td <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>	_		
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INTEGRATION REF = START RANGE MODDE = CORPENT RANGE MODE = 2.0e+26 RANGE_UNITS = RU TRANSMIT_DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 RECEIVE DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 CORRECTION RANGE 46.7741 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 PRING PRING 2005-191700:31:51 RANGE PR NO 2005-191700:31:48 TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 2005-191700:31:48 PR NO 2005-191700:40:42 7180064827.2366 PR NO 2005-191700:40:42 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
RANGE MODE CORRECT RANGE UNITS = RU TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 RECEIVE DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5 CORRECTIONS_APPLIED = YES META_STOP DATA_START TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:31:51 7180064367.3536 PRANCE = 2005-191700:31:51 3242398.5151986 PR N0 = 2005-191700:34:48 7180064472.3146 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:34:48 7180064472.3146 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:34:48 7180064472.3146 TRANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:34:48 0.59305 RANCE = 2005-191700:34:48 0.59305 RANSE = 2005-191700:34:48 0.59305 RANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:37:45 718006477.72756 TRANSMIT FREQ = 2005-191700:37:45 0.59299 RANCE = 2005-191700:40:42 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:40:42 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-191700:40:42 37938284.4138008 PR N0 = 2005-191700:43:39 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:40:42 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:40:43 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:40:43 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT FREQ ARTE 1 = 2005-191700:4		m	
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TRANSMIT_DELAY_1 = 7.7e-5 RECETION_RANGE = 46.7741 CORRECTION_RANGE = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:31:51 2005-191700:31:51 RANCE = 2005-191700:31:51 RANNET_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191700:34:48 COST-191700:34:48 COST-191700:37:45 RANCE = 2005-191700:37:45 RANCE = 2005-191700:37:45 RANCE = 2005-191700:37:45 RANCE = 2005-191700:47:42 RANCE = 2005-191700:47:42 RANCE = 2005-191700:47:42 RANCE = 2005-191700:40:42 PR_NO = 2005-191700:40:42 RANCE = 2005-191700:43:39 PR_NO = 2005-191700:43:39 RANCE = 2005-191700:43:39 PR_NO = 2005-191700:43:39 RANCE = 2005-191700:43:39 PR_NO = 2005-191700:43:30 PR_NO	_	0	
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CORRECTION RANCE = 46.7741 CORRECTIONS APPLIED = YES META_STOP DATA_START TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:31:51 2005-191T00:34:48 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191T00:34:48 2005-191T00:34:48 ANNCE PR_NO PR_NO PR_NO PR_NO 2005-191T00:37:45 7180064577.2756 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191T00:37:45 PR_NO 2005-191T00:40:42 0.59299 RANCE PR_NO 2005-191T00:40:42 0.59299 RANGE PR_NO 2005-191T00:40:42 7938284.4138008 PR_NO 2005-191T00:43:39 7180064787.1976 TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-191T00:43:39 2005-191T00:43:39 PR_NO			
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RANGE=2005-191T00:46:3614726355.3958799PR_N0=2005-191T00:46:3627.30462TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:49:337180065002.72044TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:2772.29589RANGE=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	TRANSMIT FREO 1 =	2005-19100.46.36	7180064894.77345
RANGE=2005-191T00:46:3614726355.3958799PR_N0=2005-191T00:46:3627.30462TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:49:337180065002.72044TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	TRANSMIT FREO RATE 1 =	2005-191T00:46:36	0.60989
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:49:337180065002.72044TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	RANGE =	2005-191T00:46:36	14726355.3958799
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:49:337180065002.72044TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	PR NO =	2005-191T00:46:36	27.30462
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE =2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0 =2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE =2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0 =2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0 =2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_I =2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_I =2005-191T00:58:247180065216.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0 =2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE =2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0 =2005-191T01:01:2127.15509		2005-191T00:49:33	
RANGE=2005-191T00:49:3336683224.3750253PR_N0=2005-191T00:49:3328.32537TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065226.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:2430.648199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:277180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:52:307180065110.66743TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:52:300.60983RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	PR NO =	2005-191T00:49:33	
RANGE=2005-191T00:52:3058645699.4734682PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =	2005-191T00:52:30	7180065110.66743
PR_N0=2005-191T00:52:3029.06158TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =	2005-191T00:52:30	0.60983
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:55:277180065218.61442TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	RANGE =	2005-191T00:52:30	58645699.4734682
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:49:330.60989RANGE =2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0 =2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:49:330.62085RANGE =2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0 =2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE =2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0 =2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	PR_NO =	2005-191T00:52:30	29.06158
RANGE=2005-191T00:55:2713504948.3585422PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	_ ~_		7180065218.61442
PR_N0=2005-191T00:55:2727.29589TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.62085RANGE=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =		
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T00:58:247180065326.56141TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1=2005-191T00:49:330.62085RANGE=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 =2005-191T00:49:330.62085RANGE =2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0 =2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 =2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE =2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0 =2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	_		
RANGE=2005-191T00:58:2435478729.4012973PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
PR_N0=2005-191T00:58:2430.48199TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1=2005-191T01:01:217180065436.45167RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509			
RANGE=2005-191T01:01:2157458219.0681689PR_N0=2005-191T01:01:2127.15509	_		
PR_N0 = 2005-191T01:01:21 27.15509	_ ~_		
—			
DATA_STOP	-	2005-191T01:01:21	27.15509
	DATA_STOP		

Figure D-4: TDM Example: Two-Way Ranging Data Only

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
CREATION DATE = 2005-184T20:15:00
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-184T11:12:23
STOP_TIME = 2005-184T13:59:40.27
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-55
PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA
PARTICIPANT 3 = DSS-15
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 1, 2, 3
INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 1.0
INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
META STOP
DATA START
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 7175173383.615373
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220
RECEIVE_FREQ_3 = 2005-184T13:59:27.27 8429753135.986102
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:24
                                          7175173384.017573
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE_FREQ_3 = 2005-184T13:59:28.27 8429749428.196568
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:25 7175173384.419773
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:29.27 8429749427.584727
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-184T11:12:26 7175173384.821973
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:30.27 8429749427.023103
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:27
                                         7175173385.224173
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:31.27 8429749426.346252
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:28 7175173385.626373
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220

        RECEIVE FREQ 3
        =
        2005-184T13:59:32.27
        8429749425.738658

        TRANSMIT FREQ 1
        =
        2005-184T11:12:29
        7175173386.028573

TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:29
TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:33.27 8429749425.113143
TRANSMIT_FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:30 7175173386.430773
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220
RECEIVE_FREQ_3 = 2005-184T13:59:34.27 8429749424.489933
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2005-184T11:12:31
                                          7175173386.832973
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                              0.40220
RECEIVE_FREQ_3 = 2005-184T13:59:35.27 8429749423.876996
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005 - 184T11:12:32
                                        7175173387.235173
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:36.27 8429749423.325228
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-184T11:12:33 7175173387.637373
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE_FREQ_3 = 2005-184T13:59:37.27 8429749422.664049
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-184T11:12:34 7175173388.039573
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                               0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:38.27 8429749422.054996
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2005-184T11:12:35 7175173388.441773
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23 0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3=2005-184T13:59:39.278429749421.425801TRANSMIT FREQ 1=2005-184T11:12:367175173388.843973
TRANSMIT\_FREQ\_1 = 2005-184T11:12:36
TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1 = 2005-184T11:12:23
                                                0.40220
RECEIVE FREQ 3 = 2005-184T13:59:40.27 8429749420.824186
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-5: TDM Example: Three-Way Frequency Data

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (JAXA)
CREATION DATE = 1998-06-10T01:00:00
ORIGINATOR = JAXA
META_START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 1998-06-10T00:57:37
STOP_TIME = 1998-06-10T00:57:44
PARTICIPANT_1 = NORTH
PARTICIPANT_2 = F07R07
PARTICIPANT 3 = E7
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 1, 2, 3, 2, 1
INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 1.0
INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
RANGE MODE = CONSTANT
RANGE MODULUS = 0
RANGE UNITS = km
ANGLE_TYPE = AZEL
META STOP
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:37 80452.7542

ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:37 256.64002393

TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:37 13 30100005

RECEIVE
TRANSMIT FREQ 1=1998-06-10T00:57:372106395199.07917RECEIVE FREQ =1998-06-10T00:57:372287487999.0
RANGE
            = 1998-06-10T00:57:38
                                                              80452.7368

      ANGLE -
      1990-00-10T00:57:38
      80452.7368

      ANGLE 1
      =
      1998-06-10T00:57:38
      256.64002393

      ANGLE 2
      =
      1998-06-10T00:57:38
      13.38100016

      TRANSMIT FREQ 1
      =
      1998-06-10T00:57:38
      2106395199.07917

      RECEIVE FREQ =
      1998-06-10T00:57:38
      2287487999.0

             = 1998-06-10T00:57:39
                                                              80452.7197
RANGE
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:39
ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:39
                                                                        256.64002393
                                                                           13.38100016
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:39 2106395199.07917
RECEIVE FREQ = 1998-06-10T00:57:39 2287487999.0
             = 1998-06-10T00:57:40
RANGE
                                                              80452.7025
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:40
ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:40
                                                                         256.64002393
                                                                           13.38100016

        TRANSMIT_FREQ_1
        1998-06-10T00:57:40
        2106395199.07917

        RECEIVE_FREQ
        1998-06-10T00:57:40
        2287487999.0

          = 1998-06-10T00:57:41
                                                               80452.6854
RANGE
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:41
ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:41
                                                               256.64002393
                                                                            13.38100016
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:412106395199.07917RECEIVE FREQ = 1998-06-10T00:57:412287487999.0
RANGE
             = 1998-06-10T00:57:42
                                                                80452.6680
ANGLE 1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:42
ANGLE 2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:42
                                                                256.64002393
                                                                            13.38100016

        TRANSMIT_FREQ_1
        =
        1998-06-10T00:57:42
        2106395199.07917

        RECEIVE_FREQ
        =
        1998-06-10T00:57:42
        2287487999.0

            = 1998-06-10T00:57:43
                                                              80452.6503
RANGE
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:43 256.64002393
ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:43 13.38100016
                                                                           13.38100016
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:43 2106395199.07917
RECEIVE FREQ = 1998-06-10T00:57:43
                                                               2287487999.0
                                                         80452.6331
RANGE = 1998-06-10T00:57:44
ANGLE_1 = 1998-06-10T00:57:44
ANGLE_2 = 1998-06-10T00:57:44
                                                              - --
                                                                          256.64002393
                                                                            13.38100016

        TRANSMIT_FREQ_1
        =
        1998-06-10T00:57:44
        2106395199.07917

        RECEIVE_FREQ
        =
        1998-06-10T00:57:44
        2287487999.0

DATA STOP
```

Figure D-6: TDM Example: Four-Way Data

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
COMMENT This example TDM describes a scenario such as might occur with a
COMMENT spacecraft like Cassini, which has 3 transponders: X/S, X/X, X/Ka.
COMMENT In this tracking session all 3 transponders were used.
COMMENT This requires a TDM with 3 segments, because a single segment would
COMMENT not be able to specify a 'PATH' statement that would describe the
COMMENT S-down, X-down, and Ka-down signal paths.
CREATION DATE = 2006-347T22:51
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25
PARTICIPANT2 = 1997 - 061A - X
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 1, 2, 1
INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 300.0
INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 0.000077
RECEIVE DELAY \overline{1} = 0.000077
META_STOP
DATA START
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2006-347T03:50:34 7175802770.23
RECEIVE FREQ 1 = 2006-347T06:17:49 8430849716.68
DATA STOP
META_START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-25
PARTICIPANT 2 = 1997-061A-KA
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 1, 2, 1
INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 300.0
INTEGRATION_REF = MIDDLE
TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 0.000077
RECEIVE \overline{D}ELAY \overline{1} = 0.000077
META STOP
DATA START
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2006-347T03:50:34 7175802770.23
RECEIVE_FREQ_1 = 2006-347T06:17:49 32037228923.40
DATA STOP
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-25
PARTICIPANT 2 = 1997-061A-S
PARTICIPANT_3 = DSS-24
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 1, 2, 3
INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 300.0
INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
TRANSMIT DELAY 1 = 7.7e-5
RECEIVE \overline{D}ELAY \overline{3} = 7.7e-5
META_STOP
DATA START
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2006-347T03:50:34 7175802770.23
RECEIVE FREQ 1 = 2006-347T06:17:49 2299322650.01
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-7: TDM Example: One S/C, X-up, S-down, X-down, Ka-down, Three Segments

CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0COMMENT GEOSCX_INP CREATION DATE = 2007-08-30T12:01:44.749 ORIGINATOR = DLR META START TIME SYSTEM = UTC START TIME = 2007-08-29T07:00:02.000 STOP TIME = 2007-08-29T14:00:02.000 PARTICIPANT 1 = HBSTK PARTICIPANT_2 = SAT MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 1, 2, 1INTEGRATION_INTERVAL = 1.0 INTEGRATION REF = END ANGLE_TYPE = XSYE DATA \overline{Q} UALITY = RAW META STOP DATA START DOPPLER INTEGRATED = 2007-08-29T07:00:02.000 -1.498776048 DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T07:00:02.000-1.498776048ANGLE_1=2007-08-29T07:00:02.00067.01312389ANGLE_2=2007-08-29T08:00:02.00018.28395556DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T08:00:02.000-2.201305217ANGLE_1=2007-08-29T08:00:02.00067.01982278ANGLE_2=2007-08-29T08:00:02.00021.19609167DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T12:00:02.000-84.79697583ANGLE_1=2007-08-29T12:00:02.0004.11574444DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T13:00:02.0004.547592295ANGLE_1=2007-08-29T13:00:02.0004.35471389DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T14:00:02.0004.35471389DOPPLER_INTEGRATED=2007-08-29T14:00:02.000-89.35626083ANGLE_1=2007-08-29T14:00:02.000-89.35626083ANGLE_2=2007-08-29T14:00:02.0002.78791667DATA STOP2007-08-29T14:00:02.0002.78791667 -2 67.01 21.196091 2.248620597 -84.79697583 4.11574444 1.547592295 -85.1476250 4.3547138 0.9295458 -89.356260 78791 DATA STOP META START TIME SYSTEM = UTC START TIME = 2007-08-29T06:00:02.000 STOP TIME = 2007-08-29T12:00:02.000 PARTICIPANT 1 = WHM1 PARTICIPANT 2 = SAT MODE = SEQUENTIAL PATH = 1, 2, 1INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 1.0 INTEGRATION REF = END RANGE MODE = CONSTANT RANGE MODULUS = 1.000000E+07 ANGLE TYPE = AZEL DATA \overline{Q} UALITY = RAW META STOP DATA_STARTRANGE= 2007-08-29T06:00:02.0004.00165248953670E+04DOPPLER_INTEGRATED= 2007-08-29T06:00:02.000-0.885640091ANGLE_1= 2007-08-29T06:00:02.00099.53204250ANGLE_2= 2007-08-29T06:00:02.0001.26724167RANGE= 2007-08-29T07:00:02.0003.57238793591890E+04DOPPLER_INTEGRATED= 2007-08-29T07:00:02.000-1.510223139ANGLE_1= 2007-08-29T07:00:02.000103.33061750ANGE= 2007-08-29T07:00:02.0004.77875278RANGE= 2007-08-29T08:00:02.0002.90270197047210E+04DOPPLER_INTEGRATED= 2007-08-29T08:00:02.000-2.229907387ANGLE_1= 2007-08-29T08:00:02.0005.47492500RANGE= 2007-08-29T12:00:02.0005.47492500RANGE= 2007-08-29T12:00:02.0002.81439006334980E+04DOPPLER_INTEGRATED= 2007-08-29T12:00:02.0002.22121620ANGLE_1= 2007-08-29T12:00:02.000240.89006194ANGLE_2= 2007-08-29T12:00:02.0006.71215556DATA STOP#XDP#XDP DATA START DATA STOP

Figure D-8: TDM Example: Angles, Range, Doppler Combined in Single TDM

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT This TDM example contains range data timetagged at transmit time
CREATION DATE = 2005-09-17T23:59:59
ORIGINATOR = JAXA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START TIME = 2005-09-17T00:41:38.0000
STOP TIME = 2005-09-17T00:42:58.0000
PARTICIPANT_1 = yyyy-nnnA
PARTICIPANT_2 = USC1
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 2, 1, 2
TRANSMIT BAND = S
RECEIVE \overline{BAND} = S
TIMETAG REF = TRANSMIT
INTEGRATION REF = START
RANGE MODE = CONSTANT
RANGE MODULUS = 1.0E7
RANGE UNITS = km
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
CORRECTION RANGE = 0.0
CORRECTIONS_APPLIED = YES
META STOP
DATA START
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:38.0000003198.03679519614RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:40.0000003199.82505720811RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:42.0000003201.61631714467
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:44.000000 3203.40832656236
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:46.0000003205.20108546120RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:48.0000003206.99384436004RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:50.0000003208.79110014575
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:52.000000 3210.58535800688
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:54.000000 3212.38336327374
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:56.000000 3214.18136854059
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:41:58.000000 3215.98012328859
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:00.000000 3217.78037699888
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:02.000000 3219.58287915260
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:04.000000 3221.38613078747
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:06.0000003223.19013190349RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:08.0000003224.99488250065RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:10.0000003226.80113206010
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:12.000000 3228.60963006298
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:14.000000 3230.41587962244
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:16.000000 3232.22587658761
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:18.000000 3234.03662303393
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:20.0000003235.84886844254RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:22.0000003237.65961488886RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:24.0000003239.47560770319
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:26.000000 3241.28860259295
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:28.0000003243.10384592614RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:30.0000003244.92133770276RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:32.0000003246.73882947939
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:34.0000003248.55856969945RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:36.0000003250.37681095722RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:38.0000003252.19879962071
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:40.000000 3254.02003880307
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:42.000000 3255.84352642885
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:44.000000 3257.66851301693
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:46.000000 3259.49125116157
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:48.0000003261.31848619307RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:50.0000003263.14572122459RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:52.0000003264.97295625609
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:54.000000 3266.80169024990
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:56.000000 3268.63267268713
RANGE = 2005-09-17T00:42:58.000000 3270.46440460551
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-9: TDM Example: Range Data with TIMETAG_REF=TRANSMIT

```
CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2.0
COMMENT This TDM example contains single differenced Doppler data.
CREATION DATE = 2006-354T01:38:00Z
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME_SYSTEM = UTC
START TIME = 2003-07-08T04:45:25.0000
STOP TIME = 2003-07-08T04:48:25.0000
PARTICIPANT_1 = yyyy-nnnA
PARTICIPANT_2 = DSS-24
PARTICIPANT_3 = DSS-25
MODE = SINGLE DIFF
PATH_1 = 1,2
PATH_2 = 1,3
TRANSMIT BAND = X
RECEIVE BAND = X
INTEGRATION INTERVAL = 10.0
INTEGRATION REF = MIDDLE
RECEIVE DELAY 2 = 0.00007732
RECEIVE_DELAY_3 = 0.00007732
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
COMMENT Transmit frequency is S/C beacon one OWLT prior to receive time
TRANSMIT_FREQ_1 = 2003-07-08T04:10:0000
                                                   8.435360E+09
RECEIVE_FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:45:25.0000
                                                   8.738750457763670E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:45:35.0000
                                                   8.320683479309080E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:45:45.0000
                                                  7.909399032592770E+00
RECEIVE_FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:45:55.0000
                                                   7.490205764770500E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:05.0000
                                                   7.149572372436510E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:15.0000
                                                  6.808938980102530E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:25.0000
                                                  6.481011390686030E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:35.0000
                                                   6.167441368103020E+00
                                                  5.865190505981440E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:45.0000
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:46:55.0000
                                                  5.590643882751460E+00
RECEIVE_FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:05.0000
                                                  5.330531120300290E+00
5.083267211914060E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:15.0000
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:25.0000
                                                  4.850607872009270E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:35.0000
                                                 4.643701979796000E+00
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:45.0000
RECEIVE FREQ = 2003-07-08T04:47:55.0000
                                                 4.453802272725000E+00
4.281702585856000E+00
RECEIVE_FREQ2003-07-08T04:4/:55.00004.281702585856000E+00RECEIVE_FREQ2003-07-08T04:48:05.00004.127402919189000E+00RECEIVE_FREQ2003-07-08T04:48:15.00003.990903272724000E+00RECEIVE_FREQ2003-07-08T04:48:25.00003.872203646461000E+00
DATA STOP
```



CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2.0 COMMENT This TDM example contains Delta-DOR data. COMMENT Quasar CTD 20 also known as J023752.4+284808 (ICRF), 0234+285 (IERS) CREATION_DATE = 2005-178T21:45:00 ORIGINATOR = NASA META_START TIME_SYSTEM = UTC START TIME = 2004-136T15:42:00.0000

```
STOP_TIME = 2004-136T16:02:00.0000
PARTICIPANT_1 = VOYAGER1
PARTICIPANT_2 = DSS-55
PARTICIPANT 3 = DSS-25
MODE = SINGLE DIFF
PATH 1 = 1, 2
PATH^{2} = 1,3
TRANSMIT BAND = X
RECEIVE\_BAND = X
TIMETAG REF = RECEIVE
RANGE MODE = ONE WAY
RANGE MODULUS = 1.67485271000000E+02
RECEIVE_DELAY_3 = 0.000077
DATA_QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
COMMENT Timetag is time of signal arrival at PARTICIPANT 2.
COMMENT Transmit frequency is spacecraft beacon a OWLT before receive time.
DOR = 2004-136T15:42:00.0000 -4.911896106591159E-03
DOR = 2004-136T16:02:00.0000 1.467382930436399E-02
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2004-136T14:42:00.0000 8.415123456E+09
DATA_STOP
META START
TIME_SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2004-136T15:52:00.0000
STOP TIME = 2004-136T15:52:00.0000
PARTICIPANT 1 = CTD 20
PARTICIPANT_2 = DSS-55
PARTICIPANT_3 = DSS-25
MODE = SINGLE_DIFF
PATH 1 = 1, 2
PATH^{2} = 1,3
TRANSMIT BAND = X
RECEIVE \overline{B}AND = X
TIMETAG_REF = RECEIVE
RANGE MODE = ONE WAY
RANGE MODULUS = 1.67485271000000E+02
RECEIVE_DELAY_3 = 0.000077
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
COMMENT Timetag is time of signal arrival at PARTICIPANT 2.
COMMENT Transmit frequency is reference for 2-station interferometer.
VLBI DELAY = 2004-136T15:52:00.0000 -1.911896106591159E-03
TRANSMIT FREQ 1 = 2004-136T15:42:00.0000 8.415123000E+09
DATA STOP
META_START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-55
PARTICIPANT_2 = DSS-25
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA_START
CLOCK BIAS = 2004-136T15:41:00.0000 -4.59e-7
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-11: TDM Example: Delta-DOR Observable

```
CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
COMMENT StarTrek: one minute of launch angles from DSS-16
CREATION_DATE = 2005-157T18:25:00
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2004-216T07:44:00
STOP_TIME = 2004-216T07:45:00
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-16
PARTICIPANT_2 = yyyy-nnnA
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 2, \tilde{1}
ANGLE TYPE = XSYE
CORRECTION_ANGLE_1 = -0.09
CORRECTION ANGLE 2 = 0.18
CORRECTIONS APPLIED = NO
META STOP
DATA START
ANGLE_1 = 2004-216T07:44:00 -23.62012
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:00 -73.11035
ANGLE_1 = 2004-216T07:44:10 -23.04004
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:10 -72.74316
ANGLE 1 = 2004-216T07:44:20 -22.78125
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:20 -72.53027
ANGLE 1 = 2004-216T07:44:30 -22.59180
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:30 -72.37598
ANGLE_1 = 2004-216T07:44:40 -22.40527
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:40 -72.23730
ANGLE 1 = 2004-216T07:44:50 -22.23047
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:44:50 -72.08887
ANGLE 1 = 2004-216T07:45:00 -22.08984
ANGLE 2 = 2004-216T07:45:00 -71.93750
DATA_STOP
```

Figure D-12: TDM Example: Angle Data Only

```
CCSDS_TDM_VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by NASA/JPL Navigation System Engineering
CREATION DATE = 2005-282T23:00:00
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-274T12:00:00
STOP TIME = 2005-280T12:00:00
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-14
DATA_QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
COMMENT Elevation mapping function is Niell model
TROPO DRY = 2005-274T12:00:00 2.0526
TROPO DRY = 2005-275T12:00:00 2.0530
TROPO_DRY = 2005-276T12:00:00 2.0533
TROPO_DRY = 2005-277T12:00:00 2.0537
TROPO_DRY = 2005-278T12:00:00 2.0540
TROPO DRY = 2005-279T12:00:00 2.0544
TROPO DRY = 2005-280T12:00:00 2.0547
TROPO WET = 2005-274T12:00:00 0.1139
TROPO WET = 2005-275T12:00:00 0.1126
TROPO WET = 2005-276T12:00:00 0.1113
TROPO_WET = 2005-277T12:00:00 0.1099
TROPO WET = 2005-278T12:00:00 0.1086
TROPO_WET = 2005-279T12:00:00 0.1074
TROPO WET = 2005-280T12:00:00 0.1061
DATA_STOP
META START
COMMENT Line of vertical ionospheric calibration for yyyy-nnnA
COMMENT Time tags are end time of 15 minute measurement interval
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-280T21:45:00
STOP TIME = 2005-281T00:00:00
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-14
PARTICIPANT 2 = yyyy-nnnA
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 2, 1
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
STEC = 2005-280T21:45:00 23.1
STEC = 2005-280T22:00:00 22.8
STEC = 2005-280T22:15:00 23.2
STEC = 2005-280T22:30:00 24.4
STEC = 2005-280T22:45:00 23.6
STEC = 2005-280T23:00:00 22.4
STEC = 2005-280T23:15:00 22.6
STEC = 2005-280T23:30:00 24.6
STEC = 2005-280T23:45:00
                            24.0
STEC = 2005-281T00:00:00 22.2
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-13: TDM Example: Media Data Only

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
COMMENT JPL/DSN/Goldstone (DSS-10) weather for DOY 156, 2005
CREATION DATE = 2005-156T06:15:00
ORIGINATOR = NASA
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-156T00:03:00
STOP_TIME = 2005-156T06:03:00
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-10
DATA QUALITY = VALIDATED
META STOP
DATA START
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T00:03:00 302.95
PRESSURE = 2005-156T00:03:00 896.2
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T00:03:00 12.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T00:33:00 304.05
PRESSURE = 2005-156T00:33:00 895.9
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T00:33:00 11.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T01:03:00 302.55
PRESSURE = 2005-156T01:03:00 895.7
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T01:03:00 12.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T01:33:00 302.65
PRESSURE = 2005-156T01:33:00 895.7
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T01:33:00 11.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T02:03:00 301.55
PRESSURE = 2005-156T02:03:00 895.9
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T02:03:00 11.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T02:33:00 300.45
PRESSURE = 2005-156T02:33:00 895.9
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T02:33:00 12.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T03:03:00 299.55
PRESSURE = 2005-156T03:03:00 896.1
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T03:03:00 14.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T03:33:00 298.65
PRESSURE = 2005-156T03:33:00 896.2
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T03:33:00 15.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005 - 156T04:03:00 298.05
PRESSURE = 2005-156T04:03:00 896.4
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T04:03:00 17.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T04:33:00 297.15
PRESSURE = 2005-156T04:33:00 896.8
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T04:33:00 19.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T05:03:00 294.85
PRESSURE = 2005-156T05:03:00 897.3
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T05:03:00 21.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T05:33:00 293.95
PRESSURE = 2005-156T05:33:00 897.3
RHUMIDITY = 2005-156T05:33:00 23.0
TEMPERATURE = 2005-156T06:03:00 293.05
PRESSURE = 2005-156T06:03:00 897.3
           = 2005-156T06:03:00 25.0
RHUMIDITY
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-14: TDM Example: Meteorological Data Only

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL)
COMMENT The following are clock offsets, in seconds between the
COMMENT clocks at each DSN complex relative to UTC(NIST). The offset
COMMENT is a mean of readings using several GPS space vehicles in
COMMENT common view. Value is "station clock minus UTC".
CREATION DATE = 2005-161T15:45:00
ORTGINATOR = NASA
META START
COMMENT Note: SPC10 switched back to Maser1 from Maser2 on 2005-142
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-142T12:00:00
STOP_TIME = 2005-145T12:00:00
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-10
PARTICIPANT 2 = UTC-NIST
META STOP
DATA START

      CLOCK_BIAS
      =
      2005-142T12:00:00
      9.56e-7

      CLOCK_DRIFT
      =
      2005-142T12:00:00
      6.944e-14

      CLOCK_BIAS
      =
      2005-143T12:00:00
      9.62e-7

      CLOCK_DRIFT
      =
      2005-143T12:00:00
      9.62e-7

      CLOCK_DRIFT
      =
      2005-143T12:00:00
      -2.083e-13

      CLOCK_BIAS
      =
      2005-144T12:00:00
      -2.083e-13

CLOCK_BIAS = 2005-144T12:00:00
                                                            9.44e-7
CLOCK_DRIFT = 2005-144T12:00:00 -2.778e-13
CLOCK_BIAS = 2005-145T12:00:00 9.20e-7
                                                           9.20e-7
DATA STOP
META START
TIME_SYSTEM = UTC
START TIME = 2005-142T12:00:00
STOP TIME = 2005-145T12:00:00
PARTICIPANT_1 = DSS-40
PARTICIPANT_2 = UTC-NIST
META_STOP
DATA START

        CLOCK_BIAS
        =
        2005-142T12:00:00
        -7.40e-7

        CLOCK_DRIFT
        =
        2005-142T12:00:00
        -3.125e-13

        CLOCK_BIAS
        =
        2005-143T12:00:00
        -7.67e-7

CLOCK DRIFT = 2005-143T12:00:00
                                                           -1.620e-13
CLOCK_BIAS = 2005-144T12:00:00 -7.81e-7
CLOCK_DRIFT = 2005-144T12:00:00 -4.745e-13
CLOCK_BIAS = 2005-145T12:00:00 -8.22e-7
DATA STOP
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2005-142T12:00:00
STOP TIME = 2005-145T12:00:00
PARTICIPANT 1 = DSS-60
PARTICIPANT 2 = UTC-NIST
META STOP
DATA START

        CLOCK_DRIFT =
        2005-142T12:00:00
        -1.782e-6

        CLOCK_DRIFT =
        2005-142T12:00:00
        1.736e-13

        CLOCK_BIAS =
        2005-142T12:00:00
        1.736e-13

                                                               1.736e-13
CLOCK_DRIFT = 2005-143T12:00:00
CLOCK_BIAS = 2005-144T12:00:00
                                                              1.157e-14
                                                            -1.766e-6
CLOCK DRIFT = 2005-144T12:00:00
                                                             8.102e-14
CLOCK BIAS = 2005-145T12:00:00
                                                             -1.759e-6
DATA STOP
```

Figure D-15: TDM Example: Clock Bias/Drift Only

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
COMMENT All the angular data provided are free of any aberration effect.
CREATION DATE = 2012-10-30T20:00
ORIGINATOR = ESA
META_START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START_TIME = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02
STOP TIME = 2012-10-29T18:01:28.02
PARTICIPANT_1 = TFRM
PARTICIPANT 2 = TRACK NUMBER 001
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 2, 1
ANGLE TYPE = RADEC
REFERENCE FRAME = EME2000
MAG TYPE = APPARENT
META STOP
DATA START
ANGLE_1 = 2012-10-29117.30.00

ANGLE_2 = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02 -16

2010-10-29T17:46:39.02 12.1
ANGLE_1 = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02 332.2298750
                                                    -16.3028389

      ANGLE_1 = 2012-10-29T17:48:46.02
      332.7485833

      ANGLE_2 = 2012-10-29T17:48:46.02
      -16.1876917

        MAG
        =
        2012-10-29T17:48:46.02
        12.3

        ANGLE 1
        =
        2012-10-29T17:50:53.02
        333.2668750

        ANGLE_2
        =
        2012-10-29T17:50:53.02
        -16.0716806

MAG =
            2012-10-29T17:50:53.02 12.3
META START
TIME SYSTEM = UTC
START TIME = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02
STOP_TIME = 2012-10-29T18:01:28.02
PARTICIPANT 1 = TFRM
PARTICIPANT 2 = TRACK NUMBER 003
MODE = SEQUENTIAL
PATH = 2, 1
ANGLE TYPE = RADEC
REFERENCE_FRAME = EME2000
MAG TYPE = APPARENT
META STOP
DATA START
ANGLE_1 = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02 335.1698333
ANGLE_2 = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02 -17.7212861
MAG = 2012-10-29T17:46:39.02 11.8
ANGLE 1 = 2012-10-29T17:48:46.02 335.7062083
ANGLE 2 = 2012-10-29T17:48:46.02 -17.6950278
             2012-10-29T17:48:46.02 12.4
MAG =
ANGLE_1 = 2012-10-29T17:50:53.02 336.2425833
ANGLE_2 = 2012-10-29T17:50:53.02
MAG = 2012-10-29T17:50:53.02
                                                    -17.6673694
                                                   13.1
```

Figure D-16: TDM Example: Ground Based Optical Tracking with Magnitude

```
CCSDS TDM VERS = 2.0
 COMMENT Test file
 CREATION_DATE = 2011-05-12T00:00:00.000
 ORIGINATOR = ESA
 META START
 COMMENT
 TIME SYSTEM = UTC
 PARTICIPANT_1 = CAMRA
 PARTICIPANT 2 = CRYOSAT
 MODE = SEOUENTIAL
 PATH = 1, 2, 1
 EPHEMERIS_NAME = 3203_2013-11-09T23-02-30
 RANGE UNITS = km
 ANGLE TYPE = AZEL
 CORRECTION_RANGE = -1.48
 CORRECTIONS APPLIED = NO
 META STOP
 DATA START

      RANGE =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613
      2808.2696

      ANGLE 1 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613
      191.40208435

      ANGLE 2 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613
      25.44166756

 CARRIER_POWER = 2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613 -36.73723984

      CARRIER_POWER
      = 2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613
      -36.73723984

      RCS =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.2613
      2.984

      RANGE =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
      2803.1731

      ANGLE_1 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
      191.43959045

      ANGLE_2 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
      25.51874924

      CARRIER_POWER =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
      -35.88296509

      RCS =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
      2.992

      RANGE =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
      2799.8754

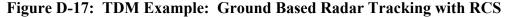
      ANGLE_1 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
      191.46458435

      ANGLE_2 =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
      25.56875038

      CARRIER_POWER =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
      25.56875038

      CARRIER_DOWER =
      2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
      25.56875038

                                                                                                                    25.56875038
-36.67897415
 CARRIER POWER = 2011-05-11T10:26:33.9686
 RCS =
                                       2011-05-11T10:26:33.7008
                                                                                                                  2.986
 DATA STOP
```



CCSDS TDM VERS=2.0 COMMENT TDM example created by yyyyy-nnnA Nav Team (NASA/JPL) CREATION DATE=2005-184T20:15:00 ORIGINATOR=NASA META START TIME SYSTEM=UTC START TIME=2005-184T11:12:23 STOP TIME=2005-184T13:59:43.27<u>11:12:32</u> PARTICIPANT 1=DSS-55 PARTICIPANT_2=yyyy-nnnA MODE=SEQUENTIAL PATH=1,2,1 INTEGRATION INTERVAL=1.0 INTEGRATION REF=MIDDLE FREQ OFFSET=0.0 INTERPOLATION = HERMITE INTERPOLATION DEGREE = 7 META STOP DATA START TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:23 71/51/5505.0101 14350346766.632946 7175173383.615373 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:24 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:25 21525520150.052719 TRANSMIT PHASE CT 1=2005-184T11:12:26 28700693531.874692
 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:27
 35875866917.098865

 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:28
 43051040300.725238

 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:29
 50226213683.753811
 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:30 57401387067.184584
 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:31
 64576560451.017557

 TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T11:12:32
 71751733834.252730
 DATA STOP META START TIME SYSTEM=UTC START TIME=2005-184T13:59:27.27 STOP TIME=2005-184T13:59:43.27 PARTICIPANT_1=DSS-55 PARTICIPANT 2=yyyy-nnnA MODE=SEQUENTIAL PATH=1,2,1 INTEGRATION INTERVAL=1.0 INTEGRATION REF=MIDDLE FREQ OFFSET=0.0 INTERPOLATION = HERMITE INTERPOLATION DEGREE = META STOP DATA START RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:27.27 8429753135.986102
 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:28.27
 16859502564.182670

 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:29.27
 25289251991.767397
 RECEIVE PHASE CT 1=2005-184T13:59:30.27 33719001418.790500 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:31.2742148750841.136752RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:32.2750578500270.875410RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:33.2759008249695.988553
 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:34.27
 67437999120.478486

 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:35.27
 75867748544.355482

 RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_1=2005-184T13:59:36.27
 84297497967.680710
 DATA STOP

Figure D-18: TDM Example: Two-Way Phase Data for Doppler Calculation

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<tdm xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
     xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="http://sanaregistry.org/r/ndmxml/ndmxml-1.0-
master.xsd"
     id="CCSDS TDM VERS" version="1.0">
   <header>
               <CREATION DATE>2007-094T23:53:59.659</CREATION DATE>
               <ORIGINATOR>NASA</ORIGINATOR>
  </header>
   <body>
      <segment>
         <metadata>
               <TIME SYSTEM>UTC</TIME SYSTEM>
               <partIcipant 1>'dss-25'</participant 1>
               <participant_2>Mysc</participant_2>
               <MODE>SEQUENTIAL</MODE>
               <PATH>1,2</PATH>
               <TRANSMIT BAND>X</TRANSMIT BAND>
        </metadata>
         <data>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:22:22.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ 1>7167941264.0</TRANSMIT FREQ 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:22:22.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>0.0</TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:23:30.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT_FREQ_1>7167941264.0</TRANSMIT_FREQ_1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:23:30.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>0.0</TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:23:38.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ 1>7167941264.0</TRANSMIT FREQ 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:23:38.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>0.0</TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:34:36.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ 1>7167941264.0</TRANSMIT FREQ 1>
           </observation>
            <observation>
               <EPOCH>2007-069T15:34:36.000</EPOCH>
               <TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>0.0</TRANSMIT FREQ RATE 1>
           </observation>
        </data>
     </segment>
  </body>
</tdm>
```

Figure D-19: TDM Example: XML Format

The following are some additional scenarios that are not currently considered in the example set, but could be included in later versions of the TDM:

- a) S/C-S/C crosslinks;
- b) Ground based transponder;
- c) 'DORIS';
- d) Arrayed downlink;
- e) Orbital debris example;
- f) Combination of radiometric types with media or meteorological data.

ANNEX E

INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

(INFORMATIVE)

- NOTE Normative references are provided in 1.5.
- [E1] Standard Frequencies and Time Signals. Volume 7 of Recommendations and Reports of the CCIR: XVIIth Plenary Assembly. Geneva: CCIR, 1990.
- [E2] Radio Metric and Orbit Data. Recommendation for Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 501.0-B-1-S. Historical Recommendation. Issue 1-S. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, January 1987.
- [E3] Catherine L. Thornton and James S. Border. *Radiometric Tracking Techniques for Deep-Space Navigation*. JPL Deep Space Communications and Navigation Series. Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley, February 2003.
- [E4] Theodore D. Moyer. Formulation for Observed and Computed Values of Deep Space Network Data Types for Navigation. JPL Deep Space Communications and Navigation Series. Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley, January 2003.
- [E5] Organization and Processes for the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems. CCSDS A02.1-Y-4. Yellow Book. Issue 4. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, April 2014.
- [E6] The Application of CCSDS Protocols to Secure Systems. Report Concerning Space Data System Standards, CCSDS 350.0-G-2. Green Book. Issue 2. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, January 2006.
- [E7] CCSDS Implementation Conformance Statements. Report Concerning Space Data System Standards, CCSDS A20.1-Y-1. Yellow Book. Issue 1. Washington, D.C.: CCSDS, April 2014.

ANNEX F

RATIONALE FOR TRACKING DATA MESSAGES

(INFORMATIVE)

F1 GENERAL

This annex presents the rationale behind the design of the Tracking Data Message. It may help the application engineer construct a suitable message. Corrections and/or additions to these requirements may occur during future updates.

A specification of requirements agreed to by all parties is essential to focus design and to ensure the product meets the needs of the Member Agencies. There are many ways of organizing requirements, but the categorization of requirements is not as important as the agreement to a sufficiently comprehensive set. In this section, the requirements are organized into three categories:

<u>Primary Requirements</u> - These are the most elementary and necessary requirements. They would exist no matter the context in which the CCSDS is operating, i.e., regardless of preexisting conditions within the CCSDS or its Member Agencies.

<u>Heritage Requirements</u> - These are additional requirements that derive from pre-existing Member Agency requirements, conditions, or needs. Ultimately these carry the same weight as the Primary Requirements. This Recommended Standard reflects heritage requirements pertaining to some of the technical participants' home institutions collected during the preparation of the Recommended Standard; it does not speculate on heritage requirements that could arise from other Member Agencies.

<u>Desirable Characteristics</u> - These are not requirements, but they are felt to be important or useful features of the Recommended Standard.

F2 PRIMARY REQUIREMENTS ACCEPTED FOR TRACKING DATA MESSAGES

ID	Requirement	Rationale	Trace
F-1-1	Data must be provided in digital form.	Facilitates computerized processing of TDMs.	3.1.1
F-1-2	The object being tracked must be clearly identified and unambiguous. ¹	Ensures proper processing of the tracking data in orbit determination.	3.3
F-1-3	All primary resources used in the tracking session must be clearly identified and unambiguous.		
F-1-4	Time measurements (time stamps, timetags, or epochs) must be provided in a commonly used, clearly specified system.	Fine measurements (time stamps, timetags, or epochs) must be provided in a commonly The CCSDS objective of promoting interoperability is not met if time	
F-1-5	The time bounds of the tracking data must be unambiguously specified.		
F-1-7	Tracking Data Messages must have means of being uniquely identified and clearly annotated.	If discussions of tracking file content are necessary, parties can ensure they are speaking of the same data.	3.2
F-1-9	The Tracking Data Message format shall be independent of the equipment that was used to perform the tracking.	The producer of a Tracking Data Message has knowledge of their network that may not be available to the user of the data.	3.4
F-1-10	Every tracking instrument shall have a defined reference location that could be defined in the ODM format, possibly extended to define spacecraft body-fixed axis. This reference location should not depend on the observing geometry.	The accuracy of orbit determination is highly dependent on accurately knowing the location of the tracking instruments.	3.4
F-1-11	The timetag of the tracking data shall always be unambiguously specified with respect to the measurement point or instrument reference point.	The accuracy of orbit determination is highly dependent on accurately knowing the time at which measurements are taken.	3.4
F-1-12	The observable shall be corrected with the best estimate of all known tracking instrument calibrations, such as pass- specific path delay calibrations between the reference point and the tracking equipment, if applicable.	has knowledge of their network that may not be available to the user of the data.	

Table F-1: Primary Requirements

¹ SANA may have upcoming standards in this area.

ID	Requirement	Rationale	<u>Trace</u>
F-1-13	The observable shall be converted to an equipment-independent quantity; e.g., frequencies shall be reported at the 'sky level' (i.e., actual transmitted/received frequencies).	The producer of a Tracking Data Message has knowledge of the details of the equipment in their network that may not be available to the user of the data.	3.4
F-1-14	The data transfer mechanism shall not place constraints on the tracking data content.	The tracking data measurements are taken prior to transfer from originator to user, so should not affect the data content.	3.1.8
F-1-15	The standard must provide for clear specification of units of measure.	Without clear specification of units of measure, mistakes can be made that involve the unit system in effect (e.g., Metric or Imperial) and/or orders of magnitude (e.g., meters or kilometers).	4.4, table <u>3-53-5</u> 3-5

Table F-2: Heritage Requirements

ID	Requirement	Rationale	Trace
F-2-1	The standard shall be, or must include, an ASCII format.	ASCII character-based messages promote interoperability. ASCII messages are useful in transferring data between heterogeneous computing systems, because the ASCII character set is nearly universally used and is interpretable by all popular systems. In addition, direct human-readable dumps of text to displays, emails, documents or printers are possible without preprocessing.	4.2
F-2-2	The standard shall not require software supplied by other agencies.	Provides the greatest flexibility to both the originator of a tracking data message and the consumer of the data.	3

Table F-3: Desirable Characteristics

ID	Requirement	Rationale	Trace
F-3-1	The standard should apply to non- traditional objects, such as landers, rovers, balloons, spacecraft-spacecraft tracking data exchange, etc.	There are many different types of spacecraft that are tracked by space agencies. The broader the applicability of the standard, the more useful it will be.	3.3, 3.4

ID	Requirement	Rationale	Trace
F-3-2	The standard should be extensible with no disruption to existing users/uses.	Space agencies and operators upgrade systems and processes on schedules that make sense for their organizations. In practice, some organizations will be early adopters but others will opt to wait until performance of a new version of the TDM has been proven in other operations facilities.	3.2
F-3-3	Keywords, values, and terminology in the TDM should be the same as those in the other CCSDS standards, where applicable.	Helps to ensure similar "look and feel" across the various CCSDS flight dynamics standards.	3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4
F-3-4	The standard shall not preclude an XML implementation.	The CCSDS Management Council (CMC) has indicated that the Navigation WG must produce standards that can be represented in XML.	3, 1.2.6<u>,</u> 5
F-3-5	Other corrections applied to the data, such as media corrections, should be agreed upon by the service-providing and the customer Agencies via an ICD.	The user of the data must know what types of corrections and calibrations have been applied to the data in order to process it correctly.	3.4

ANNEX G

SECURITY, SANA, AND PATENT CONSIDERATIONS

(INFORMATIVE)

G1 SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

A2.2A1.5 ANALYSIS OF SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

This section presents the results of an analysis of security considerations applied to the technologies specified in this Recommended Standard.

A2.3A1.6 CONSEQUENCES OF NOT APPLYING SECURITY TO THE TECHNOLOGY

The consequences of not applying security to the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented could include potential loss, corruption, and theft of data. Because these messages are used in spacecraft orbit determination analyses, the consequences of not applying security to the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented could include compromise or loss of the mission if malicious tampering of a particularly severe nature occurs.

A2.4A1.7 POTENTIAL THREATS AND ATTACK SCENARIOS

Potential threats or attack scenarios include, but are not limited to, (a) unauthorized access to the programs/processes that generate and interpret the messages, (b) unauthorized access to the messages during transmission between exchange partners and (c) modification of the messages between partners. Protection from unauthorized access during transmission is especially important if the mission utilizes open ground networks, such as the Internet, to provide ground-station connectivity for the exchange of data formatted in compliance with this Recommended Standard. It is strongly recommended that potential threats or attack scenarios applicable to the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented be addressed by the management of those systems and networks.

A2.5A1.8 DATA PRIVACY

Privacy of data formatted in compliance with the specifications of this Recommended Standard should be assured by the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented.

A2.6A1.9 DATA INTEGRITY

Integrity of data formatted in compliance with the specifications of this Recommended Standard should be assured by the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented.

A2.7A1.10 AUTHENTICATION OF COMMUNICATING ENTITIES

Authentication of communicating entities involved in the transport of data which complies with the specifications of this Recommended Standard should be provided by the systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented.

A2.8A1.11 DATA TRANSFER BETWEEN COMMUNICATING ENTITIES

The transfer of data formatted in compliance with this Recommended Standard between communicating entities should be accomplished via secure mechanisms approved by the Information Technology Security functionaries of exchange participants.

A2.9A1.12 CONTROL OF ACCESS TO RESOURCES

Control of access to resources should be managed by the systems upon which originator formatting and recipient processing are performed.

A2.10A1.13 AUDITING OF RESOURCE USAGE

Auditing of resource usage <u>will_should_be</u> handled by the management of systems and networks on which this Recommended Standard is implemented.

A2.11A1.14 UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS

Unauthorized access to the programs/processes that generate and interpret the messages should be prohibited in order to minimize potential threats and attack scenarios.

A2.12A1.15 DATA SECURITY IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFICS

Specific information-security interoperability provisions that may apply between agencies and other independent users involved in an exchange of data formatted in compliance with this Recommended Standard should be specified in an ICD.

G2 SANA CONSIDERATIONS

The following TDM related items will be registered with the SANA Operator.

- The registration rule for new entries in the registry is the approval of new requests by the CCSDS Area or Working Group responsible for the maintenance of the TDM at the time of the request. New requests for this registry should be sent to <u>the SANA</u> (mailto:info@sanaregistry.org)

(mailto:info@sanaregistry.org).

- The TDM XML schema;
- A transform from the TDM XML to the TDM KVN version (????); and
- Values for the ORIGINATOR keyword in http://sanaregistry.org/r/organizations/organizations.html . The CCSDS Navigation WG has no purview over the contents of this registry. Suggestions should be sent to the SANA Operator at info@sanaregistry.org .
- <u>=andspacecraft names and identifiers that appear as values for the PARTICIPANT_n</u> keywords in the TDM metadata.

G3 PATENT CONSIDERATIONS

The recommendations of this document have no patent issues.

ANNEX H

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

(INFORMATIVE)

ADM	Attitude Data Message
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AU	Astronomical Unit
AZEL	Azimuth-Elevation
CCIR	International Coordinating Committee for Radio Frequencies
CCSDS	Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems
Delta-DOR	Delta Differential One-Way Ranging
DOR	Differential One-Way Ranging
DORIS	Doppler Orbitography and Radiopositioning Integrated by Satellite
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
GPS	Global Positioning System
ICD	Interface Control Document
ICRF	International Celestial Reference Frame
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
К	Kelvin
KVN	Keyword = Value Notation
LIDAR	Light Detection and Ranging
MOIMS	Mission Operations and Information Management Services
N/A or n/a	Not Applicable / Not Available
ODM	Orbit Data Message
OEM	Orbit Ephemeris Message
OPM	Orbit Parameter Message
Pc/No	Carrier Power to Noise Spectral Density ratio

Pr/No	Ranging Power to Noise Spectral Density ratio
PRARE	Precise Range and Range Rate Equipment
RADEC	Right Ascension-Declination
RCS	Radar Cross Section
RINEX	Receiver Independent Exchange
RTLT	Round-Trip Light Time
SANA	Space Assigned Numbers Authority
SCLK	Spacecraft Clock
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
SLR	Satellite Laser Ranging
STEC	Slant Total Electron Count
TDM	Tracking Data Message
TEC	Total Electron Count
TECU	Total Electron Count Units
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
VLBI	Very Long Baseline Interferometry
XEYN	X:East, Y:North
XSYE	X:South, Y:East
XML	eXtensible Markup Language

ANNEX I

TDM SUMMARY SHEET

(INFORMATIVE)

The tables in the following pages of this annex show the association between data types and metadata keywords. There are only a few required metadata keywords, but many more that are applicable to one or more of the various data types. Additionally, there are some keywords that are only applicable in certain restricted situations. Finally, there are some metadata keywords that are completely optional. This summary may assist the user in constructing a TDM that captures the data from a specific measurement session.

	Range Data		Doppler Data		
Data Keywords [unit]	RANGE [km, s, or RU]	DOPPLER_INSTANTANEOUS [km/s]	RECEIVE_FREQ_n [Hz] TRANSMIT_FREQ_n [Hz] [Hz] <u>RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n</u> <u>TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n</u>	DOPPLER_INTEGRATED [km/s]	DOPPLER_COUNT
Required Metadata	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM RANGE_MODE RANGE_MODULUS RANGE_UNITS INTEGRATION_REF	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM TRANSMIT_FREQ_n * RECEIVE_FREQ *	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM INTEGRATION_INTERVAL INTEGRATION_REF TRANSMIT_FREQ_n * RECEIVE_FREQ *	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM DOPPLER_COUNT_SCALE DOPPLER_COUNT_BIAS DOPPLER_COUNT_ROLLO VER
Situationally Required Metadata	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_RANGE TIMETAG_REF	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_DOPPLER TIMETAG_REF	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_TRANSMIT CORRECTION_RECEIVE INTEGRATION_INTERVAL INTEGRATION_REF FREQ_OFFSET	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_DOPPLER TIMETAG_REF	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERAT OR TURNAROUND_DENOMIN ATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_DOPPLER TIMETAG_REF
Optional Metadata	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND INTEGRATION_INTERVAL	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME <u>EPHEMERIS_NAME</u> TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND

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	Range Data	Doppler Data		
Data Keywords [unit]	RANGE [km, s, or RU]	RECEIVE_FREQ_n_[Hz] TRANSMIT_FREQ_n_[Hz] [Hz] TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n [Hz/s] <u>RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n</u> <u>TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n</u>	DOPPLER_COUNT	
Required Metadata	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM RANGE_MODE RANGE_MODULUS RANGE_UNITS INTEGRATION_REF	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM DOPPLER_COUNT_SCALE DOPPLER_COUNT_BIAS DOPPLER_COUNT_ROLLOVER	
Situationally Required Metadata	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_RANGE TIMETAG_REF	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_TRANSMIT CORRECTION_RECEIVE INTEGRATION_INTERVAL INTEGRATION_REF FREQ_OFFSET INTERPOLATION INTERPOLATION_DEGREE	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_DOPPLER TIMETAG_REF	
Optional Metadata	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND INTEGRATION_INTERVAL	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND	

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1. MODE = SE	. MODE = SEQUENTIAL, described within PATH and PARTICIPANT_n				
c) Frequency in	idependent				
	Angle Data	Media Related Data	Optical Data		
Data Keywords [unit]	ANGLE_1 ANGLE_2 [deg]	STEC [TECU]	<u>MAG</u> <u>RCS [m**2]</u>		
Required Metadata	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM ANGLE_TYPE	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH TIME_SYSTEM MAG_TYPE		
Situationally Required Metadata	DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_ANGLE_1 CORRECTION_ANGLE_2 REFERENCE_FRAME	DATA_QUALITY	DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_MAG CORRECTION_RCS		
Optional Metadata	COMMENT DATA TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME RECEIVE_BAND	COMMENT DATA TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EHPEMERIS_NAME		

	Range Data	Doppler Data	VLBI Data	
Data Keywords [unit]	RANGE [km, s, or RU]	RECEIVE_FREQ_n_[Hz] TRANSMIT_FREQ_n[Hz] [Hz] TRANSMIT_FREQ_RATE_n [Hz/s] <u>RECEIVE_PHASE_CT_n</u> TRANSMIT_PHASE_CT_n	DOR [s]	VLBI_DELAY [s]
Required Metadata	META_STARTMETA_STOPMODEPARTICIPANT_nPATH_1PATH_2TIME_SYSTEMTRANSMIT_BANDRECEIVE_BANDRANGE_MODERANGE_MODULUSRANGE_UNITSINTEGRATION_REF	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH_1 PATH_2 TIME_SYSTEM TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND FREQ_OFFSET INTERPOLATION INTERPOLATION_DEGREE	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH_1 PATH_2 TIME_SYSTEM TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND RANGE_MODE RANGE_MODULUS TIMETAG_REF	META_START META_STOP MODE PARTICIPANT_n PATH_1 PATH_2 TIME_SYSTEM TRANSMIT_BAND RECEIVE_BAND RANGE_MODE RANGE_MODULUS TIMETAG_REF
Situationally Required Metadata	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_RANGE TIMETAG_REF	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n TURNAROUND_NUMERATOR TURNAROUND_DENOMINATOR DATA_QUALITY CORRECTIONS_APPLIED CORRECTION_TRANSMIT CORRECTION_RECEIVE INTEGRATION_INTERVAL INTEGRATION_REF FREQ_OFFSET	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n DATA_QUALITY	TRANSMIT_DELAY_n RECEIVE_DELAY_n DATA_QUALITY
Optional Metadata	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME INTEGRATION_INTERVAL	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME RANGE_UNITS	COMMENT DATA_TYPES START_TIME STOP_TIME EPHEMERIS_NAME RANGE_UNITS

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	Time Data	Media Related Data	Meteorological Data
Data	CLOCK BIAS	TROPO DRY/TROPO WET	PRESSURE
Keywords	[s]	[m]	[hPa]
[unit]	CLOCK DRIFT	[]	RHUMIDITY
	[s]		[%]
			TEMPERATURE
			[K]
Required	META_START	META_START	META_START
Metadata	META_STOP	META_STOP	META_STOP
	PARTICIPANT_n	PARTICIPANT_n	PARTICIPANT_n
	TIME_SYSTEM	TIME_SYSTEM	TIME_SYSTEM
Situationally	DATA_QUALITY	DATA_QUALITY	DATA_QUALITY
Required	_		_
Metadata			
Optional	COMMENT	COMMENT	COMMENT
Metadata	DATA_TYPES	DATA_TYPES	DATA_TYPES
	START_TIME	START_TIME	START_TIME
	STOP_TIME	STOP_TIME	STOP TIME